

# RA2E1 Group

Evaluation Kit for RA2E1 Microcontroller Group  
EK-RA2E1 v1  
User's Manual

Renesas RA Family  
RA2 Series

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1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

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2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.
3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
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Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.
5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).
7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a Microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system evaluation test for the given product.

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This Evaluation Kit is only intended for use in a laboratory environment under ambient temperature and humidity conditions. A safe separation distance should be used between this and any sensitive equipment. Its use outside the laboratory, classroom, study area, or similar such area invalidates conformity with the protection requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive and could lead to prosecution.

The product generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference to radio communications. There is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment causes harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off or on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Ensure attached cables do not lie across the equipment.
- Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that which the receiver is connected.
- Power down the equipment when not in use.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Note: It is recommended that wherever possible shielded interface cables are used.

The product is potentially susceptible to certain EMC phenomena. To mitigate against them it is recommended that the following measures be undertaken:

- The user is advised that mobile phones should not be used within 10 m of the product when in use.
- The user is advised to take ESD precautions when handling the equipment.

The Evaluation Kit does not represent an ideal reference design for an end product and does not fulfil the regulatory standards for an end product.

## Renesas RA Family

**EK-RA2E1 v1**
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## 1. Kit Overview

The EK-RA2E1, Evaluation Kit for RA2E1 MCU Group, enables users to seamlessly evaluate the features of the RA2E1 MCU group and develop embedded systems applications using Flexible Software Package (FSP) and e<sup>2</sup> studio IDE. The users can utilize rich on-board features along with their choice of popular ecosystems add-ons to bring their big ideas to life.

The key features of the EK-RA2E1 board are categorized in three groups (consistent with the architecture of the kit) as follows:

### MCU Native Pin Access

- R7FA2E1A92DFM MCU (referred to as RA MCU)
- 48 MHz, Arm® Cortex®-M23 core
- 128 kB Code Flash, 16 kB SRAM
- 64 pins, LQFP package
- Native pin access through 1 x 40-pin and 2 x 14-pin male headers
- MCU current measurement points for precision current consumption measurement
- Multiple clock sources - RA MCU oscillator and sub-clock oscillator crystals, providing precision 24.000 MHz and 32,768 Hz reference clock. Additional low-precision clocks are available internal to the RA MCU

### System Control and Ecosystem Access

- Two 5 V input sources
  - USB (Debug)
  - External power supply (using surface mount clamp test points and power input vias)
- Three Debug modes
  - Debug on-board (SWD)
  - Debug in (ETM, SWD, and JTAG)
  - Debug out (SWD)
- User LEDs and buttons
  - Three User LEDs (red, blue, green)
  - Power LED (white) indicating availability of regulated power
  - Debug LED (yellow) indicating the debug connection
  - Two User buttons
  - One Reset button
- Five most popular ecosystems expansions
  - 2 Seeed Grove® system (I2C/Analog) connectors
  - SparkFun® Qwiic® connector
  - 2 Digilent Pmod™ (SPI and UART) connectors
  - Arduino™ (Uno R3) connector
  - MikroElektronika™ mikroBUS connector
- MCU boot configuration jumper



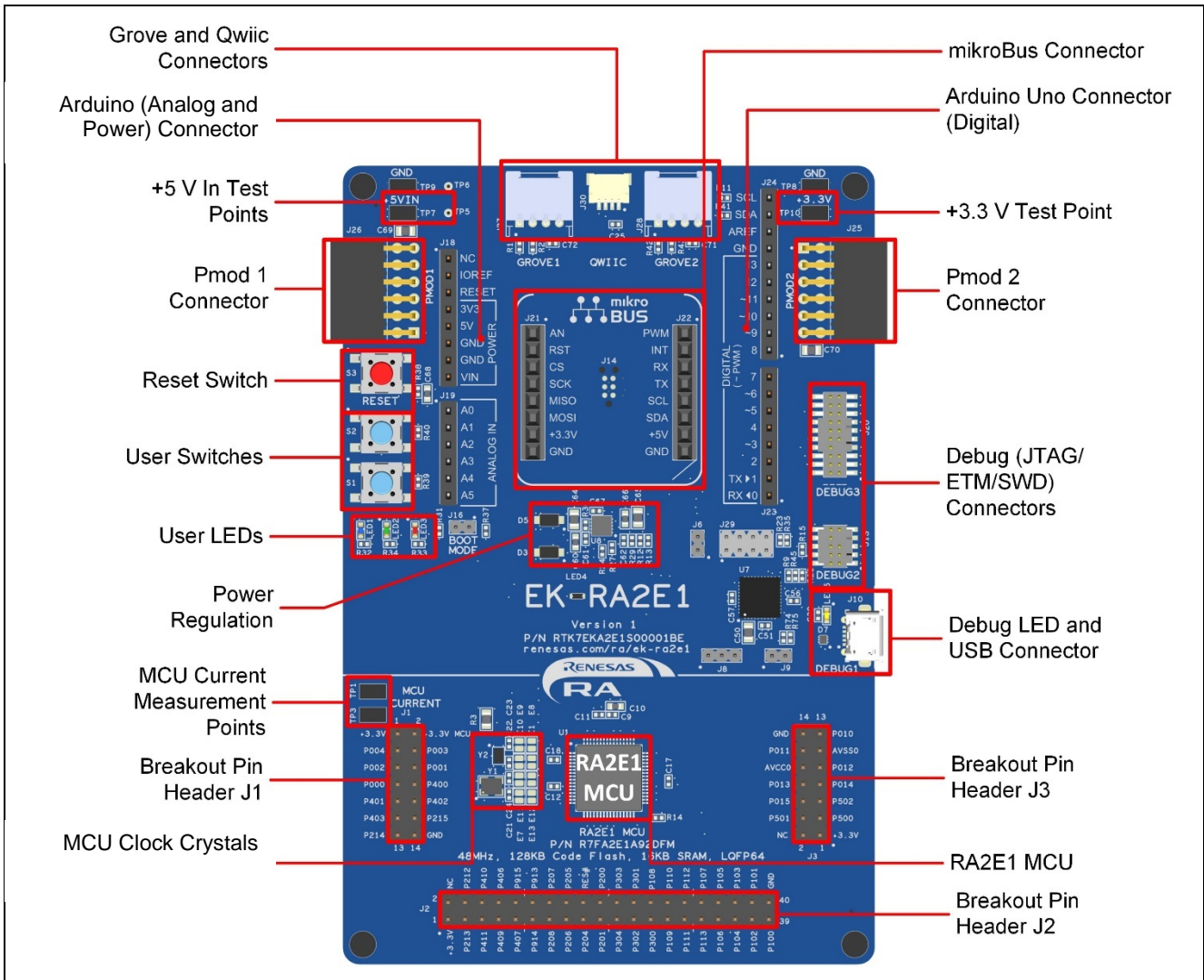


Figure 1. EK-RA2E1 Board Top Side

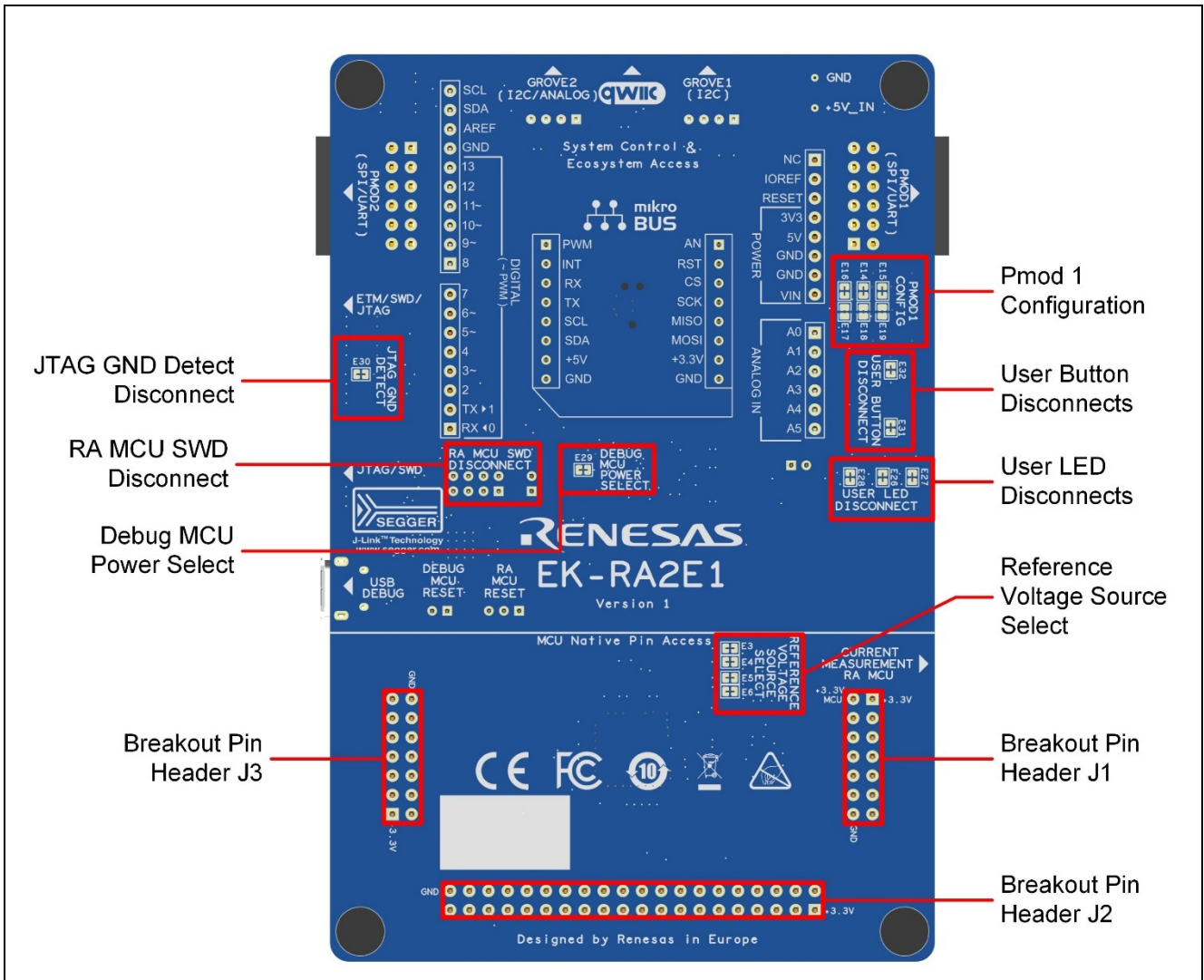


Figure 2. EK-RA2E1 Board Bottom Side

### 1.1 Assumptions and Advisory Notes

1. It is assumed that the user has basic understanding of microcontrollers and embedded systems hardware.
2. It is recommended that the user refers to the *EK-RA2E1 Quick Start Guide* to get acquainted with the kit and the Quick Start example project that EK-RA2E1 board comes pre-programmed with.
3. Flexible Software Package (FSP) and Integrated Development Environment (IDE) such as e<sup>2</sup> studio are required to develop embedded applications on EK-RA2E1 kit.
4. Instructions to download and install software, import example projects, build them and program the EK-RA2E1 board are provided in the quick start guide.

## 2. Kit Contents

The following components are included in the kit:

1. EK-RA2E1 v1 board
2. Micro USB device cable (type-A male to micro-B male)

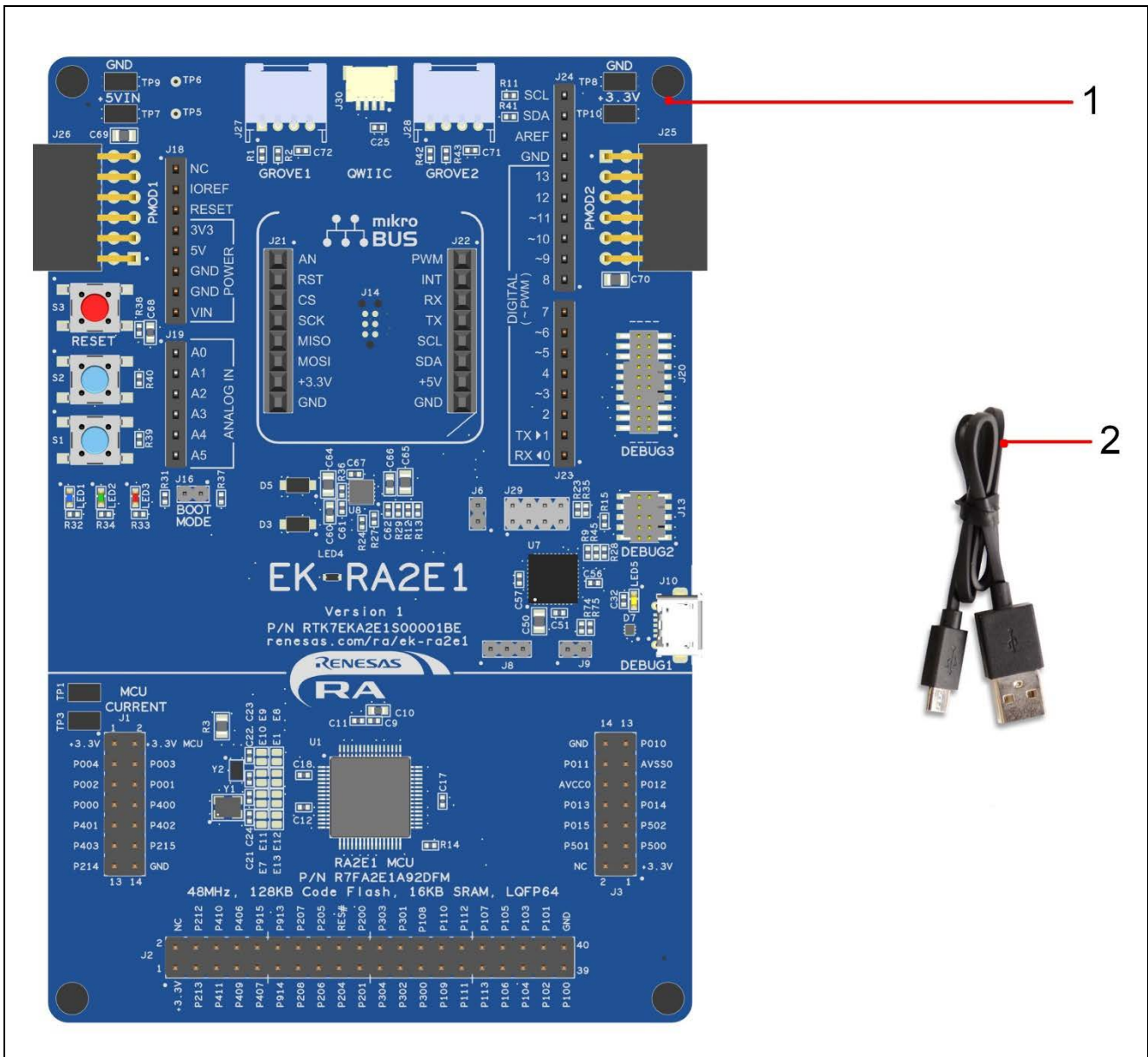


Figure 3. EK-RA2E1 Kit Contents

## 3. Kit Ordering Information

- EK-RA2E1 v1 kit orderable part number: RTK7EKA2E1S00001BE  
 Note: The underlined character in the orderable part number represents the kit version.
- EK-RA2E1 board dimensions: 80 mm (width) x 120 mm (length)

## 4. Hardware Architecture and Default Configuration

### 4.1 Kit Architecture

The EK-RA2E1 board is designed with two of three sections or areas to help shorten the learning curve of the users and maximize the design and knowledge reuse among similar kits. The contents of these three areas are conceptually standardized among similar kits.

Kit area	Area features	Area present on all similar kits	Functionality is:
MCU Native Pin Access Area	RA MCU, breakout pin headers for all MCU I/O and power, current measurement	Yes	MCU dependent
Special Feature Access Area (not present on EK-RA2E1)	MCU special features: None	Optional	MCU dependent
System Control and Ecosystem Access Area	Power, Debug MCU, User LED and buttons, reset, ecosystem connectors, USB Full Speed Host and Device, Boot configuration	Yes	Same or similar across similar kits

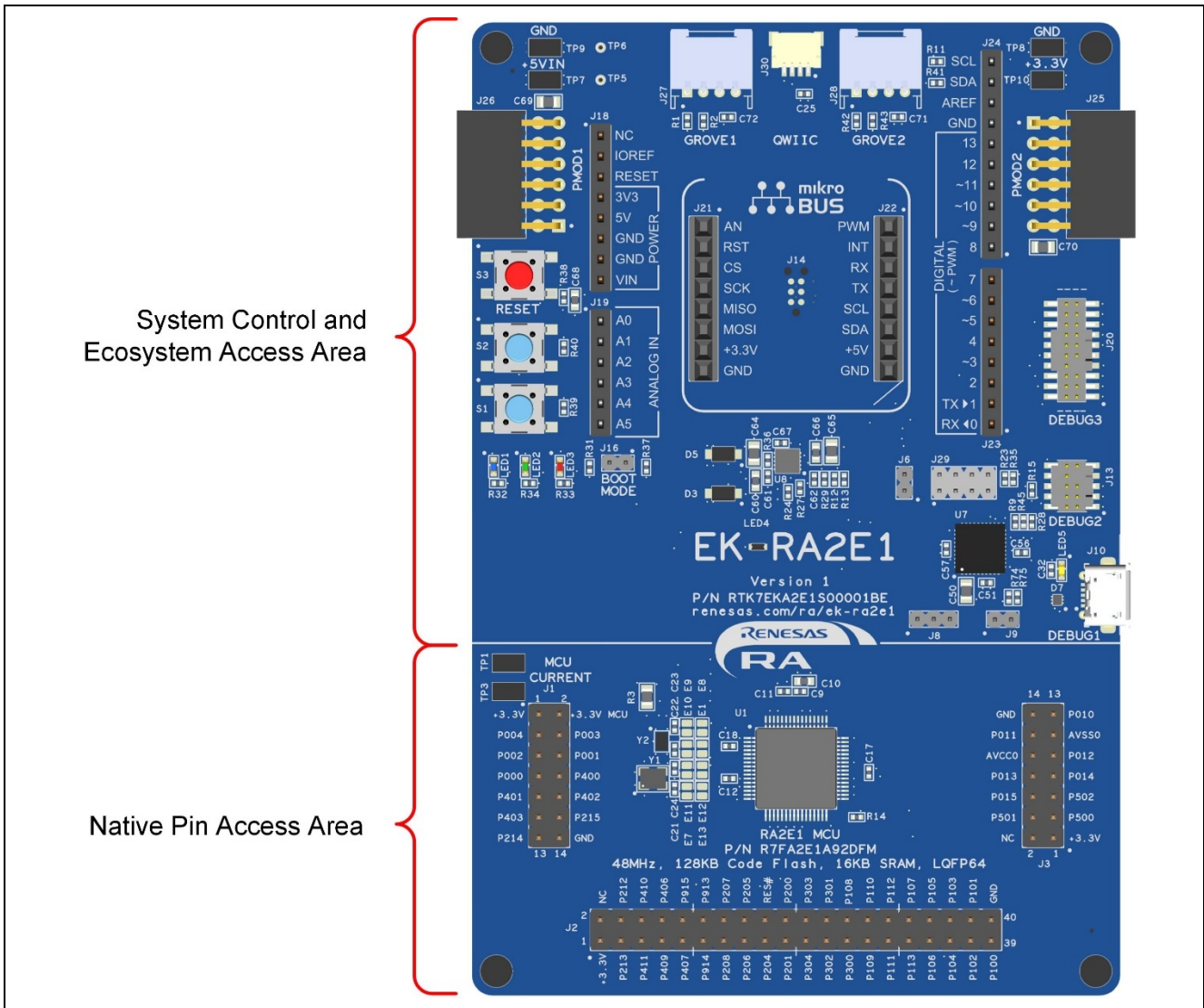


Figure 4. EK-RA2E1 Board Functional Area Definitions

4.2 System Block Diagram

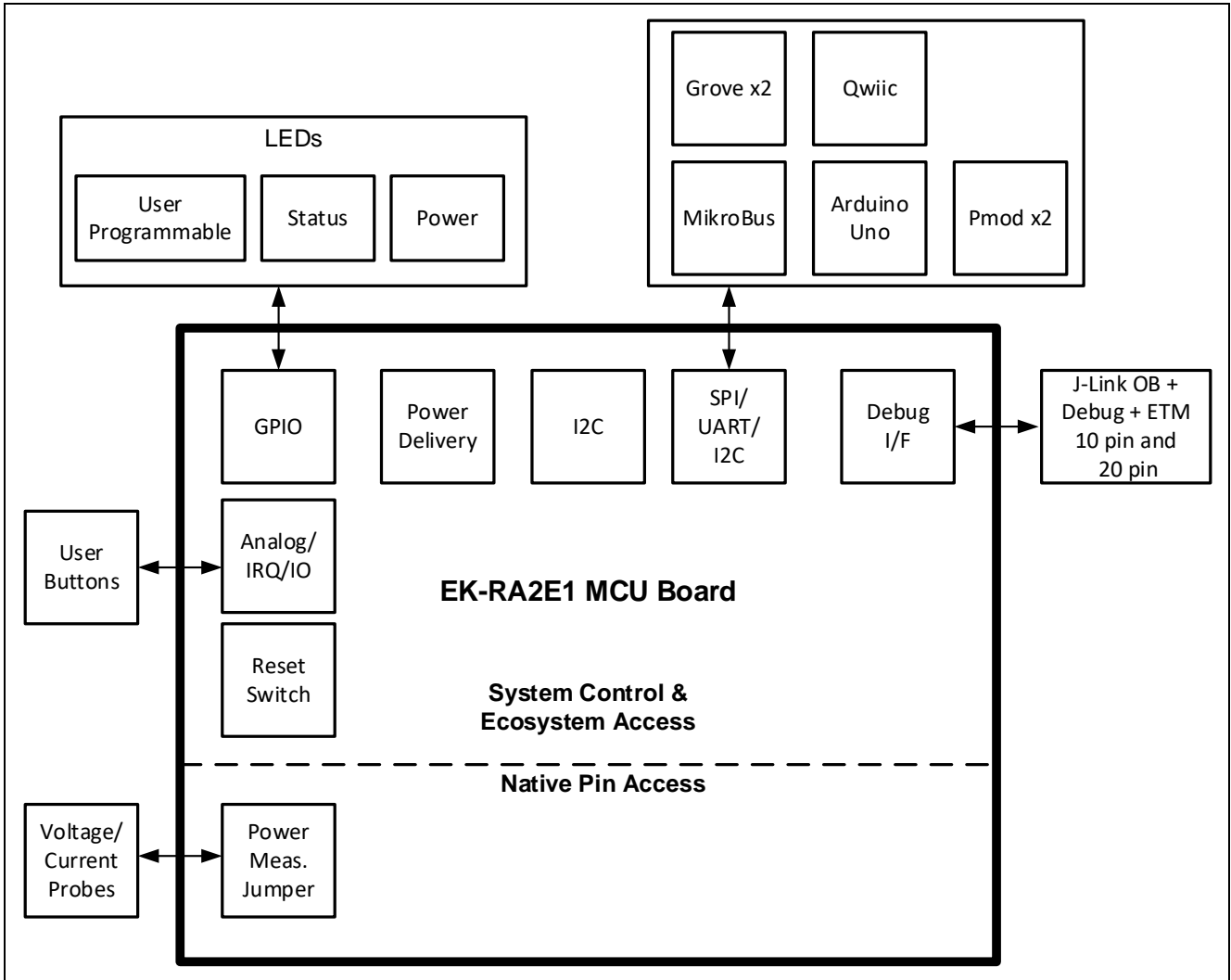


Figure 5. EK-RA2E1 Board Block Diagram

### 4.3 Jumper Settings

Two types of jumpers are provided on the EK-RA2E1 board.

1. Copper jumpers (trace-cut type and solder bridge type)
2. Traditional pin header jumpers

The following sections describe each type and their default configuration.

#### 4.3.1 Copper Jumpers

Copper jumpers are of two types, designated **trace-cut** and **solder-bridge**.

A **trace-cut jumper** is provided with a narrow copper trace connecting its pads. The silk screen overlay printing around a trace-cut jumper is a solid box. To isolate the pads, cut the trace between pads adjacent to each pad, then remove the connecting copper foil either mechanically or with the assistance of heat. Once the etched copper trace is removed, the trace-cut jumper is turned into a solder-bridge jumper for any later changes.

A **solder-bridge** jumper is provided with two isolated pads that may be joined together by one of three methods:

- Solder may be applied to both pads to develop a bulge on each and the bulges joined by touching a soldering iron across the two pads.
- A small wire may be placed across the two pads and soldered in place.
- A SMT resistor, size 0805, 0603, or 0402, may be placed across the two pads and soldered in place. A zero-ohm resistor shorts the pads together.

For any copper jumper, the connection is considered **closed** if there is an electrical connection between the pads (default for trace-cut jumpers.) The connection is considered **open** if there is no electrical connection between the pads (default for the solder-bridge jumpers.)

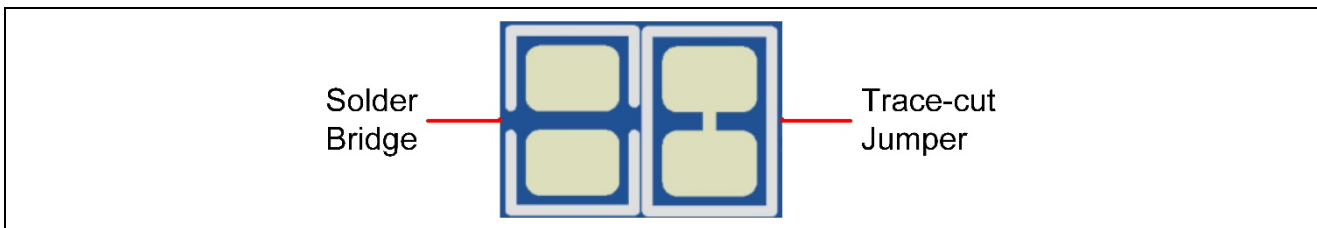


Figure 6. Copper Jumpers

#### 4.3.2 Traditional Pin Header Jumpers

These jumpers are traditional small pitch jumpers that require an external shunt to open/close them. The traditional pin jumpers on the EK-RA2E1 board are 2 mm pitch headers and require compatible 2 mm shunt jumpers.

#### 4.3.3 Default Jumper Configuration

The following table describes the default settings for each jumper on the EK-RA2E1 board. This includes copper jumpers (Ex designation) and traditional pin jumpers (Jx designation.)

The Circuit Group for each jumper is the designation found in the board schematic (available in the Design Package). Functional details for many of the listed jumpers may be found in sections associated with each functional area of the kits.

Table 1. Default Jumper Settings

Location	Circuit Group	Default Open/Closed	Function
J6	J-Link OB	Closed	Configures J-Link OB connection to MCU mode
J8	J-Link OB	Jumper on pins 1-2	Configures the MCU for normal operation
J9	J-Link OB	Open	Configures Reset# for on-board debugger mode
J29	J-Link OB	Jumper on pins 1-2 Jumper on pins 3-4 Jumper on pins 5-6 Jumper on pins 7-8	Connects the J-Link OB debugger to the RA MCU

Location	Circuit Group	Default Open/Closed	Function
J16	MCU Boot Mode	Open	Configures the MCU for normal boot mode
E1	MCU Clock	Closed	Connects P214/XCOUT to pin headers
E3	MCU Power	Closed	Connects AVCC0 to +3.3 V
E4	MCU Power	Closed	Connects AVSS0 to GND
E5	MCU Power	Closed	Connects P011/VREFL0 to GND
E6	MCU Power	Closed	Connects P010/VREFH0 to +3.3 V
E7	MCU Clock	Open	Connects P212/EXTAL to 24 MHz crystal
E8	MCU Clock	Closed	Connects P215/XCIN to pin headers
E9	MCU Clock	Open	Connects P215/XCIN to 32 kHz crystal
E10	MCU Clock	Open	Connects P214/XCOUT to 32 kHz crystal
E11	MCU Clock	Open	Connects P213/XTAL to 24 MHz crystal
E12	MCU Clock	Closed	Connects P213/XTAL pin to pin headers
E13	MCU Clock	Closed	Connects P212/EXTAL pin to pin headers
E14	Pmod1	Closed	Connects P100 (MISOA/RXD0) to Pmod 1
E15	Pmod1	Closed	Connects P102 (RSPCKA/SCK0) to Pmod 1
E16	Pmod1	Closed	Connects +3.3 V to Pmod 1
E17	Pmod1	Open	Connects +5.0V to Pmod 1
E18	Pmod1	Open	Connects P301 (SCL2) to Pmod 1
E19	Pmod1	Open	Connects P302 (SDA2) to Pmod 1
E26	User LED	Closed	Connects P914 to User LED2
E27	User LED	Closed	Connects P915 to User LED1
E28	User LED	Closed	Connects P913 to User LED3
E29	Debug MCU Power	Closed	Connects the Debug MCU power to +3.3 V
E30	JTAG	Closed	Connects the JTAG GND Detect pin on J20 and J13 to GND
E31	User Switch	Closed	Connects P004 to User Switch S1
E32	User Switch	Closed	Connects P015 to User Switch S2

### 5. System Control and Ecosystem Access Area

The following figure shows the System Control and Ecosystem Access area on the EK-RA2E1 board. Subsequent sections detail the features and functionality provided in the area.

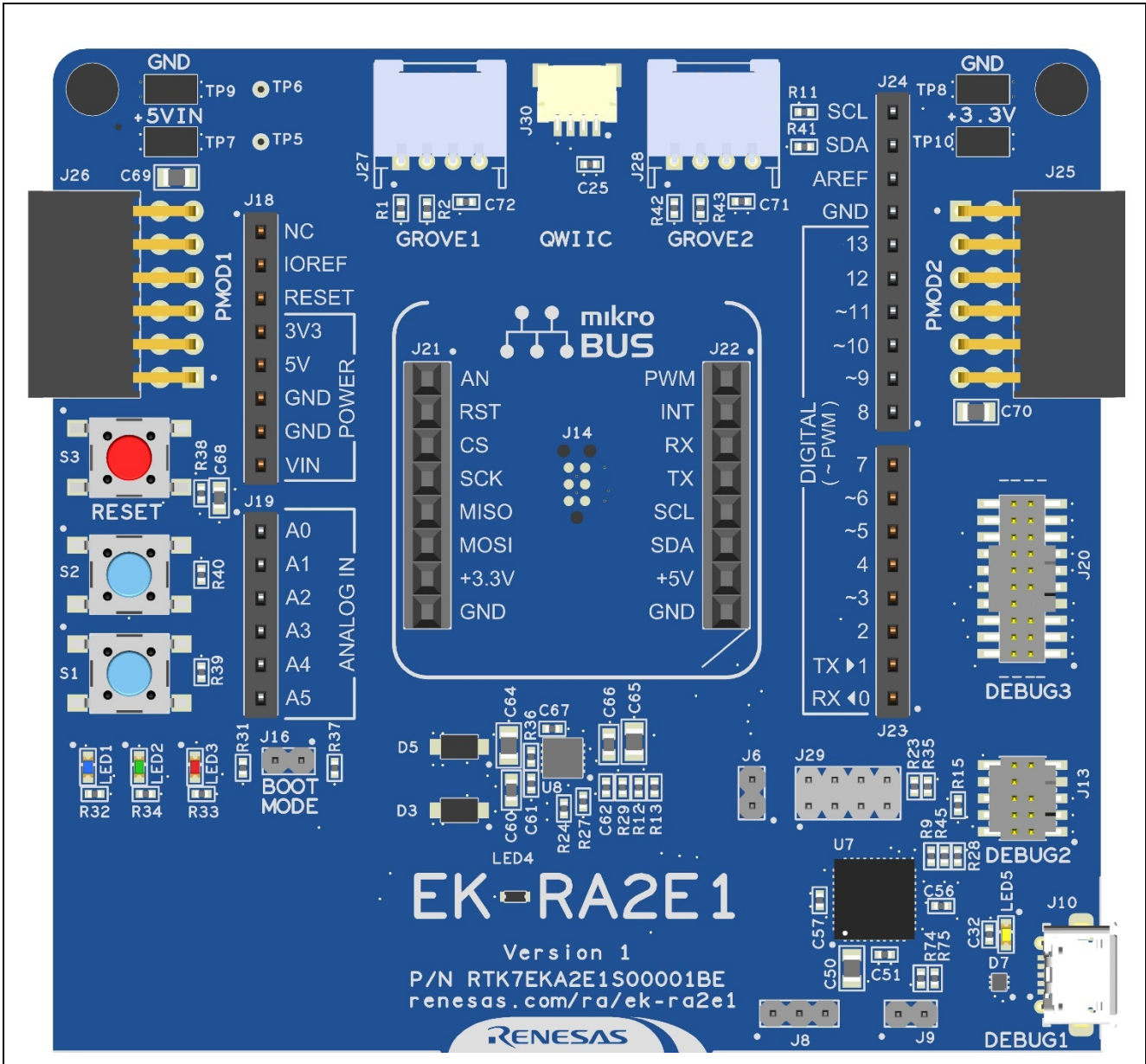


Figure 7. System Control and Ecosystem Access Area



## 5.1 Power

The EK-RA2E1 kit is designed for +5 V operation. An on-board Low Dropout Regulator (LDO) is used to convert the 5 V supply to a 3.3 V supply. The 3.3 V supply is used to power the RA MCU and other peripheral features.

### 5.1.1 Power Supply Options

This section describes the different ways in which EK-RA2E1 kit can be powered.

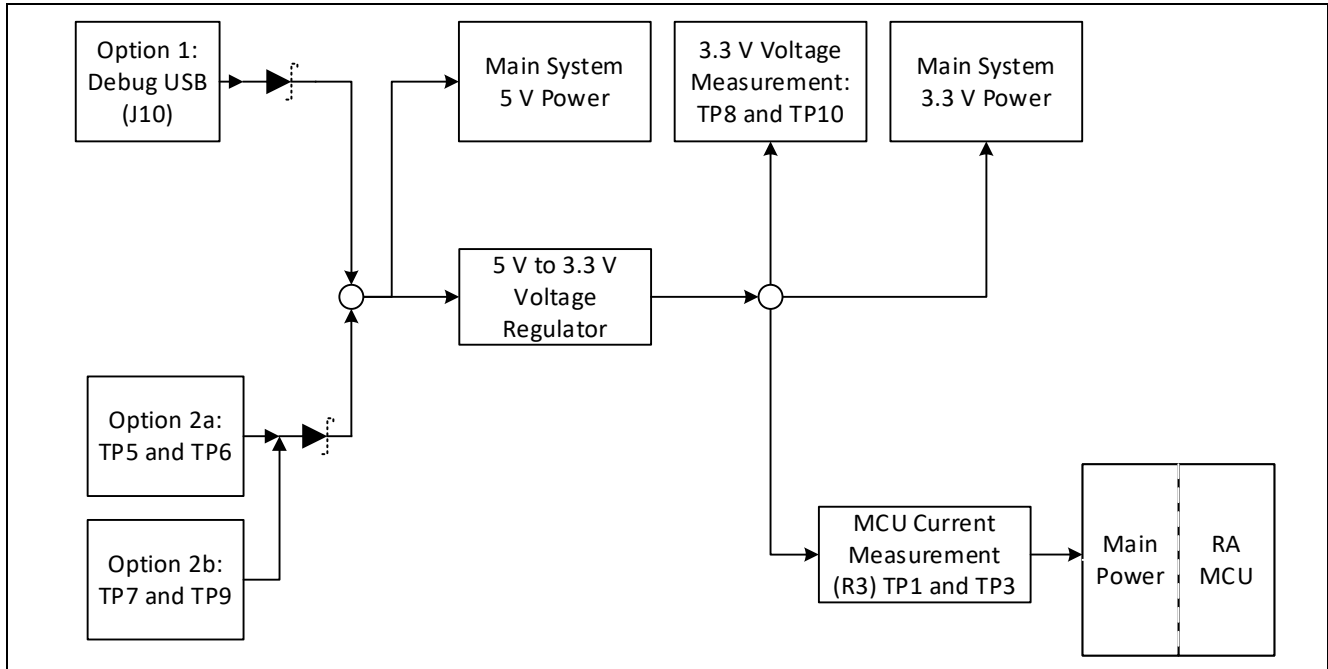


Figure 8. Power Supply Options

#### 5.1.1.1 Option 1: Debug USB

5 V may be supplied from an external USB host to the USB Debug connector (J10) labelled DEBUG on the board. Power from this source is connected to the Main System 5 V Power. Reverse current protection is provided between this connector and the Main System 5 V Power.

#### 5.1.1.2 Option 2: 5 V Test Points

5 V may be supplied from an external power supply to test points on the board. TP7 (5 V) and TP9 (GND) are loop-style test points, and TP5 (5 V) and TP6 (GND) are large via style test points. The two types of test points are electrically equivalent, and both are provided for user convenience. Power from this source is connected to the Main System 5 V Power. Reverse current protection is provided between the 5 V test points and the Main System 5 V Power.

### 5.1.2 Power Supply Considerations

The on-board LDO regulator which supplies +3.3 V has a built-in current limit of 2.0 A. Make sure the total current required by the RA MCU, any active on-board features, and any connected peripheral devices does not exceed this limit.

Note: The total current available from a typical USB host is 500 mA maximum. Depending on the configuration of the kit, multiple power sources may be required.

#### 5.1.3 Power-up Behavior

When powered, the white LED near the center of the board (the “dash” in the EK-RA2E1 name) will light up. For more details on initial power up behavior, see the *EK-RA2E1 Quick Start Guide*.

## 5.2 Debug and Trace

The EK-RA2E1 board supports the following three debug modes.

**Table 2. Debug Modes**

Debug Modes	Debug MCU (one that connects to the IDE on PC)	Target MCU (one that is being debugged)	Debugging Interface/Protocol	Connector Used
Debug on-board	S124 (on-board)	RA2E1 (on-board)	SWD	Micro USB (J10)
Debug in	External debugging tools	RA2E1 (on-board)	SWD, ETM, JTAG	20-pin connector (J20) or 10-pin connector (J13)
Debug out	S124 (on-board)	Any external RA MCU	SWD	Micro USB (J10) plus either 20-pin connector (J20) or 10-pin connector (J13)

Notes:

- See Table 4 for the Debug USB connector pin definition.
- See Table 7 for the 20-pin JTAG connector pin definition.
- See Table 8 for the 10-pin JTAG connector pin definition.

The following table summarizes the jumper setting for each of the debug modes.

**Table 3. Jumper Connection Summary for Different Debug Modes**

Debug Modes	J6	J8	J9	J29
Debug on-board	Closed	Jumper on pins 1-2	Open	Jumpers on pins 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, 7-8
Debug in	Closed	Jumper on pins 1-2	Closed	Jumpers on pins 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, 7-8
Debug out	Open	Jumper on pins 2-3	Open	All pins open

### 5.2.1 Debug On-Board

The on-board debug functionality is provided using Renesas S124 Debug MCU and SEGGER J-Link® firmware. Debug USB Micro-B connector (J10) connects the S124 Debug MCU to an external USB Full Speed Host, allowing re-programming and debugging of the target RA MCU firmware. This connection is the default debug mode for the EK-RA2E1 board.

The S124 Debug MCU connects to the target RA MCU using the SWD interface.

**Table 4. Debug USB Connector**

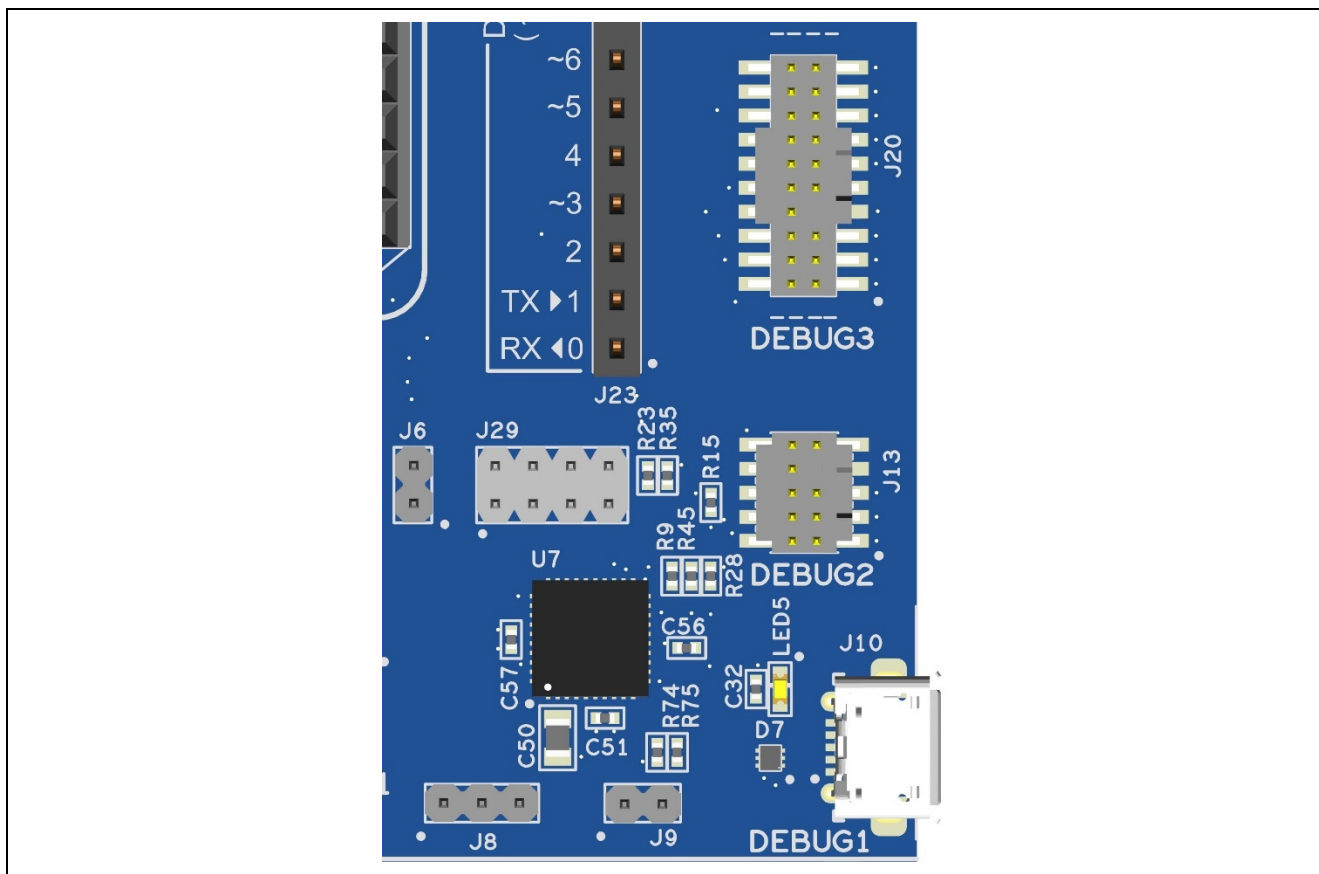
Debug USB Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J10-1	+5VDC	+5V_USB_DBG
J10-2	Data-	USB_DM (U7-12)
J10-3	Data+	USB_DP (U7-13)
J10-4	USB ID, jack internal switch, cable inserted	N.C.
J10-5	Ground	GND

A yellow indicator, LED5, shows the visual status of the debug interface. When the EK-RA2E1 board is powered on, and LED5 is blinking, it indicates that the S124 Debug MCU is not connected to a programming host. When LED5 is on solid, it indicates that the S124 Debug MCU is connected to a programming interface.

To configure the EK-RA2E1 board to use the Debug On-Board mode, configure the jumpers using the following table.

**Table 5. Debug On-Board Jumper Configuration**

Location	Default Open/Closed	Function
J6	Closed	Target RA MCU MD connected to debug
J8	Jumper on pins 1-2	Target RA MCU RESET# connected to debug RESET#
J9	Open	S124 Debug MCU in normal operation mode
J29	Jumpers on pins 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, 7-8	Target RA MCU debug signals connected to the Debug Interface



**Figure 9. EK-RA2E1 Debug Interface**

### 5.2.2 Debug In

One 20-pin Cortex® Debug Connector at J20 supports JTAG, SWD and ETM (TRACE) debug. One 10-pin Cortex® Debug Connector at J13 supports JTAG and SWD. Either of these connectors may be used for external debug of the target RA MCU.

To configure the EK-RA2E1 board to use the Debug In mode, configure the jumpers using the following table.

**Table 6. Debug In Mode Jumper Configuration**

Location	Default Open/Closed	Function
J6	Closed	Target RA MCU MD connected to debug
J8	Jumper on pins 1-2	Target RA MCU RESET# connected to debug RESET#
J9	Closed	S124 Debug MCU is held in RESET
J29	Jumpers on pins 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, 7-8	Target RA MCU debug signals connected to the Debug Interface

Table 7. JTAG/SWD/TRACE Connector

JTAG Connector				EK-RA2E1
Pin	JTAG Pin Name	SWD Pin Name	ETM Pin Name	Signal/Bus
J20-1	Vtref	Vtref	Vtref	+3V3
J20-2	TMS	SWDIO	N/A	P108/SWDIO
J20-3	GND	GND	GND	GND
J20-4	TCK	SWCLK	N/A	P300/SWCLK
J20-5	GND	GND	GND	GND
J20-6	TDO	SWO	N/A	N/A
J20-7	Key	Key	Key	N.C.
J20-8	TDI	NC/EXTb	N/A	N/A
J20-9	GNDDetect	GNDDetect	GNDDetect	GND (cut E30 to open)
J20-10	nSRST	nSRST	nSRST	RESET#
J20-11	N/A	N/A	N/A	GND
J20-12	N/A	N/A	TCLK	N.C.
J20-13	N/A	N/A	N/A	GND
J20-14	N/A	N/A	TDATA0	N.C.
J20-15	N/A	N/A	GND	GND
J20-16	N/A	N/A	TDATA1	N.C.
J20-17	N/A	N/A	GND	GND
J20-18	N/A	N/A	TDATA2	N.C.
J20-19	N/A	N/A	GND	GND
J20-20	N/A	N/A	TDATA3	N.C.

Table 8. JTAG/SWD Connector

JTAG Connector				EK-RA2E1
Pin	JTAG Pin Name	SWD Pin Name	ETM Pin Name	Signal/Bus
J13-1	Vtref	Vtref	Vtref	+3V3
J13-2	TMS	SWDIO	N/A	P108/SWDIO
J13-3	GND	GND	GND	GND
J13-4	TCK	SWCLK	N/A	P300/SWCLK
J13-5	GND	GND	GND	GND
J13-6	TDO	SWO	N/A	N/A
J13-7	Key	Key	Key	N.C.
J13-8	TDI	NC/EXTb	N/A	N/A
J13-9	GNDDetect	GNDDetect	GNDDetect	GND (cut E30 to open)
J13-10	nSRST	nSRST	nSRST	RESET# (via J8)

Note: The Cortex® Debug Connector is fully described in the Arm® CoreSight™ Architecture Specification.

### 5.2.3 Debug Out

The EK-RA2E1 board can be configured to use the S124 Debug MCU to debug target RA MCU on an external board.

A yellow indicator, LED5, shows the visual status of the debug interface. When the EK-RA2E1 board is powered on, and LED5 is blinking, this indicates that the S124 Debug MCU is not connected to a programming host. When LED5 is on solid, this indicates that the S124 Debug MCU is connected to a programming interface.

To configure the EK-RA2E1 board to use the Debug Out mode, configure the jumpers according to the following table.

**Table 9. Debug Out Jumper Configuration**

Location	Default Open/Closed	Function
J6	Open	No connection to RA MCU
J8	Jumper on pins 2-3	On-board RA MCU is held in RESET
J9	Open	S124 Debug MCU in normal operation mode
J29	All jumpers removed	Disconnects the on-board RA MCU debug signals from the Debug Interface

## 5.3 Ecosystem

The System Control and Ecosystem area provides users the option to simultaneously connect several 3<sup>rd</sup> party add-on modules compatible with four most popular ecosystems using the following connectors:

1. Two Seeed Grove® system (I2C and Analog) connectors
2. SparkFun® Qwiic® connector
3. Two Digilent Pmod™ (SPI and UART) connectors
4. Arduino™ (Uno R3) connector
5. MikroElektronika™ mikroBUS connector

### 5.3.1 Seeed Grove® Connectors

#### 5.3.1.1 Grove 1

A Seeed Grove I2C connector is provided at J27. The RA MCU acts as a two-wire serial master, and a connected module acts as a two-wire serial slave.

**Table 10. Grove 1 Connector**

Grove 1 Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J27-1	SCL	P301 (SCL2)
J27-2	SDA	P302 (SDA2)
J27-3	VCC	+3.3 V
J27-4	GND	GND

#### 5.3.1.2 Grove 2

A Seeed Grove I2C/Analog connector is provided at J28. The RA MCU acts as a two-wire serial master, and a connected module acts as a two-wire serial slave.

The pull-up resistors, R42 and R43, must be fitted when using I2C and removed when using as analog.

**Table 11. Grove 2 Connector**

Grove 2 Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J28-1	SCL / A0	P502 (SCL1/AN018)
J28-2	SDA / A1	P501 (SDA1/AN017)
J28-3	VCC	+3.3 V
J28-4	GND	GND

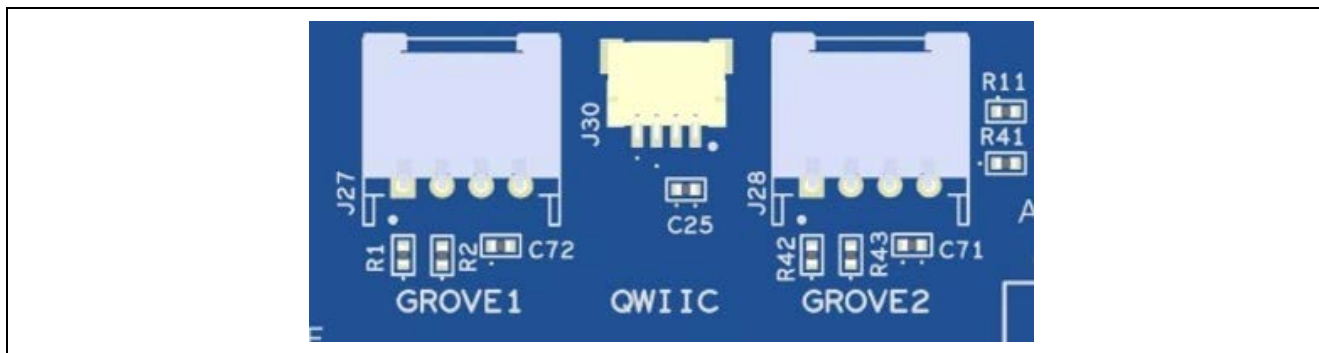


Figure 10. Seed Grove and Qwiic Connectors

### 5.3.2 SparkFun® Qwiic® Connector

A Qwiic connector is provided at J30. The Main MCU acts as a two-wire serial master, and a connected module acts as a two-wire serial slave. (Data lines shared with Grove 1.)

Table 12. Qwiic Connector

Qwiic Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J30-1	GND	GND
J30-2	VCC	+3.3 V
J30-3	SDA	P302 (SDA2)
J30-4	SCL	P301 (SCL2)

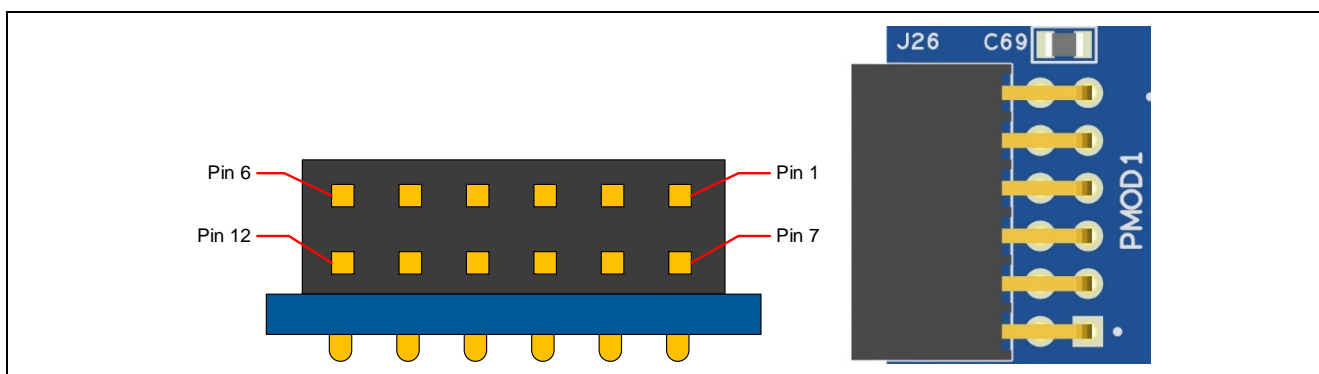
### 5.3.3 Digilent Pmod™ Connectors

#### 5.3.3.1 Pmod 1

A 12-pin Pmod Type-2A (expanded SPI) and Type-3A (expanded UART) connector is provided at J26, Pmod 1. The RA MCU acts as the SPI master, and the connected module acts as an SPI slave device. This interface may additionally be re-configured in firmware as several other Pmod types.

**Table 13. Pmod 1 Connector**

Pmod 1 Connector Default			EK-RA2E1	Pmod 1 Configuration	
Pin	Description	Option Type 6A	Signal/Bus	Short	Open
J26-1	SS/CTS	NC/INT	P103 (SSLA0/CTS0_RTS0)		
J26-2	MOSI/TXD	NC/RESET	P101 (MOSIA/TXD0)		
J26-3	MISO/RXD		P100 (MISOA/RXD0)	E14	E18
		SCL	P301 (SCL2)	E18	E14
J26-4	SCK		P102 (RSPCKA/SCK0)	E15	E19
		SDA	P302 (SDA2)	E19	E15
J26-5	GND		GND		
J26-6	VCC		+3.3 V	E16	E17
			+5.0 V	E17	E16
J26-7	GPIO/INT (slave to master)		P411 (IRQ4)		
J26-8	GPIO/RESET (master to slave)		P208		
J26-9	GPIO/CS2		P105 (SSLA2_A)		
J26-10	GPIO/CS3		P106 (SSLA3_A)		
J26-11	GND		GND		
J26-12	VCC		+3.3 V	E16	E17
			+5.0 V	E17	E16



**Figure 11. Pmod 1**

The default setting of the Pmod 1 interface supports +3.3 V devices. Ensure that any Pmod device installed is compatible with a +3.3 V supply.

#### Pmod Type 6A Operation

Pmod 1 can be configured to support proposed Pmod Type 6A connector specification supporting I2C connections. There is also an alternate 5 V power source option. In order to configure Pmod 1 for Type 6A operation, modify the trace cut jumpers as mentioned in Table 13. The trace cut jumpers are shown in Figure 12.

**Note: Exercise caution while modifying power source trace jumpers, E16 and E17. Permanent damage to the EK-RA2E1 board and/or connected modules may result.**

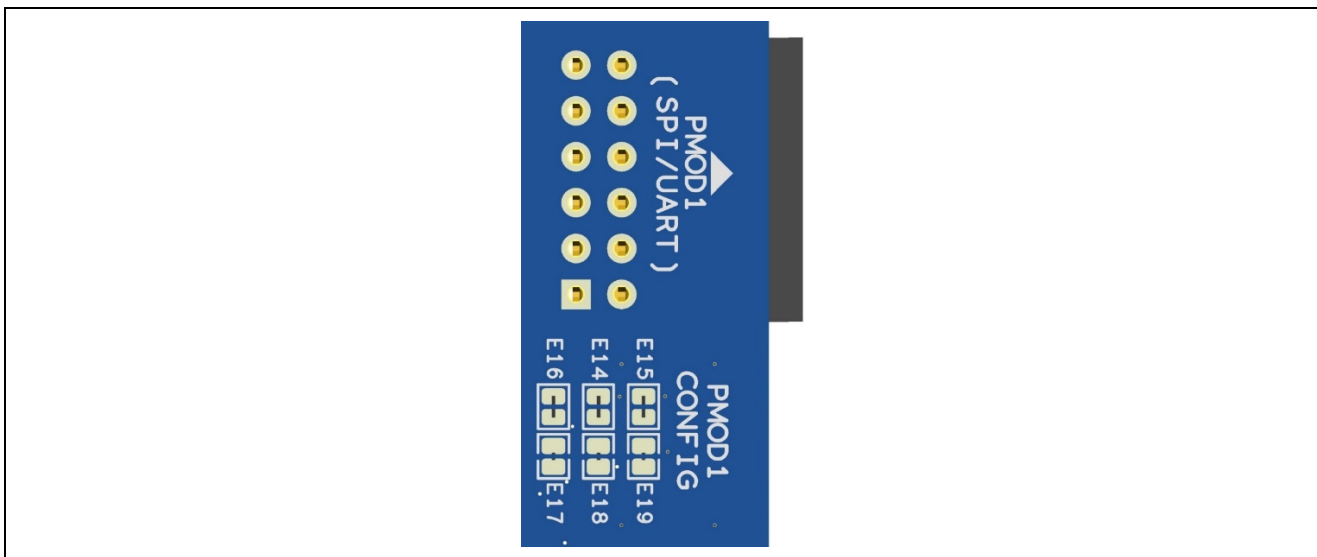


Figure 12. Pmod 1 Trace Cut Jumpers

### 5.3.3.2 Pmod 2

A 12-pin Pmod type-2A connector is provided at J25, Pmod 2. The RA MCU acts as the SPI master, and the connected module acts as an SPI slave device. This interface may additionally be re-configured in firmware as several other Pmod types.

This Pmod interface supports +3.3 V devices. Please ensure that any Pmod device installed is compatible with a +3.3 V supply.

Table 14. Pmod 2 Connector

Pmod 2 Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J25-1	SS / CTS	P403 (CTS1 / SS1)
J25-2	MOSI / TXD	P401 (TXD1 / MOSI1)
J25-3	MISO / RXD	P402 (RXD1 / MISO1)
J25-4	SCK	P400 (SCK1)
J25-5	GND	GND
J25-6	VCC	+3.3 V
J25-7	GPIO / INT (slave to master)	P409 (IRQ6)
J25-8	GPIO / RESET (master to slave)	P303
J25-9	GPIO / CS2	P410
J25-10	GPIO / CS3	P304
J25-11	GND	GND
J25-12	VCC	+3.3 V

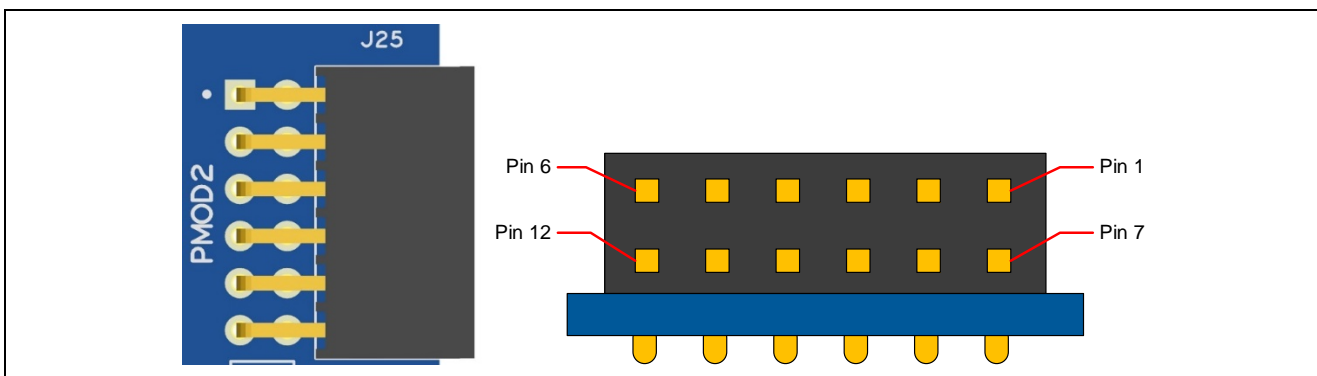


Figure 13. Pmod 2



### 5.3.4 Arduino™ Connector

Near the center of the System Control and Ecosystem Access area is an Arduino Uno R3 compatible connector interface.

**Table 15. Arduino Uno Connections**

Arduino Compatible Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J18-1	NC	NC
J18-2	IOREF	+3.3 V
J18-3	RESET	P207
J18-4	3.3 V	+3.3 V
J18-5	5 V	+5 V
J18-6	GND	GND
J18-7	GND	GND
J18-8	VIN	NC
J19-1	A0	P000 (AN000)
J19-2	A1	P001 (AN001)
J19-3	A2	P002 (AN002)
J19-4	A3	P003 (AN003)
J19-5	A4	P012 (AN007)
J19-6	A5	P013 (AN008)
J23-1	D0 / RXD	P206 (RXD0)
J23-2	D1 / TXD	P205 (TXD0)
J23-3	D2 / INT0	P110 (IRQ3)
J23-4	D3 / INT1 / PWM	P104 (IRQ1 / GTIOC4B)
J23-5	D4	P107
J23-6	D5 / PWM	P111 (GTIOC6A)
J23-7	D6 / PWM	P500 (GTIOC5A)
J23-8	D7	P113
J24-1	D8	P109
J24-2	D9 / PWM	P112 (GTIOC6B)
J24-3	D10 / SPI_SS / PWM	P103 (SSLA0 / GTIOC5B)
J24-4	D11 / SPI_MOSI / PWM	P101 (MOSIA / GTIOC8A)
J24-5	D12 / SPI_MISO	P100 (MISOA_A / GTIOC8B)
J24-6	D13 / SPI_SCK	P102 (RSPCKA_A)
J24-7	GND	GND
J24-8	AREF	+3.3 V
J24-9	I2C_SDA	P407 (SDA0)
J24-10	I2C_SCL	P408 (SCL0)

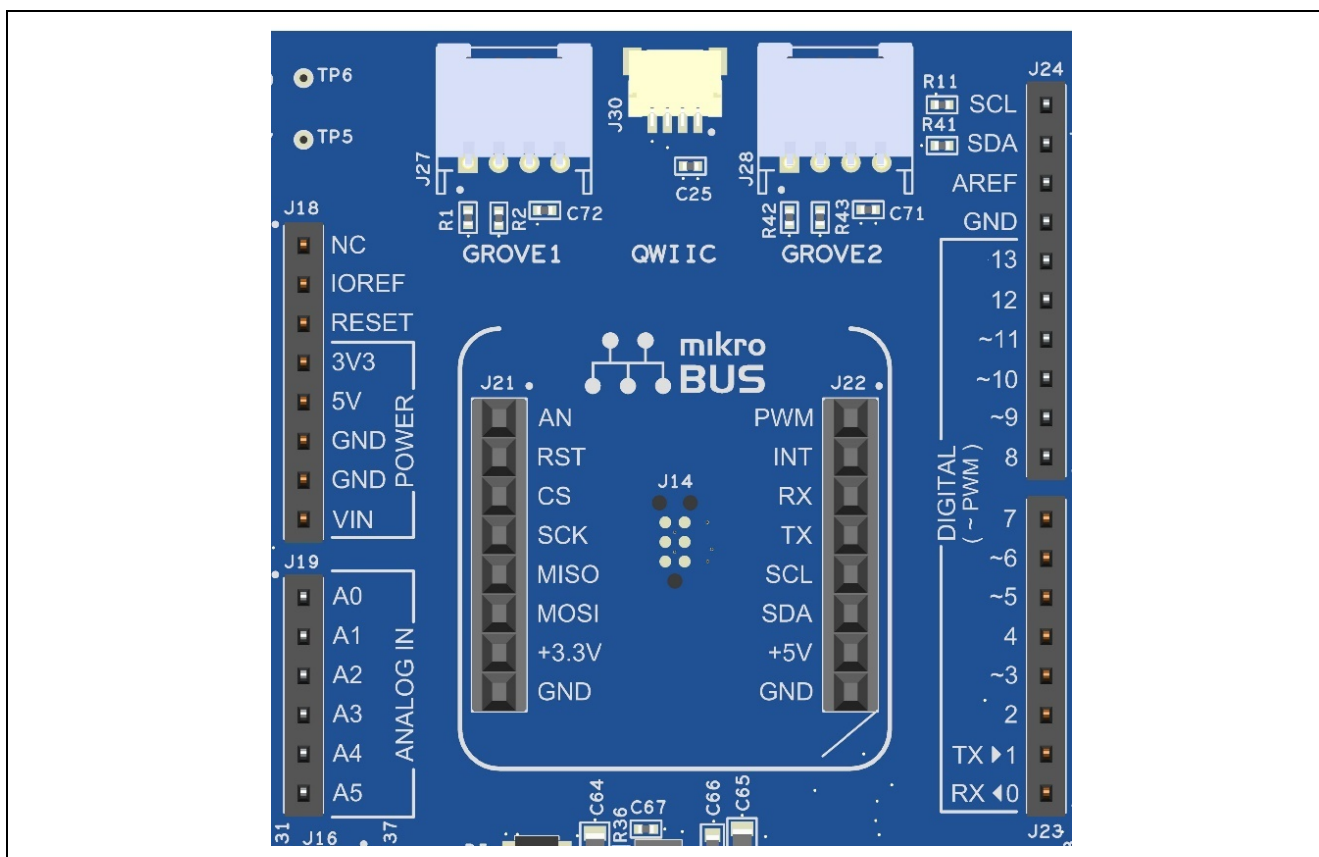


Figure 14. Arduino Uno Connectors

### 5.3.5 MikroElektronika™ mikroBUS Connector

In the center of the System Control and Ecosystem Access area is a mikroBUS compatible connector interface. This interface is compliant with mikroBUS Standard Specifications revision 2.00.

Table 16. mikroBUS Connections

mikroBUS Connector		EK-RA2E1
Pin	Description	Signal/Bus
J21-1	AN (Analog)	P000 (AN000)
J21-2	RST (Reset)	P207
J21-3	CS (SPI Chip Select)	P103 (SSLA0)
J21-4	SCK (SPI Clock)	P102 (RSPCKA)
J21-5	MISO	P100 (MISOA)
J21-6	MOSI	P101 (MOSIA)
J21-7	+3.3 V	+3.3 V
J21-8	GND	GND
J22-1	PWM	P111 (GTIOC6A)
J22-2	INT (Hardware Interrupt)	P110 (IRQ3)
J22-3	RX (UART Receive)	P206 (RXD0)
J22-4	TX (UART Transmit)	P205 (TXD0)
J22-5	SCL (I2C Clock)	P408 (SCL0)
J22-6	SDA (I2C Data)	P407 (SDA0)
J22-7	+5 V	+5 V
J22-8	GND	GND

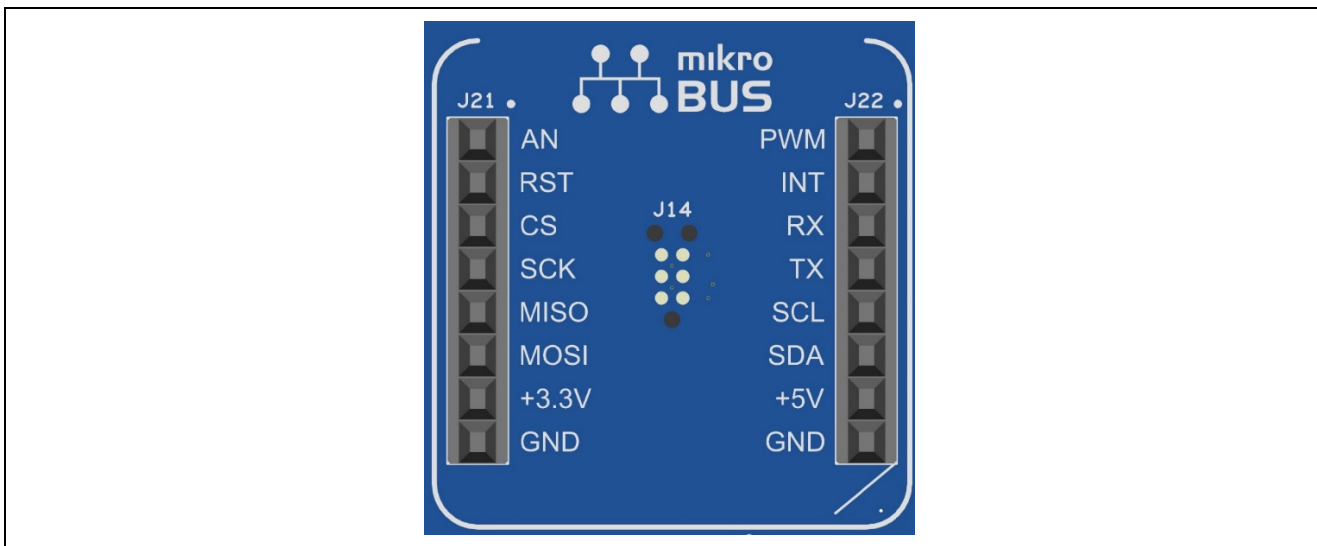


Figure 15. mikroBUS Connection

### 5.4 Miscellaneous

#### 5.4.1 User and Power LEDs

5 LEDs are provided on the EK-RA2E1 board.

Behavior of the LEDs on the EK-RA2E1 board is described in the following table.

Table 17. EK-RA2E1 Board LED Functions

Designator	Color	Function	MCU Control Port
LED1	Blue	User LED	P915
LED2	Green	User LED	P914
LED3	Red	User LED	P913
LED4	White	Power on indicator	+3.3 V
LED5	Yellow	Debug LED	J-Link OB MCU

The User LEDs may be isolated from the Main MCU, so the associated ports can be used for other purposes. To separate LED1 from P915, Trace Cut Jumper E27 must be open. To separate LED2 from P914, Trace Cut Jumper E26 must be open. To separate LED3 from P913, Trace Cut Jumper E28 must be open.

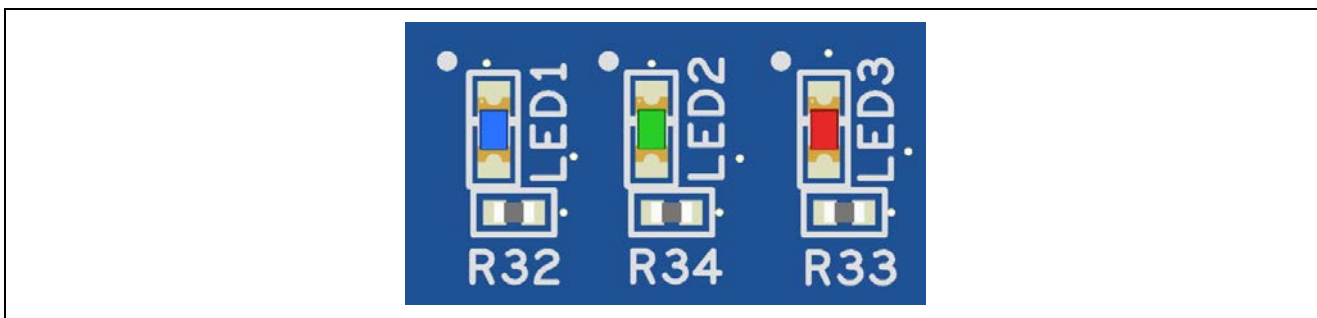


Figure 16. User LEDs



Figure 17. Power LED

### 5.4.2 User and Reset Switches

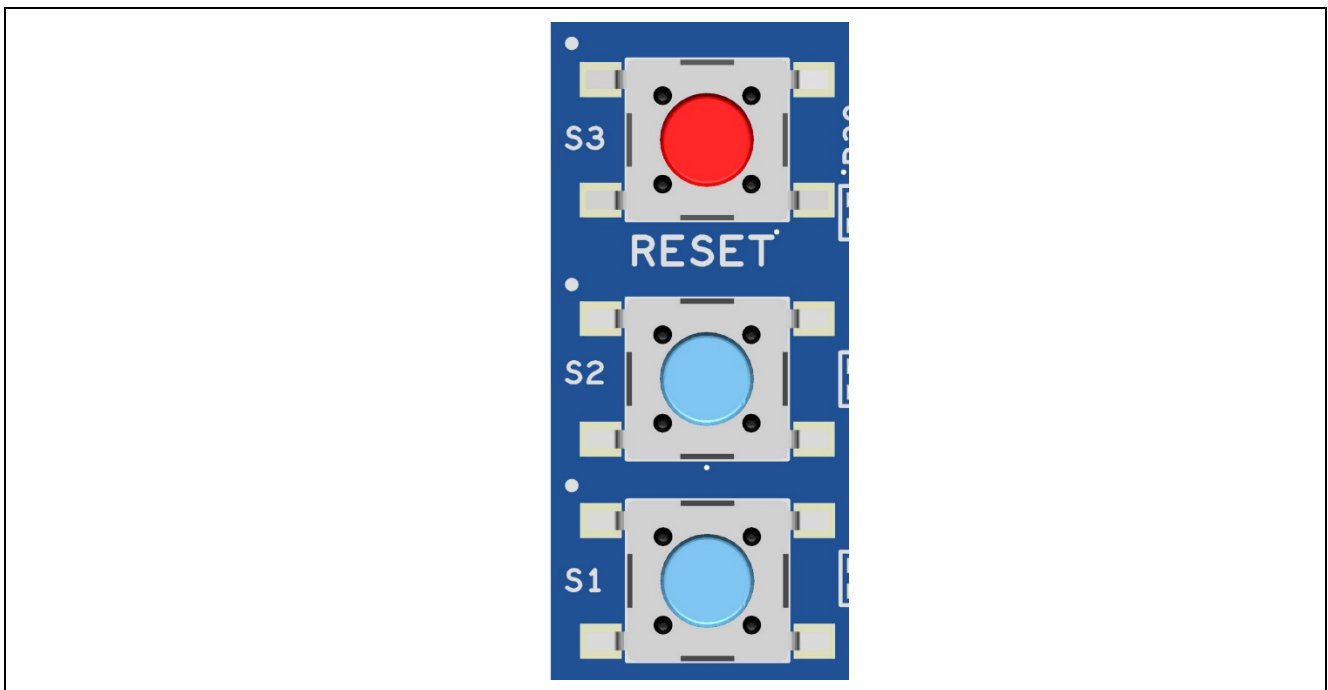
Three miniature, momentary, mechanical push-button type SMT switches are mounted on the EK-RA2E1 board.

Pressing the Reset switch (S3) generates a reset signal to restart the RA MCU.

**Table 18. EK-RA2E1 Board Switches**

Designator	Function	MCU Control Port	Button Color
S3	MCU Reset Switch	RESET#	Red
S2	User Switch	P015 (IRQ7)	Blue
S1	User Switch	P004 (IRQ3)	Blue

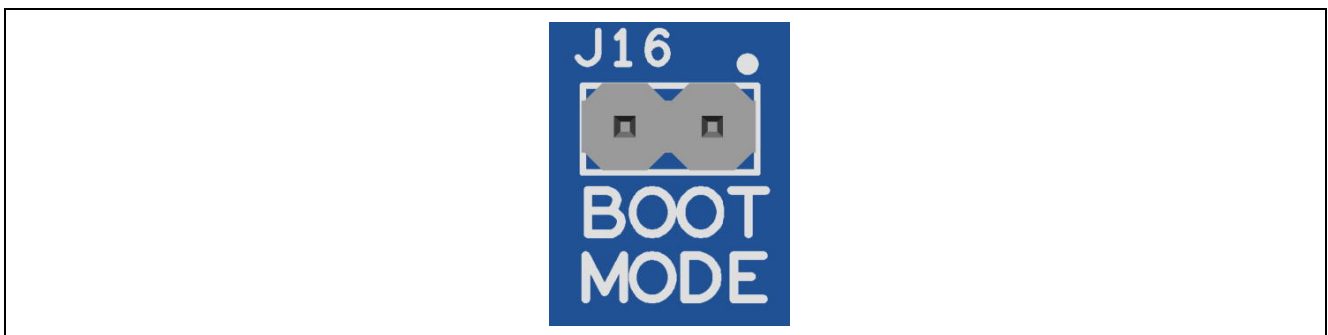
The User Switches S1 and S2 may be isolated from the Main MCU, so the associated ports can be used for other purposes. To separate S1 from P004, Trace Cut Jumper E31 must be open. To separate S2 from P015, Trace Cut Jumper E32 must be open.



**Figure 18. Reset and User Switches**

### 5.4.3 MCU Boot Mode

A two-pin header (J16) is provided to select the Boot mode (P201) of the RA MCU. For normal operation, or Single-Chip mode, leave J16 open. To enter SCI Boot mode place a jumper on J16.



**Figure 19. Boot Mode**

## 6. MCU Native Pin Access Area

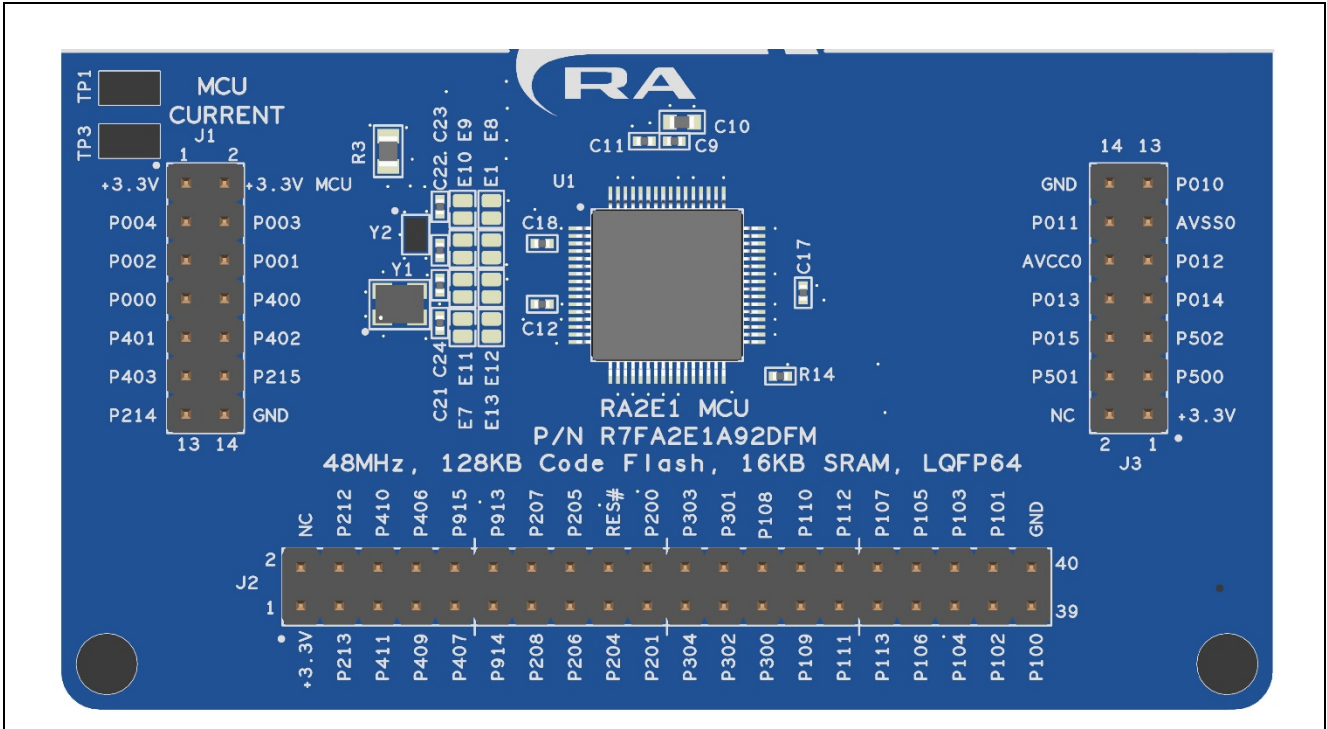


Figure 20. Native Pin Access Area

### 6.1 Breakout Pin Headers

The EK-RA2E1 board pin headers, J1, J2, and J3, provide access to all RA MCU interface signals, and to voltages for all RA MCU power ports. Each header pin is labeled with the voltage or port connected to that pin. Refer to the RA2E1 MCU Group User's Manual for details of each port function, and the EK-RA2E1 board schematic for pin header port assignments.

The placement of the breakout pin headers allows for a standard 2.54 mm (0.100") center breadboard to be placed on all four pin headers simultaneously. This can be used for prototyping and testing of custom circuitry for use with the RA2E1 MCU.

### 6.2 MCU Current Measurement

Included in the Native Pin Access area is a current measurement resistor and test points to measure the MCU core power current.

The EK-RA2E1 board provides a precision 5 mΩ resistor (Vishay, part number WSLP08055L000FEA18) for current measurement of the main 3.3 V MCU power. Measure the voltage drop across these resistors and use Ohm's Law to calculate the current. For convenience, TP1 and TP3 are provided to measure the main 3.3 V MCU power. See Figure 22 for the location of TP1 and TP3.

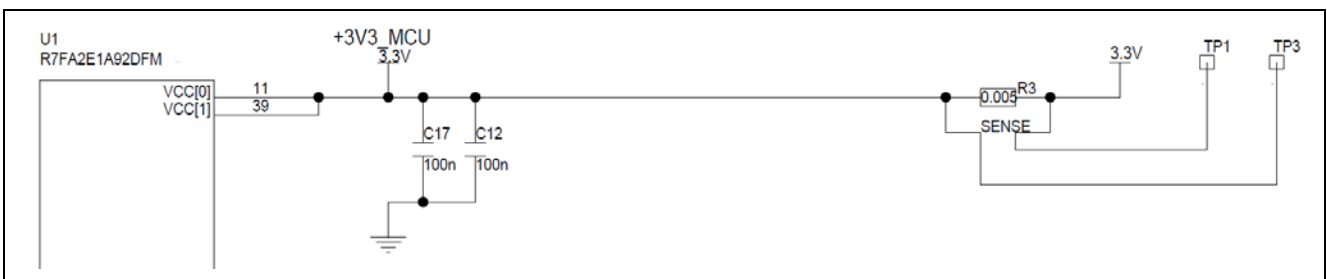


Figure 21. RA +3.3 V Current Measurement Circuit

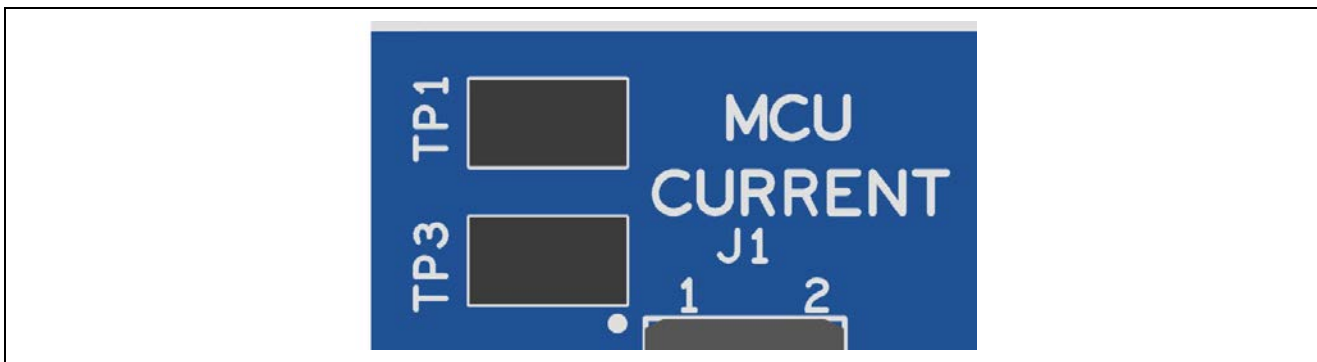


Figure 22. RA MCU Current Measurement

## 7. Certifications

The EK-RA2E1 v1 kit meets the following certifications/standards. See page 3 of this user's manual for the disclaimer and precautions.

### 7.1 EMC/EMI Standards

- FCC Notice (Class A)



This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE- This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

- Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada ICES-003 Compliance:

CAN ICES-3 (A)/NMB-3(A)

- CE Class A (EMC)



This product is herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directives on the Approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU.

**Warning** – This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures to correct this interference.

- Taiwan: Chinese National Standard 13438, C6357 compliance, Class A limits
- Australia/New Zealand AS/NZS CISPR 32:2015, Class A

### 7.2 Material Selection, Waste, Recycling and Disposal Standards

- EU RoHS
- China SJ/T 113642014, 10-year environmental protection use period.

### 7.3 Safety Standards

- UL 94V-0

## 8. Design and Manufacturing Information

The design and manufacturing information for the EK-RA2E1 v1 kit is available in the “EK-RA2E1v1 Design Package” available on [renesas.com/ra/ek-ra2e1](https://renesas.com/ra/ek-ra2e1).

- Design package file name: ek-RA2E1-v1-designpackage.zip
- Design package contents

**Table 19. EK-RA2E1 Board Design Package Contents**

File Type	Content	File/Folder Name
File (PDF)	Schematics	ek-ra2e1-v1-schematics
File (PDF)	Mechanical Drawing	ek-ra2e1-v1-mechdwg
File (PDF)	3D Drawing	ek-ra2e1-v1-3d
File (PDF)	BOM	ek-ra2e1-v1-bom
Folder	Manufacturing Files	Manufacturing Files
Folder	Design Files	Design Files-Cadence Allegro

## 9. Website and Support

Visit the following URLs to learn about the kit and the RA family of microcontrollers, download tools and documentation, and get support.

EK-RA2E1 Resources	<a href="https://renesas.com/ra/ek-ra2e1">renesas.com/ra/ek-ra2e1</a>
RA Product Information	<a href="https://renesas.com/ra">renesas.com/ra</a>
RA Product Support Forum	<a href="https://renesas.com/ra/forum">renesas.com/ra/forum</a>
Renesas Support	<a href="https://renesas.com/support">renesas.com/support</a>



**Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
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