

# MCR-C-UI-UI-(450)-DCI(-NC) Configurable 3-Way Isolation Amplifier

### 1. Short Description

- Configurable inputs and outputs
- Signal conversion/amplification
- 3-way isolation
- Zero/span adjustment
- 17.5 mm ME housing

MCR 3-way isolation amplifiers are used to electrically isolate and convert analog signals.

The modules provide electrical isolation of standard analog signals. The module input and output are supplied via integrated DC/DC converters, which are electrically isolated from the mains (3-way isolation, Fig. 1).

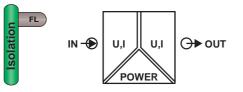


Fig. 1

The auxiliary voltage required is indicated by a green power LED. It is thus clearly visible whether or not the auxiliary voltage is available.

The MCR modules ensure the safe decoupling of a sensor circuit from the evaluation circuit and also prevent the negative effects of several sensor circuits connected with one another. 3-way isolation enables the universal use of modules both locally and close to the control system for signal conversion and electrical isolation as well as on the transmission path for jumpering high load resistors.

Two sealed potentiometers that can be accessed on the front of the module enable zero point (zero) adjustment and amplification (span) in order to carry out a measured distance adjustment.

The desired configuration to which the device is to be adjusted must be specified when placing an order (see order example and combination table). If no

specification is given according to the specified order example, (page 4), the devices are supplied with the



Fig. 2

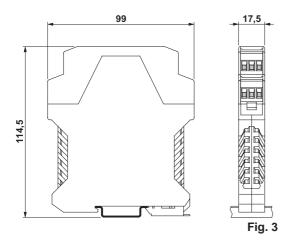
standard configuration (input signal 0...10 V, output signal 0...10 V).

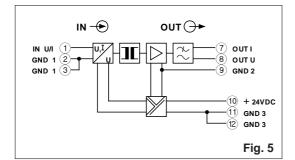
DIP switches can be used to configure the inputs and outputs of the isolation amplifier so that more than 200 signal conversions can be set.

The analog signals are converted and electrically isolated using an inductive transmission method. In addition, a filter connected downstream of the transmitter minimizes interference.

MCR 3-way modules can be snapped onto symmetrical DIN rails according to EN 50 022. The signal lines are securely connected to the module via plug-in screw connections and are clearly labeled.

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MCR-C-UI-UI-DCI with configurable input and output

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		-			
	Solid [mn	Stranded n <sup>2</sup> ]	AWG		

Connection data 0.2 - 2.5 0.2 - 2.5 25 - 14

2. Description	Туре	Order No.	⊃ <u>cs.</u> Pkt.
MCR 3-way isolator, for the electrical isolation of analog signals	MCR-C-UI-UI-DCI <sup>1)</sup> MCR-C-UI-UI-DCI-NC		1 1
MCR 3-way isolator, as above, but with limit frequency (3 dB) 450 Hz	MCR-C-UI-UI-450-DCI <sup>1)</sup>	28 10 88 7	1
2.1. Technical Data			
Input Input signal Possible adjustment: Offset Amplification Maximum input signal Input resistance	010 V, please specify other set ±2% ±2% 30 V or 50 mA 1 MΩ at U input 50 Ω at I input	ting when placing an order	
<b>Output</b> Output signal Maximum output signal Load	010 V, please specify other set 15 V or 30 mA ≥ 10 kΩ at U output ≤ 500 Ω at I output	ting when placing an order	
2.2. General Data	MCR-C-UI-UI-DCI(-NC)	MCR-C-UI-UI-450-DCI	
Supply voltage Current consumption (without load) Transmission error Temperature coefficient Limit frequency (3 dB) Response time (10 - 90%) Test voltage: Input/output Auxiliary voltage/signal Protective circuit Ambient operating temperature range Connection method Mounting position/mounting Dimensions (W x H x D) Cable cross section Housing material	1830 V < 30 mA 0.1% of the final value 0.0075%/K 30 Hz 11 ms 1.5 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min. 1 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min. Transient protection -20°C to +65°C Plug-in COMBICON screw terminal block Any (17.5 x 99 x 114.5) mm 0.2 - 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (25 - 14 AWG) Polyamide PA, not reinforced	1830 V < 30 mA 0.1% of the final value 0.0075%/K 450 Hz 0.8 ms 1.5 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min. 1 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min. Transient protection -20°C to +65°C Plug-in COMBICON screw terminal block Any (17.5 x 99 x 114.5) mm 0.2 - 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (25 - 14 AW Polyamide PA, not reinforc	
Approvals	و الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	2-98HH, environmental categor	y D,

 If you have not made any other specifications for the configuration, the device is supplied in the standard configuration (see order key, page 4).

Order No. 28 10 91 3

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2) Only MCR-C-UI-UI-DCI

#### 2.3. EMC Electromagnetic Compatibility



# Conformance With EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC

Noise Immunity According to 50082-2		
Electrostatic discharge     (ESD)	EN 61000-4-2	Criterion B 8 kV air discharge
Electromagnetic HF field: Amplitude modulation Pulse modulation	EN 61000-4-3	Criterion A 10 V/m 10 V/m
• Fast transients (burst)	EN 61000-4-4	Criterion B I/O/S <sup>1)</sup> : 2 kV/5 kHz
Surge current loads     (surge)	EN 61000-4-5	Criterion B I/O <sup>1)</sup> : 2 kV/42 Ω
Conducted interference	EN 61000-4-6	Criterion A I/O/S <sup>1)</sup> : 10 V
Noise emission according to EN50081	EN 55011	Class A

EN 61000 corresponds to IEC 1000 EN 55011 corresponds to CISPR11

1) I  $\triangleq$  Input/O  $\triangleq$  Output/S  $\triangleq$  Supply

2.4. Approva

Criterion A: Normal operating characteristics within the specified limits.

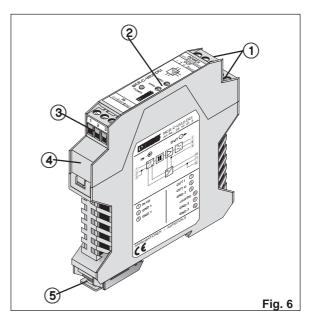
Criterion B: Temporary adverse effects on the operating characteristics which the device corrects automatically.

Class A: Industrial application, without special installation measures.

والله الله PROCESS CONTROL EQUIPMENT FOR HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS 31ZN LISTED
Cl. I, Zn. 2, AEx nC IIC T6 / Ex nC IIC T6 Cl. I Div. 2, Groups A, B, C and D
<ul> <li>A) This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D or non-hazardous locations only.</li> <li>B) Warning - explosion hazard - substitution of components may impair suitability for Class 1, Division 2.</li> <li>C) Warning - explosion hazard - do not disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.</li> </ul>

#### 2.5. Connection Diagram MCR 3-Way Isolation Amplifier, Configurable

- 1 Plug-in screw terminal blocks (power supply, signal output)
- 2 ZERO/SPAN potentiometer
- ③ Plug-in screw terminal block (signal input)
- ④ Upper housing part, can be removed to set DIP switches
- (5) Metal lock for fastening on the DIN rail



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## 3. Order Key

					Output				
Input	0 - 10 V	±10 V	0 - 5 V	±5 V	1 - 5 V	0 - 5 mA	0 - 10 mA	0 - 20 mA	4 - 20 mA
0 - 60 mV	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 100 mV	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 200 mV	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 300 mV	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 500 mV	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
0 - 1 V	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
0 - 2 V	х	х	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 2.5 V	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 5 V	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 10 V	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	х	х
0 - 20 V	х	х	х	x	x	x	х	х	х
±60 mV	х	x	x	x			x	x	
±100 mV	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±200 mV	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±300 mV	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±500 mV	х	х	х	х			x	х	
±1 V	х	x	x	x			x	x	
±2 V	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±2.5 V	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±5 V	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±10 V	x	х	x	x			x	x	
±20 V	х	х	х	х			x	х	
0 - 5 mA	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
0 - 10 mA	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
0 - 20 mA	х	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	х
. E m A									
±5 mA	x	x	X	X			X	X	
±10 mA	x	x	x	X			x	x	
±20 mA	x	x	x	x			x	x	
1-5V	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x
4 - 20 mA	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x

#### 3.1. Combination Table for Input and Output Signals

Additional ranges can be provided on request.

# 3.2. Order Key for MCR-C-UI-UI-...

Order No.	Input Signal	Output Signal
28 10 91 3	IN03	OUT03
28 10 91 3	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{IN03} \\ \hline \textbf{IN0} \triangleq 020 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \textbf{IN0} \triangleq 420 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \textbf{IN0} \triangleq 05 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN0} \triangleq 05 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN0} \triangleq 15 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq - \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq -100+100 \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq -200+200 \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq -300+300 \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq -500+500 \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq -500+500 \\ \hline \textbf{IN1} \triangleq -5+5 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq -2+5 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq -2+5 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq -10+10 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq -2+5 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq -00 \text{ mV} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq 0300 \text{ mV} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq 0300 \text{ mV} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq 020 \text{ mV} \\ \hline \textbf{IN2} \triangleq 020 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN3} \triangleq 020 \text{ V} \\ \hline \textbf{IN3} \triangleq -20+10 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \textbf{IN3} \triangleq -20+20 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \textbf{IN3} \triangleq 05 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \textbf{IN3} \triangleq 010 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{array}$	OUT0 ≅ 020 mA OUT0 ≅ 020 mA OUT0 ≘ 010 V OUT0 ≘ 05 V OUT0 ≘ 15 V OUT1 ≘ -5+5 V OUT1 ≘ -10+10 V OUT1 ≘ 05 mA OUT1 ≘ 010 mA
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# 3.3 Order Example for MCR-C-UI-UI-450-DCI Order No. Input Signal 28 10 88 7 IN03

The standard configuration will be supplied if customer order details are incorrect or not provided (provided in the order key as an example).

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#### 4. Connection Notes

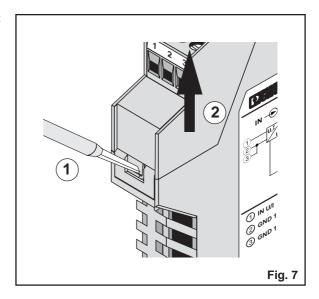
#### 4.1. Default:

The 3-way isolation amplifier is set and supplied with sealed potentiometers. The set configuration is handwritten on the label on the side.

#### 4.2. Configuration

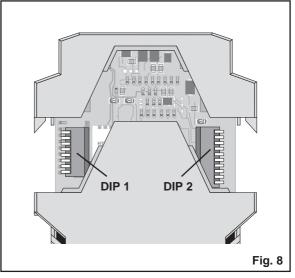
#### 4.2.1. Opening the Device (Fig. 7)

The fastenings on both sides of the upper housing part can be released using a screwdriver ①. The upper housing part and the electronics can now be pulled out about 3 cm.



#### 4.2.2. Changing the Configuration

Set the desired **input** range with DIP switch **DIP 1** and the **output** range with DIP switch **DIP 2** (see Fig. 8) using the relevant table.



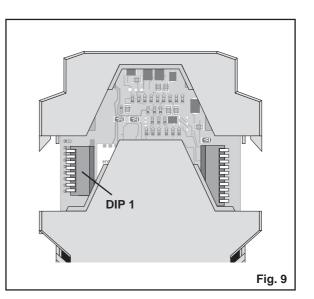
#### 4.3. Specifying the Signal Ranges

#### 4.3.1.Input SignalRange (DIP 1)

Select one of the possible input signal ranges by appropriately configuring DIP switch DIP 1 according to Table 1.

Exception: Bipolar input signals are not permitted for output signal ranges 4...20 mA and 1...5 V (see Tables 4/6, pages 9/10).

Table 1			DIF	P Switc	h DIP 1	1		
Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
060 mV 0100 mV 0200 mV 0300 mV 0500 mV		ON ON ON	ON ON			ON ON ON	ON ON ON	ON ON
01 V 02 V 02.5 V 05 V 010 V 020 V		ON	ON ON	ON ON	ON	ON ON		
±60 mV ±100 mV ±200 mV ±300 mV ±500 mV		ON ON ON	ON ON			ON ON ON	ON ON ON	ON ON
±1 V ±2 V ±2.5 V ±5 V ±10 V ±20 V		ON	ON ON	ON ON	ON	ON ON		
05 mA 010 mA 020 mA	ON ON ON	ON	ON	ON		ON ON ON	ON	ON
±5 mA ±10 mA ±20 mA	ON ON ON	ON	ON	ON		ON ON ON	ON	ON
15 V			ON					
420 mA	ON		ON			ON		



**4.3.2. Output (DIP 2) With Easy Adjustment** (0...5 V/0...10 V Output) Set the output range via DIP switch DIP 2. Observe the selected input range. Specify a start value and final value for the input signal with a calibration source. Adjust the corresponding output value using a digital multimeter (see Table 2).

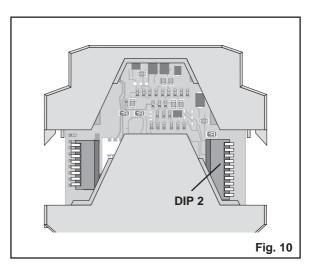


Table 2					put 0												10				
Input	1	2	3	4 4	5 5	6	7	8	9	10	Input	1	2	3	4	5	6 6	7	8	9	10
060 mV			ON			ON					060 mV			ON		ON	ON				
0100 mV			ON			ON					0100 mV			ON		ON	ON				
0200 mV			ON			ON					0200 mV			ON		ON	ON				
0300 mV			ON			ON					0300 mV			ON		ON	ON				
0500 mV			ON			ON					0500 mV			ON		ON	ON				
01 V			ON			ON					01 V			ON		ON	ON				
02 V			ON			ON					02 V			ON		ON	ON				
02.5 V			ON			ON					02.5 V			ON		ON	ON				
05 V			ON			ON					05 V			ON		ON	ON				
010 V			ON			ON					010 V			ON		ON	ON				
020 V			ON			ON					020 V			ON		ON	ON				
±60 mV		ON		ON			ON				±60 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±100 mV		ON		ON			ON				±100 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±200 mV		ON		ON			ON				±200 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±300 mV		ON		ON			ON				±300 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±500 mV		ON		ON			ON				±500 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±1 V		ON		ON			ON				±1 V		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±2 V		ON		ON			ON				±2 V		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±2.5 V		ON		ON			ON				±2.5 V		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±5 V		ON		ON			ON				±5 V		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±10 V		ON		ON			ON				±10 V		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±20 V		ON		ON			ON				±20 V		ON		ON	ON		ON			
05 mA			ON			ON					05 mA			ON		ON	ON				
010 mA			ON			ON					010 mA			ON		ON	ON				
020 mA			ON			ON					020 mA			ON		ON	ON				
020 11/1												-									+
±5 mA		ON		ON			ON				±5 mA		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±10 mA		ON		ON			ON				±10 mA		ON		ON	ON		ON			
±20 mA		ON		ON			ON				±20 mA		ON		ON	ON		ON			
15 V								ON			15 V					ON			ON		
420 mA								ON			420 mA					ON			ON		

Adjustment

Following Specification of the

Specification of the Start Value and Final Value on:	Output 05 V	Output 010 V
ZERO potentiometer	0 V ±0.5 mV	0 V ±0.5 mV
SPAN potentiometer	5 V ±0.5 mV	10 V ±0.5 mV

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4.3.3. Output with Adjustment Point Calculation (±5 V/±10 V/1...5 V/0...5; 10; 20 mA/4...20 mA)

- Set the output range via DIP switch DIP 2.
- Observe the selected input range.
- Specify the start value and final value of the input signal with a calibration source.
- Record the measured output value using a digital multimeter.

#### **Output signal range:**

± 5 V, ±10 V,	15 V, 420 mA,	0	20 mA
Default (Input)	Measured Value (Output)	Default (Input)	Measured Value (Output)
Start value	MW 1	Start value +1 of the range	0% MW 1
Final value	MW 2	Final value	MW 2

#### Calculation of FS Adjustment Point A

A = MW 2 x Constant MW 2 - MW 1

For the constant values, the output final value, and the adjustment tolerance, please refer to Tables 3 - 5, pages 8 - 9.

#### Adjustment:

• Specify the final value of the input signal range with the calibration source.

#### SPAN potentiometer: FS adjustment point A ± adjustment tolerance

• ZERO potentiometer: Output final value ± adjustment tolerance

Table 3				Out	put ±	5 V									Out	put ±1	0 V				
Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
060 mV	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	060 mV	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
0100 mV	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	0100 mV	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
0200 mV	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	0200 mV	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
0300 mV	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	0300 mV	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
0500 mV	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	0500 mV	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
01 V	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	01 V	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
02 V	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	02 V	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
02.5 V	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	02.5 V	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
05 V	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	05 V	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
010 V	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	010 V	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
020 V	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	020 V	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
±60 mV			ON			ON					±60 mV			ON		ON	ON				
±100 mV			ON			ON					±100 mV			ON		ON	ON				
±200 mV			ON			ON					±200 mV			ON		ON	ON				
±300 mV			ON			ON					±300 mV			ON		ON	ON				
±500 mV			ON			ON					±500 mV			ON		ON	ON				
±1 V			ON			ON					±1 V			ON		ON	ON				
±2 V			ON			ON					±2 V			ON		ON	ON				
±2.5 V			ON			ON					±2.5 V			ON		ON	ON				
±5 V			ON			ON					±5 V			ON		ON	ON				
±10 V			ON			ON					±10 V			ON		ON	ON				
±20 V			ON			ON					±20 V			ON		ON	ON				
05 mA	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	05 mA	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
010 mA	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	010 mA	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
020 mA	ON		ON					ON	ON	ON	020 mA	ON		ON		ON			ON	ON	ON
±5 mA			ON			ON					±5 mA			ON		ON	ON				
±10 mA			ON			ON					±10 mA			ON		ON	ON				
±20 mA			ON			ON					±20 mA			ON		ON	ON				
15 V	ON							ON	ON		15 V	ON				ON			ON	ON	
420 mA	ON							ON	ON		420 mA	ON				ON			ON	ON	

tput 15 V Switch DI 5 6			9	10	0
Switch DI	IP 2	8	9	10	0 0 0
					- 0
					0
					0
					0
	_		_	_	±
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					±
					т ±
					±
					±
					±
					±
					±
		-		_	±
ON	1				0
0	1				0
				ON	

Table 5	Table 5 Output 010 mA DIP Switch DIP 2									
Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
060 mV 0100 mV 0200 mV 0300 mV 0500 mV			ON ON ON ON			ON ON ON ON				
01 V 02 V 02.5 V 05 V 010 V 020 V			ON ON ON ON ON			ON ON ON ON ON				
±60 mV ±100 mV ±200 mV ±300 mV ±500 mV		ON ON ON ON ON		ON ON ON ON ON			ON ON ON ON ON			
±1 V ±2 V ±2.5 V ±5 V ±10 V ±20 V		ON ON ON ON ON		ON ON ON ON ON			ON ON ON ON ON			
05 mA 010 mA 020 mA			ON ON ON			ON ON ON				
±5 mA ±10 mA ±20 mA		ON ON ON		ON ON ON			ON ON ON			
15 V								ON		
420 mA								ON		

	Output 15 V				
Constant	4 V				
Output final value	5 V				
Adjustment tolerance	±1 mV				

Table 5	Output 0…5 mA DIP Switch DIP 2									
Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
060 mV		ON		ON		ON				
0100 mV		ON		ON		ON				
0200 mV		ON		ON		ON				
0300 mV		ON		ON		ON				
0500 mV		ON		ON		ON				
01 V		ON		ON		ON				
02 V		ON		ON		ON				
02.5 V		ON		ON		ON				
05 V		ON		ON		ON				
010 V		ON		ON		ON				
020 V		ON		ON		ON				
05 mA		ON		ON		ON				
010 mA		ON		ON		ON				
020 mA		ON		ON		ON				

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Table 6					)20 tch Di											20 ch Dl					
Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Input	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
060 mV			ON		ON	ON					060 mV	ON			ON	ON					
0100 mV			ON		ON	ON					0100 mV	ON			ON	ON					
0200 mV			ON		ON	ON					0200 mV	ON			ON	ON					
0300 mV			ON		ON	ON					0300 mV	ON			ON	ON					
0500 mV			ON		ON	ON					0500 mV	ON			ON	ON					
01 V			ON		ON	ON					01 V	ON			ON	ON					
01 V 02 V			ON		ON	ON					02 V	ON			ON	ON					
02 V 02.5 V			ON		ON	ON					02 V	ON			ON	ON					
05 V			ON		ON	ON					05 V	ON			ON	ON					
010 V			ON		ON	ON					010 V	ON			ON	ON					
020 V			ON		ON	ON					020 V	ON			ON	ON					
±60 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON				±60 mV										
±100 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON				±100 mV										
±200 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON				±200 mV										
±300 mV		ON		ON	ON		ON				±300 mV										
±500 mV	_	ON		ON	ON		ON				±500 mV										
±1 V		ON		ON	ON		ON				±1 V										
±2 V		ON		ON	ON		ON				±2 V										
±2.5 V		ON		ON	ON		ON				±2.5 V										
±5 V		ON		ON	ON		ON				±5 V										
±10 V		ON		ON	ON		ON				±10 V										
±20 V		ON		ON	ON		ON				±20 V										
05 mA			ON		ON	ON					05 mA	ON			ON	ON					
010 mA			ON		ON	ON					010 mA	ON			ON	ON					
020 mA			ON		ON	ON					020 mA	ON			ON	ON					
020 IIIA																				-	
±5 mA		ON		ON	ON		ON				±5 mA										
±10 mA		ON		ON	ON		ON				±10 mA										
±20 mA		ON		ON	ON		ON				±20 mA										
15 V					ON			ON			15 V			ON		ON	ON				
420 mA					ON			ON			420 mA			ON		ON	ON				

	Output 020 mA	Output 420 mA
Constant	18 mA	16 mA
Output final value	20 mA	20 mA
Adjustment tolerance	±1 μA	±1 μA

#### 4.4. Adjustment

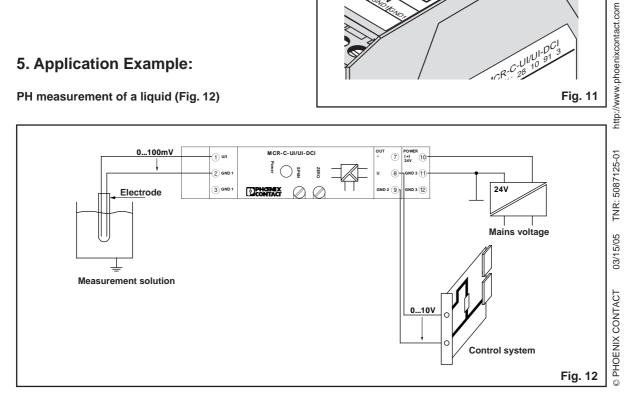
Adjust the module using two potentiometers (see Fig. 11).

• ZERO potentiometer: Zero point adjustment • SPAN potentiometer: Final value adjustment

> Allow the module to warm up for two minutes

#### 5. Application Example:

PH measurement of a liquid (Fig. 12)



CR-C-UI/UI-DCI 10 91 3 CR-C 28 10 91 3

Fig. 11