Surface Mount PTC 0ZCF Series



HF 60 0ZCF Series – 2920 Chip

RoHS 2 Compliant

Application

All high-density boards

Product Features

- 2920 Chip Size, Fast Trip Time, High Hold Currents
- AEC-Q Compliant
- Meets Bel automotive qualification*
 - * Largely based on internal AEC-Q test plan

Operating (Hold Current) Range

300mA - 3A

Maximum Voltage

6 - 60V (per table)

Temperature Range

-40°C to 85°C

Agency Approval

TUV (Std. EN60738-1-1, Cert. R50102117)

UL Recognized Component (Std. UL1434, File E305051)

UL Conditions of Acceptability:

- 1. These devices have been investigated for use in safety circuits and are suitable as a limiting device.
- 2. These devices have been calibrated to limit the current to 8 amps within 5 seconds, per ANSI/NFPA 70, "National Electrical Code".

LEAD FREE = HALOGEN FREE = HF





Electrical Characteristics (23°C)

		Hold	Trip	Rated	Maximum	Typical	Max Tim	e to Trip	Resistance	Tolerance	Agency A	pprovals
	Part Number	Current Curr	Current	t Voltage	Current	Power	Current	Time	Rmin	R1max	c A7 °us	Δ̈́τΰν
		Ін, А	Iτ, A	Vmax, Vdc	Imax, A	Pd, W	Α	Sec	Ohms	Ohms	C TUV	ΤÜV
Α	0ZCF0030FF2C	0.30	0.60	60	100	1.5	1.5	3.0	1.000	4.800	Υ	Υ
В	0ZCF0050FF2C	0.50	1.00	60	100	1.5	2.5	4.0	0.300	1.400	Υ	Υ
С	0ZCF0075FF2C	0.75	1.50	33	100	1.5	8.0	0.3	0.180	1.000	Υ	Υ
	0ZCF0075AF2C	0.75	1.50	60	100	1.5	8.0	0.3	0.180	1.000	Υ	Υ
D	0ZCF0100AF2A	1.00	2.00	60	100	1.5	8.0	0.5	0.090	0.410	Υ	Υ
	0ZCF0110FF2C	1.10	2.20	33	100	1.5	8.0	0.5	0.090	0.410	Υ	Υ
Е	0ZCF0125FF2C	1.25	2.50	33	100	1.5	8.0	2.0	0.050	0.250	Υ	Υ
F	0ZCF0150FF2C	1.50	3.00	33	100	1.5	8.0	2.0	0.050	0.230	Υ	Υ
G	0ZCF0185FF2C	1.85	3.70	33	100	1.5	8.0	2.5	0.040	0.150	Υ	Υ
	0ZCF0200FF2C	2.00	4.00	16	100	1.5	8.0	4.5	0.035	0.120	Υ	Υ
Н	0ZCF0200AF2C	2.00	4.00	24	100	1.5	8.0	5.0	0.035	0.120	Υ	Υ
I	0ZCF0250FF2C	2.50	5.00	16	100	1.5	8.0	16.0	0.025	0.085	Υ	Υ
J	0ZCF0260FF2C	2.60	5.20	6	100	1.5	8.0	20.0	0.020	0.075	Υ	Υ
	0ZCF0260AF2C	2.60	5.20	24	100	1.5	8.0	20.0	0.020	0.075	Υ	Υ
К	0ZCF0300FF2C	3.00	5.20	6	100	1.5	8.0	25.0	0.010	0.048	Υ	Υ
	0ZCF0300AF2C	3.00	5.20	15	100	1.5	8.0	20.0	0.010	0.048	Υ	Υ
	0ZCF0300BF2C	3.00	5.20	24	100	1.5	8.0	20.0	0.010	0.048	Υ	Υ

ΙH Hold Current-maximum current at which the device will not trip in still air at 23℃.

Trip current-minimum current at which the device will always trip in still air at 23°C. Imax Maximum fault current device can withstand without damage at rated voltage (Vmax).

Vmax Maximum voltage device can withstand without damage at its rated current.

Pd

Minimum device resistance at 23℃.

R1max Maximum device resistance at 23°C, 1 hour after initial device trip, or after being soldered to PCB in end application.



Specifications subject to change without notice

Type 0ZCF Series

PTC's - Basic Theory of Operation / "Tripped" Resistance Explanation

Fundamentally, a Bel PTC consists of a block of polymeric material containing conductive filler and bonded between two conductive, planar terminations.

At currents below the device IHOLD rating, AND at temperatures below 100C, the PTC maintains a resistance value below its R1 MAX rating.

As the device's temperature approaches 130C, either due to an increase in ambient temperature or a current exceeding its I TRIP rating, volumetric expansion of the filled polymer breaks apart the majority of conductive pathways across the terminals created by chain contact of adjacent filler particles or device resistance increases sharply by several orders of magnitude.

At the much higher "Tripped" resistance, there is just enough leakage current to allow internal heating to "hold" the device in its tripped state (around 125C) until power is interrupted. Once power is removed, the PTC's core cools and contracts allowing conductive chains to reform and return the device to its low resistance state.

The catalog data for each device specifies a "Typical Power" value. This is the power required to exactly match the heat lost by the tripped device to its ambient surroundings at 23C. By Ohm's Law, power can be stated as: $W = E^2R$. Thus the approximate resistance of a "Tripped" PTC can be determined by: $R = E^2W$, where "E" is the voltage appearing across the PTC (usually the supply's open circuit voltage), and "W" is the Typical Power value for the particular PTC.

Since the PPTC acts to maintain a constant internal temperature, its apparent resistance will change based upon applied voltage and, to a lesser degree, ambient conditions. Consider the following example....

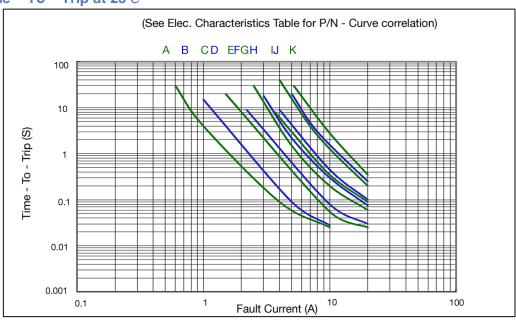
A PTC with a Typical Power of 1 watt protecting a circuit using a 60V supply will demonstrate an apparent, tripped resistance "R" of:

 $R = 60^2/1 = 3,600 \text{ ohms}$

This same tripped device when used to protect a 12V circuit would now present an apparent resistance of: $R = 12^2/1 = 144$ ohms

The value for Typical Power is "typical" because any physical factors that affect heat loss (such as ambient temperature or air convection) will somewhat alter the level of power that the PTC needs to maintain its internal temperature. In short, PTCs do not exhibit a constant, quantifiable tripped resistance value.







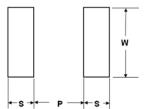
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Type 0ZCF Series

Pad Layout

The dimensions in the table below provide the recommended pad layout.

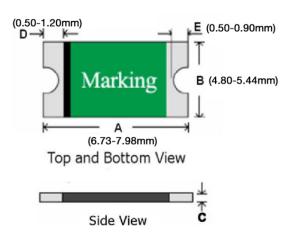


F)	8	3	W		
Nom	ninal	Nom	ninal	Nominal		
mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	
5.10	0.201	2.30	0.091	5.60	0.221	

Termination Pad Materials

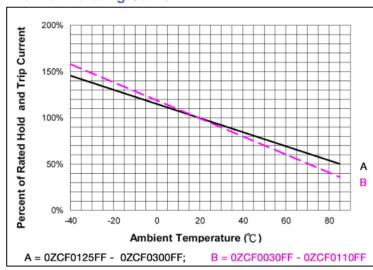
Matte Tin – Plated Copper

Mechanical Dimensions and Marking



All dimensions in mm. Marking Code Dimensions "b", Ін code Part Number Min Max bXXXX PXXX 0ZCE0030FF2C 0.60 1 15 0030 0ZCF0050FF2C 0.60 1.15 0050 0ZCF0075FF2C 0.40 1.15 0075 0ZCF0075AF2C 0.60 1.15 0100 0ZCF0100AF2A 1.70 0.40 0ZCF0110FF2C 0.40 1.00 0110 0ZCF0125FF2C 0.40 0.90 0125 0ZCF0150FF2C 0.40 0.90 0150 0ZCF0185FF2C 0.30 0.90 0185 0ZCF0200FF2C 0.30 0.90 0200 0200 0ZCF0200AF2C 0.80 24 0ZCF0250FF2C 0.30 0.90 0250 0ZCF0260FF2C 0.30 0.90 0260 0260 0ZCF0260AF2C 0.65 1.15 24 0ZCF0300FF2C 0300 0.40 0.90 0300 0ZCF0300AF2C 1.15 0300 0ZCF0300BF2C

Thermal Derating Curve



Cautionary Notes

- Operation beyond the specified maximum ratings or use may result in damage and possible electrical arcing and/or flame.
- These Polymer PTC (PPTC) devices are intended for protection against occasional overcurrent/ overtemperature fault conditions and may not be suitable for use in applications where repeated and/or prolonged fault conditions are anticipated.
- Avoid contact of PTC device with chemical solvent. Prolonged contact may adversely impact the PTC performance.
- These PTC devices may not be suitable for use in circuits with a large inductance, as the PTC trip can generate circuit voltage spikes above the PTC rated voltage
- These devices are intended for use in DC voltage applications only. Use in AC voltage applications should be first discussed with Bel Fuse engineering.
- Not recommended for use on potted or conformal coated PCB's. Restriction of free air flow could affect electrical performance and/or result in device failure. Consult Bel Fuse engineering.
- 7. MSL: 2a (According to IPC J-Std-020).

Specifications subject to change without notice



Bel Fuse Inc. 206 Van Vorst Street Jersey City, NJ 07302 USA

+1 201.432.0463 Bel.US.CS@belf.com belfuse.com/circuit-protection

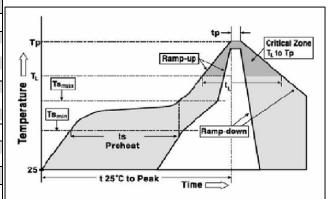
Type 0ZCF Series

Environmental Specifications

Temperature cycling	JESD22 Method JA-104			
Biased humidity	MIL-STD-202 Method 103			
Operational life	MIL-STD-202 Method 108			
Resistance to solvents	MIL-STD-202 Method 215			
Mechanical shock	MIL-STD-202 Method 213			
Vibration	MIL-STD-202 Method 204			
Resistance to soldering heat	MIL-STD-202 Method 210			
Thermal shock	MIL-STD-202 Method 107			
Solderability	ANSI/J-STD-002			
Board flex(SMD)	AEC-Q200-005			
Terminal strength	AEC-Q200-006			

Solder Reflow and Rework Recommendations

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly		
Average Ramp-Up Rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3°C/second max		
Preheat : Temperature Min (Tsmin)	150℃		
Temperature Max (Tsmax) Time (tsmin to tsmax)	200°C 60-180 seconds		
Time maintained above: Temperature(TL)	217℃		
Time (tL)	60-150 seconds		
Peak/Classification Temperature(Tp):	260℃		
Time within 5°C of actual Peak : Temperature (tp)	20-40 seconds		
Ramp-Down Rate :	6°C/second max.		
Time 25℃ to Peak Temperature :	8 minutes max		



Solder Reflow

Due to "lead free / RoHS 2" construction of these PTC devices, the required Temperature and Dwell Time in the "Soldering" zone of the reflow profile are greater than those used for non-RoHS devices.

- 1. Recommended reflow methods; IR, vapor phase oven, hot air oven.
- 2. Not Recommended For Wave Solder / Direct Immersion.
- 3. Recommended paste thickness range 0.20 0.25mm.
- 4. Devices are compatible with standard industry cleaning solvents and methods.
- 5. MSL: 2a (According to IPC J-Std-020).

Caution

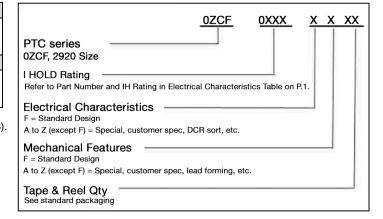
If reflow temperature / dwell times exceed the recommended profile, the electrical performance of the PTC may be affected. Rework: MIL-STD-202G Method 210F, Test Condition A.

Standard Packaging

Part Number	Tape/Reel Qty
0ZCF0030FF2C Thru	2,000
0ZCF0075AF2C	2,000
0ZCF0100AF2A	1,000
0ZCF0110FF2C	
Thru	2,000
0ZCF0300BF2C	

2000 or 1000 fuses in 7 inches dia. Reel, 8mm wide tape, 4mm pitch, per EIA-481(equivalent IEC-286 part 3).

P/N Explanation and Ordering Information





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+1 201.432.0463 Bel.US.CS@belf.com belfuse.com/circuit-protection