

7P

SERIES

SPD Type 1+2 Surge arrester range high discharge capability with no following	7P.09.1.255.0100 7P.01.8.260.1025		7P.02.8.2	260.1025	
current - single/three phase systems	(A Nial A)				(a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b
 Surge arresters, suitable for low-voltage applications, to protect equipment against overvoltage by direct lightning strike, induced overvoltage and switching overvoltage To be installed at the boundary of LPZ 0 - LPZ 1 zones or higher Versions with combination of varistor and high- performance gas discharge tube (GDT) ensures high discharge currents and eliminates leakage currents 	170 0 1 100 100 100 110 100 100 100			7508 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
 No follow current Very low residual voltage Low U_p voltage Replaceable modules Upside down mounting possible (thanks to dual terminal markings and new restraint system for the replaceable module that permits its inversion) Visual fault signalling: Healty/Replace Double screw terminal Remote status signalling contact: 	 SPD Type 1 Spark gap module for N-PE application in three phase system, 3+1 configuration Remote contact signalling of GDT presence Upside down mounting possib Replaceable modules 	 Visual fault an contact fault s varistor/GDT s Upside down r 	spark gap (for phase systems) d remote ignalling tatus nounting possible	fault signalling status, N-PE GE • Upside down m	spark gap (for ystems) d remote contact varistor/GDT DT presence nounting possible
Healty/Replace/Presence. Connector 07P.01 included		Replaceable n	nodules	Replaceable m	lodules
 According to EN 61 643-11 35 mm rail EN 60715 mounting, 36 mm each pole 7P.09.1.255.0100 SPD Type 1, GDT protection for N-PE application only, for 3+1 configuration 7P.01.8.260.1025 SPD Type 1+2, varistor + GDT unipolar protection suitable to realize single phase or three phase systems (230/400 V) with the GDT protection module (7P.09) 7P.02.8.260.1025 SPD Type 1+2 for single phase system. Varistor + GDT protection L-N + GDT protection N-PE 	07P.01 12 11 14 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	$\begin{array}{c} 07P.01 \\ 12 1114 \\ 07P.01 \\ 0$			
For outline drawing see page 13					
SPD specification	N-PE			L-N	N-PE
	N-PE —	2	30	L-N 230	N-PE
SPD specification	N-PE — 255		30		N-PE — 255
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC	_	2		230	_
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U_N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U_C) V AC		2	60	230 260	
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA		2	60 25	230 260 25	 255 50
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC & \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC & \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC & \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (I_{imp}) & kA & \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (I_n) & kA & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2	60 25 30	230 260 25 30	 255 50 50
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & & & & \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC & & \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC & & \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (l_{imp}) & kA & \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (l_n) & kA & \\ \hline Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (l_{max}) & kA & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 3 3 6 4 1	60 25 30 50	230 260 25 30 60	 255 50 50 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (I_{imp}) & kA \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (I_n) & kA \\ \hline Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (I_{max}) & kA \\ \hline Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV \\ \hline Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC \\ \hline Ability to independently switch off \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	60 25 30 50 .5	230 260 25 30 60 1.5	 255 50 50 100 1.5
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC & \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC & \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC & \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 \mus) (I_{imp}) & kA & \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 \mus) (I_n) & kA & \\ \hline Maximum discharge current (8/20 \mus) (I_{max}) & kA & \\ \hline Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV & \\ \hline Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC & \\ \hline Ability to independently switch off & \\ \hline the following current (I_fi) & A & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 3 3 6 4 1 4 4 8 No fol cur	60 25 30 50 .5 40 lowing rent	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC & Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC & Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC & Lightning impulse current (10/350 \mu s) (l_{imp}) & kA & Nominal discharge current (8/20 \mu s) (l_n) & kA & Maximum discharge current (8/20 \mu s) (l_{max}) & kA & Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV & Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC & Ability to independently switch off the following current (l_fi) & A & Response time (t_a) & ns & N & N & N & N & N & N & N & N & N & $		2 2 3 3 6 4 1 4 4 8 No fol cur	60 25 30 50 .5 40 Iowing	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following	 255 50 50 100 1.5
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC & Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC & Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC & Lightning impulse current (10/350 \mu s) (l_{imp}) & kA & Nominal discharge current (8/20 \mu s) (l_n) & kA & Maximum discharge current (8/20 \mu s) (l_{max}) & kA & Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV & Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC & Ability to independently switch off the following current (l_fi) & A & Response time (t_a) & ns & Short-circuit proof at maximum & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 3 4 1 4 No fol cur 1	60 25 30 50 .5 40 lowing rent 00	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100
SPD specificationNominal voltage (U _N)V ACMaximum operating voltage (U _C)V ACLightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp})kANominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n)kAMaximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max})kAVoltage protection level (U _p)kVTemporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV)ACAbility to independently switch offthe following current (I _{fi})AResponse time (t _a)nsShort-circuit proof at maximumovercurrent protectionkA _{rms} KA		2 2 3 6 1 1 4 No fol cur 1	60 25 30 50 .5 40 Iowing rent 00	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC & Maximum operating voltage (U_c) & V AC & Maximum operating voltage (U_c) & V AC & Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (l_{imp}) & kA & Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (l_{imp}) & kA & Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (l_{max}) & kA & Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV & Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC & Ability to independently switch off the following current (l_fi) & A & Response time (t_a) & ns & Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG) & Maximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gC) & Maximum overcurent protection (fuse$		2 2 3 4 1 1 4 1 1 2 5 5	60 25 30 50 .5 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (l_{imp}) & kA \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (l_n) & kA \\ \hline Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (l_max) & kA \\ \hline Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV \\ \hline Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC \\ \hline Ability to independently switch off \\ the following current (l_fi) & A \\ \hline Response time (t_a) & ns \\ \hline Short-circuit proof at maximum \\ overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG) \\ \hline Maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 3 4 1 1 4 No fol cur 1 5 25 25 25 25 25	60 25 30 50 55 40 lowing rent 00 50 50 0 A gL/gG	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification & V AC & Maximum operating voltage (U_c) & V AC & Maximum operating voltage (U_c) & V AC & Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (l_{imp}) & kA & Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (l_{imp}) & kA & Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (l_{max}) & kA & Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV & Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC & Ability to independently switch off the following current (l_fi) & A & Response time (t_a) & ns & Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG) & Maximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gC) & Maximum overcurent protection (fuse$		2 2 3 4 1 1 4 No fol cur 1 5 25 25 25 25 25	60 25 30 50 .5 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (l_{imp}) & kA \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (I_n) & kA \\ \hline Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (I_{max}) & kA \\ \hline Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV \\ \hline Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC \\ \hline Ability to independently switch off \\ the following current (I_fi) & A \\ \hline Response time (t_a) & ns \\ \hline Short-circuit proof at maximum \\ overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG) \\ \hline Maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection \\ \hline Replacement module code \\ \hline Other technical data \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 3 4 4 No fol cur 1 1 5 25 125 A 7P.00.8.	60 25 30 50 55 40 lowing rent 00 50 50 0 A gL/gG	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specificationNominal voltage (U_N) V ACMaximum operating voltage (U_C) V ACLightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I_{imp}) kANominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_n) kAMaximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_{max}) kAVoltage protection level (U_p) kVTemporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV)ACAbility to independently switch offthe following current (I_{fi}) AResponse time (t_a) nsShort-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connectionReplacement module codeOther technical dataAmbient temperature range°C		2 2 3 4 4 1 4 4 1 1 5 5 25 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8.	60 25 30 50 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c } \hline SPD specification \\ \hline Nominal voltage (U_N) & V AC \\ \hline Maximum operating voltage (U_C) & V AC \\ \hline Lightning impulse current (10/350 s) (l_{imp}) & kA \\ \hline Nominal discharge current (8/20 s) (I_n) & kA \\ \hline Maximum discharge current (8/20 s) (I_{max}) & kA \\ \hline Voltage protection level (U_p) & kV \\ \hline Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) & AC \\ \hline Ability to independently switch off \\ the following current (I_fi) & A \\ \hline Response time (t_a) & ns \\ \hline Short-circuit proof at maximum \\ overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG) \\ \hline Maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection \\ \hline Replacement module code \\ \hline Other technical data \\ \hline \end{tabular}$		2 2 3 4 4 1 4 4 1 1 5 5 25 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8.	60 25 30 50 50 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 2260.0025	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (I _{fi}) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree °C		2 2 3 3 4 1 4 4 No fol cur 1 1 1 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 1P	60 25 30 50 50 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 2260.0025	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P:00.8.260.0025	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specificationNominal voltage (U _N)V ACMaximum operating voltage (U _C)V ACLightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp})kANominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n)kAMaximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max})kAVoltage protection level (U _p)kVTemporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV)ACAbility to independently switch offthe following current (I _{fi})AResponse time (t _a)nsShort-circuit proof at maximumovercurrent protection for serial connectionReplacement module codeOther technical dataAmbient temperature range°CProtection degreeWire size		2 2 3 3 4 1 4 1 4 No fol cur 1 1 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 125 A 7P.00.8.	60 25 30 50 50 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 2260.0025	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P:00.8.260.0025	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specificationNominal voltage (U_N) V ACMaximum operating voltage (U_C) V ACLightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I_{imp}) kANominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_n) kAMaximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_{max}) kAVoltage protection level (U_p) kVTemporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV)ACAbility to independently switch offthe following current (I_{fi}) AResponse time (t_a) nsShort-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connectionReplacement module codeOther technical dataAAmbient temperature range°CProtection degreeWire size		2 2 3 3 4 1 4 4 No fol cur 1 1 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2 5 2	60 25 30 50 50 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 2260.0025	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (I _{fi}) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree Wire size		2 2 3 3 4 1 4 4 No fol cur 1 1 5 25 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 1 1 1 1 2 5 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 1 1 1 2 5 1 2 5 125 A 7 10 10 1 1 2 5 125 A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	60 25 30 50 40 lowing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025 +80 20	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specificationNominal voltage (U_N) V ACMaximum operating voltage (U_C) V ACLightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I_{imp}) kANominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_n) kAMaximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_n) kAVoltage protection level (U_p) kVTemporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV)ACAbility to independently switch offthe following current (I_fi) A Response time (t_a) nsShort-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connectionReplacement module codeOther technical dataAmbient temperature range°CProtection degreeWire sizeWire strip lengthmm		2 2 3 3 4 1 4 4 No fol cur 1 1 5 25 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 1 1 1 1 2 5 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 1 1 1 2 5 1 2 5 125 A 7 10 10 1 1 2 5 125 A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	60 25 30 50 40 10wing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025 +80 20 1	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (I _{fi}) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree Wire size Wire strip length mm Screw torque Nm		2 2 3 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 1 1 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 1 1 1 1 1 2 5 125 A 7 125 A 7 125 A 125	60 25 30 50 40 10wing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025 +80 20 1	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100 7P:00.1.000.0050
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (I _{fi}) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree Wire size Wire strip length mm Screw torque Nm Remote status signalling contact specification		2 2 3 4 4 1 4 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 1 5 1 25 125 4 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	60 25 30 50 40 10wing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025 +80 20 11 4	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P:00.8.260.0025 7P:00.8.260.0025 stranded cable 1 x 2.51 x 35 1 x 131 x 2	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 7P:00.1.000.0050
SPD specificationNominal voltage (U_N) V ACMaximum operating voltage (U_C) V ACLightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I_{imp}) kANominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_n) kAMaximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_max) kAVoltage protection level (U_p) kVTemporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV)ACAbility to independently switch offthe following current (I_fi) AResponse time (t_a) nsShort-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG)Maximum overcurrent protection for serial connectionReplacement module codeOther technical dataAmbient temperature range°CProtection degreeWire sizeMire strip lengthmmScrew torqueNmRemote status signalling contact specificationContact configuration		2 2 3 4 4 1 4 4 1 4 1 4 4 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	60 60 25 60 60 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025 7P00.8.260.0025 stranded cable 1 x 2.51 x 35 1 x 131 x 2	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 7P:00.1.000.0050
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (In) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data A Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree Wire size mm² AWG Wire strip length mm Screw torque Nm Remote status signalling contact specification Contact configuration Rated current A AC/DC		2 2 3 3 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 2 5 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 125 A 7P.00.8. 125 A 7P.00.5. 125 A 7P.00.5. 125 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70	60 60 25 60 60 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025 7P00.8.260.0025 stranded cable 1 x 2.51 x 35 1 x 131 x 2	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 7P:00.1.000.0050 7P:00.1.000.0050 SPDT) /0.1
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (I _{fi}) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree Wire size Mire strip length mm Screw torque Nm Remote status signalling contact specification Contact configuration Rated current A AC/DC Rated voltage V AC/DC		2 2 3 3 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 2 5 2 5 125 A 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 7P.00.8. 125 A 7P.00.8. 125 A 7P.00.5. 125 A 7P.00.5. 125 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70 A 70	60 25 30 50 40 10wing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025 +80 20 +80 20 +80 20 +80 20 +80 +80 80	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025 7P00.8.260.0025 stranded cable 1 x 2.51 x 35 1 x 131 x 2	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100 7P.00.1.000.0050 7P.00.1.000.0050 SPDT) /0.1
SPD specification Nominal voltage (U _N) V AC Maximum operating voltage (U _C) V AC Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp}) kA Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA Voltage protection level (U _p) kV Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC Ability to independently switch off the following current (I _{fi}) A Response time (t _a) ns Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection Replacement module code Other technical data Ambient temperature range °C Protection degree Wire size Wire strip length mm Screw torque Nm Remote status signalling contact specification Contact configuration Rated current Rated current A AC/DC Wire size (07P.01) VAC/DC	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c } \hline 255 \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline 1.5 \\ \hline - \\ \hline 100 \\ \hline 1$	2 2 3 3 4 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	60 25 30 50 40 10wing rent 00 50 0 A gL/gG 260.0025 +80 20 1 1 4 (SPDT) /0.1 0/30 stranded cable 1.5 16	230 260 25 30 60 1.5 440 No following current 100 50 250 A 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025 7P00.8.260.0025 50 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025 125 A gL/gG 7P00.8.260.0025 7P00.8.250 7P00.8.500 7P00.8.500 7P00.8.500 7P00.8.500 7P00.8.500 7P00.80	 255 50 50 100 1.5 100 100 100 7P.00.1.000.0050 7P.00.1.000.0050 SPDT) /0.1 0/30 stranded cable



7P.05.8.260.1025

• SPD Type 1+2

• 4 x combined varistor and

encapsulated spark gap

Visual fault and remote

contact fault signalling

Upside down mounting position

varistor/GDT status

Replaceable modules

SPD Type 1+2 Surge arrester range - three phase high discharge capability with no following current - system (230/400 V)

- Surge arresters, suitable for low-voltage applications, to protect equipment against overvoltage by direct lightning strike, induced overvoltage and switching overvoltage
- To be installed at the boundary of LPZ 0 LPZ 1 zones or higher
- Combined high energy varistor block and heavy duty encapsulated spark gap (GDT) ensures high discharge current and eliminates leakage current No follow current
- Very low residual voltage
- Low U_p voltage
- Replaceable modules

7P

SERIES

F

- Upside down mounting possible (thanks to dual terminal markings and new restraint system for
- the replaceable module that permits its inversion) Visual fault signalling: Healty/Replace
- Double screw terminal
- Remote status signalling contact:
- Healty/Replace/Presence. Connector 07P.01 included • According to EN 61 643-11

35 mm rail EN 60715 mounting, 36 mm each pole 7P.03.8.260.1025 SPD Type 1+2 for three phase system without Neutral (PEN conductor). Varistor + GDT protection L1, L2, L3-PEN 7P.04.8.260.1025 SPD Type 1+2 for three phase system with Neutral. Varistor + GDT protection L1, L2, L3-N + spark gap protection N-PE 7P.05.8.260.1025 SPD Type 1+2 for three phase system with Neutral. Varistor + GDT protection L1, L2, L3-N +

varistor + GDT protection N-PE

For outline drawing see page 13, 14

• SPD Type 1+2 • 3 x combined varistor and encapsulated spark gap • Visual fault and remote

0

7P.03.8.260.1025

- contact fault signalling
- varistor/GDT status

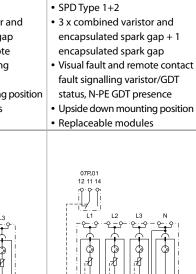
07P.01

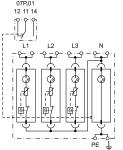
12 11 14

Upside down mounting position

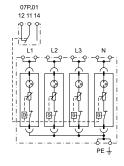
PEN 1

Replaceable modules





7P.04.8.260.1025



SPD specification L-PEN L-N N-PE L, N-PE Nominal voltage (U_N) V AC 230 230 230 Maximum operating voltage (U_c) V AC 260 260 255 260 Lightning impulse current (10/350 µs) (I_{imp}) kΑ 25 100 25 25 kΑ Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (In) 30 30 100 30 Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I_{max}) kΑ 60 60 100 60 Voltage protection level (U_P) kV 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 Temporary overvoltage - 120 min (TOV) AC 440 440 440 Ability to independently switch off No following No following No following the following current (Ifi) 100 A current current current Response time (t_a) ns 100 100 100 100 Short-circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection **k**A_{rms} 50 50 50 Maximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG) 250 A 250 A 250 A Maximum overcurrent protection for serial connection 125 A gL/gG 125 A gL/gG 125 A gL/gG Replacement module code 7P.00.8.260.0025 7P.00.8.260.0025 7P.00.1.000.0100 7P.00.8.260.0025

Other technical data							
Ambient temperature range	°C			-40.	+80		
Protection degree				IP	20		
Wire size			solid cable			stranded cable	
	mm²		1 x 2.51 x 50			1 x 2.51 x 35	
	AWG		1 x 131 x 1			1 x 131 x 2	
Wire strip length	mm			1	11		
Screw torque	Nm				4		
Remote status signalling contact	t specification						
Contact configuration		1 CO	(SPDT)	1 CO (SPDT)		1 CO	(SPDT)
Rated current	A AC/DC	0.5	/0.1	0.5/0.1		0.5/0.1	
Rated voltage	V AC/DC	25	0/30	250/30		25	0/30
Wire size (07P.01)		solid cable	stranded cable	solid cable	stranded cable	solid cable	stranded cable
	mm²	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	AWG	16	16	16	16	16	16
Approvals (according to type)				CE ERE () 💽 🐼		

7P SERIES Surge Protection Device (SPD)

phase system

LPZ 1 zones

Healthy/Replace

SPD Type 1+2 Surge arrester range with high

performance "Low Up" - Single phase/three

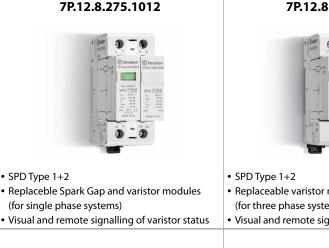
• Surge arrester suitable for 230/400 V system applications to prevent overvoltage effects caused by direct or indirect lightning strikes • To be installed at the boundary of LPZ 0 and

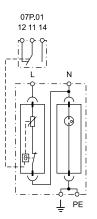
• Low U_p to protect senstive equipment • Visual indication of varistor status -



E

7P.12.8.275.1012



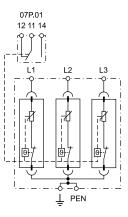




• Replaceable varistor modules

(for three phase systems)

• Visual and remote signalling of varistor status



For outline drawing see page 14

	L	-N	N-PE	L-F	PEN	
V AC	2	30	—	2	30	
V AC/DC	275	/350	255/—	275	/350	
_{np}) kA	12	2.5	25	1:	2.5	
kA	3	0	40	3	0	
_{ax}) kA	6	60	60	6	0	
kV	1	.2	1.5	1	.2	
	No fol	lowing		No fol	lowing	
Α	cur	rent	100	cur	rent	
ns	2	25	100	2	5	
kA _{rms}	5	0	—	5	0	
ng gL/gG)	16	0 A	—	16	0 A	
	7P.10.8.2	275.0012	7P.10.1.000.0025	7P.10.8.2	275.0012	
°C	-40+80					
		IP20				
		solid	blid cable stranded cable			
mm ²		1 x 1	1 x 35 1 x 11 x 25		.1 x 25	
AWG		1 x 17.	.1 x 2 1 x 171 x 4		1 x 4	
mm			1.	2		
Nm			3	3		
fication						
	1 CO	(SPDT)	—	1 CO	(SPDT)	
A AC/DC	0.5	/0.1	—	0.5	/0.1	
V AC/DC	250/30		—	250)/30	
	solid cable	stranded cable		solid cable	stranded cable	
mm²	1.5	1.5	—	1.5	1.5	
AWG	16	16	_	16	16	
ing to type) CE EAE @						
	V AC/DC hpp) kA kA ax) kA kV A A ns kArms ng gL/gG) °C °C mm ² AWG mm Nm ification A AC/DC V AC/DC Mm ²	V AC 2. V AC/DC 275 np) kA 11 kA 33 ax) kA 66 kV 11 11 ax) kA 66 kV 11 No fol A cur 1 ns 22 1 kArms 55 5 ng gL/gG) 166 7P.10.8.2 $^{\circ}$ C 2 2 AMG 2 2 Mm ² 2 2 AWG 1 2 Nm 1 2 ification 1 2 AAC/DC 0.5 250 V AC/DC 250 250 mm ² 1.5 3	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c } VAC/DC & 275/350 \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & &$	V AC 230 — V AC/DC 275/350 255/— kA 12.5 25 kA 30 40 ax) kA 60 60 kV 1.2 1.5 1.5 No following A current 100 ns 25 100 100 kAms 50 — — ng gL/gG) 160 A — — reg 7P.10.8.275.0012 7P.10.1.000.0025 — amm2 7P.10.8.275.0012 7P.10.1.000.0025 — mm2 160 A — — — mm2 Solid cable 1 x 11 x 35 — fification 1 C — 3 ification 1 C — 3 ification 1.5 — — <t< td=""><td>VAC 230 — 2 VAC/DC 275/350 255/— 225 np) KA 12.5 25 12 kA 30 40 36 36 36 av) KA 60 60 66 66 kV 1.2 1.5 11 11 No following 00 00 00 60 A current 100 00 00 20 KArms 50 — 55 100 20 kArms 50 — 55 57 57 ggL/gG) 160 A — 16 57 57 rggL/gG 160 A — 16 57 57 57 57 mm2 160 A — — 16 11 1.1.1 x 35 1 x 1 1 x 1 MMG 1 x 11 x 35 1 x 11 x 35 1 x 1 1 x 1 1 x 1 1 x 1</td></t<>	VAC 230 — 2 VAC/DC 275/350 255/— 225 np) KA 12.5 25 12 kA 30 40 36 36 36 av) KA 60 60 66 66 kV 1.2 1.5 11 11 No following 00 00 00 60 A current 100 00 00 20 KArms 50 — 55 100 20 kArms 50 — 55 57 57 ggL/gG) 160 A — 16 57 57 rggL/gG 160 A — 16 57 57 57 57 mm2 160 A — — 16 11 1.1.1 x 35 1 x 1 1 x 1 MMG 1 x 11 x 35 1 x 11 x 35 1 x 1 1 x 1 1 x 1 1 x 1	

Connector 07P.01 included • Replaceable varistor and Spark Gap modules • Complies with EN 61 643-11

- 17.5 mm rail EN 60715 mounting for each module
- 7P.12.8.275.1012 SPD Type 1+2 for single phase system with Neutral.

• Contact for remote signalling of varistor status.

- Varistor protection L-N + spark gap protection N-PE for single phase systems
- Replaceble Spark Gap and varistor modules

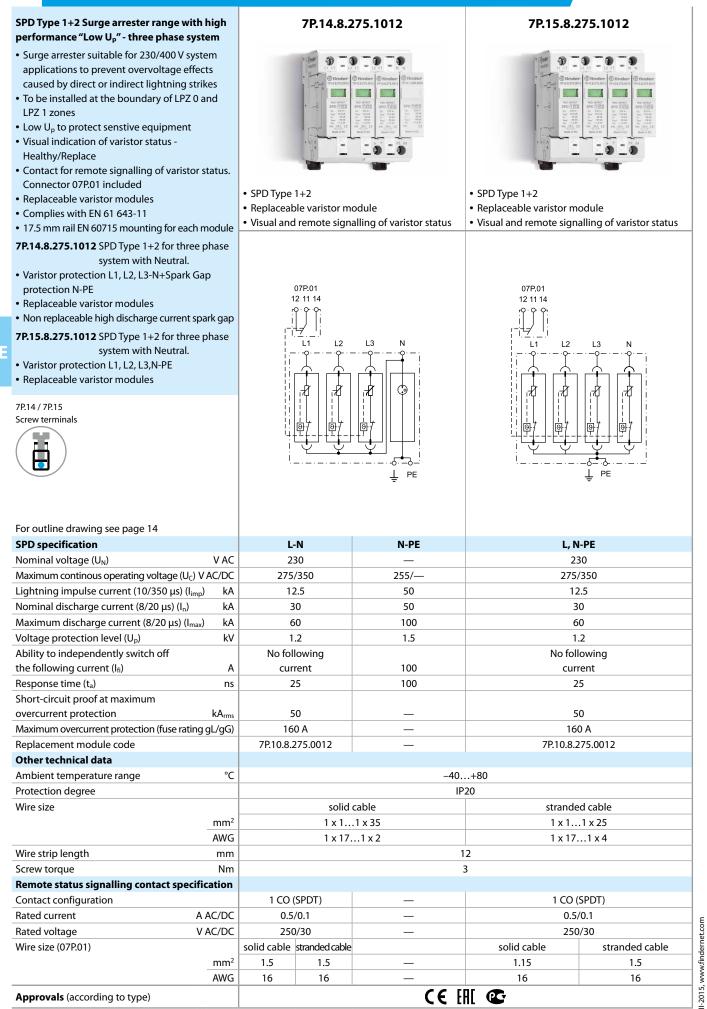
7P.13.8.275.1012 SPD Type 1+2 for three phase system without Neutral (PEN conductor).

- Varistor protection L1, L2, L3-PEN for three phase systems
- Replaceable varistor modules

7P.12 / 7P.13 Screw terminals





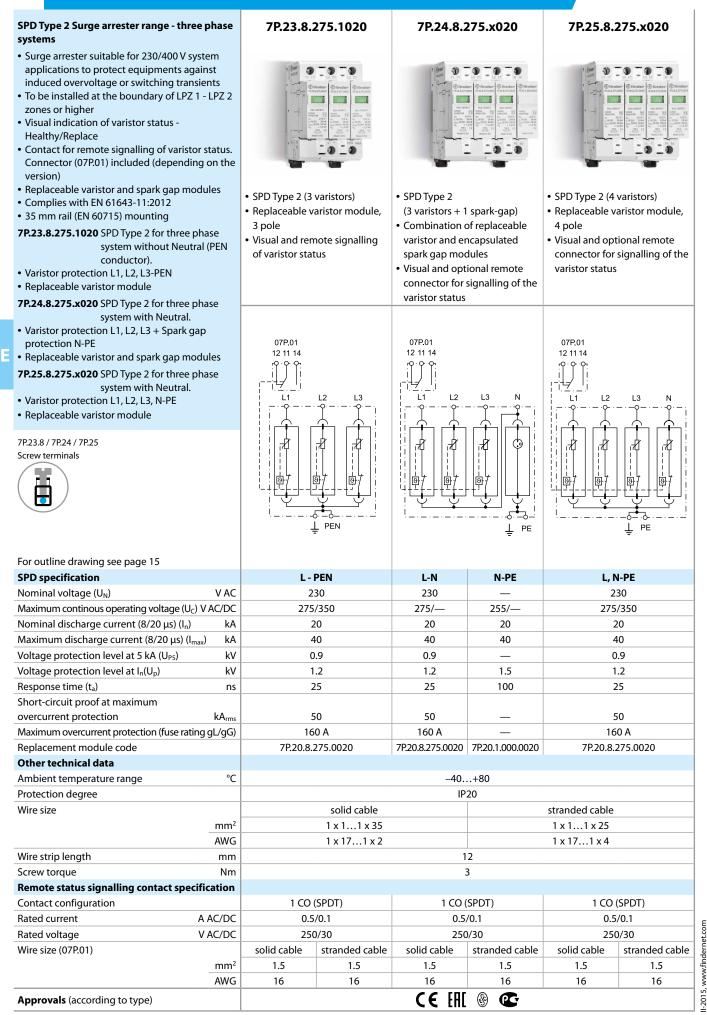




		1							
	PD Type 2 Surge arrester range for single/ hree phase AC systems and for DC systems	76	P.21.8 .2	xxx.x0 2	x	7P.22.8.2	275.x020	7P.27.8.275.x020	
•	Surge arrester suitable for AC and DC systems to protect equipment against induced overvoltage or switching transients To be installed at the boundary of LPZ 1 - LPZ 2 zones or higher Visual indication of varistor status - Healthy/Replace Contact for remote signalling of varistor status. Connector (07P.01) included (depending on the version) Replaceable varistor and spark gap modules Complies with EN 61643-11:2012	The second secon					The second secon		
7 • •	17.5 mm rail EN 60715 mounting for each module P.21.8.075.1015 SPD Type 2, unipolar protection suitable for DC applications or low voltage AC single phase systems Varistor protection +/- or L/N (GND); -/+ or GND (L/N) Replaceable module P.21.8.130.1015 SPD Type 2, unipolar protection suitable for DC application or low voltage AC	 Replaceable varistor module Visual and optional remote connector for signalling of the varistor status 		 SPD Type 2 (1 varistor + 1 spark-gap) Combination of replaceable varistor and encapsulated spark gap modules Visual and optional remote connector for signalling of the varistor status 		 SPD Type 2 (2 varistors) Replaceable varistor modules Visual and optional remote connector for signalling of the varistor status 			
	single phase systems Varistor protection +/- or L/N (GND); -/+ or GND (L/N)								
• 7 • 7	Replaceable module P.21.8.275.x020 SPD Type 2, unipolar protection suitable to realize single phase or three phase systems (230/400 V) Varistor protection L/N(GND)-GND/(L/N) Replaceable module P.21.8.440.x020 SPD Type 2, unipolar protection suitable for three phase systems (400 V AC) Varistor protection L/N(GND)-GND/(L/N) Replaceable module P.22.8.275.x020 SPD Type 2 for single phase system with Neutral Varistor protection L-N + spark gap production N-PE Replaceable varistor and spark gap modules P.27.8.275.x020 SPD Type 2 for single phase	$\begin{array}{c} 07P.01 \\ 12 11 14 \\ 1$		$\begin{array}{c} UP = 0 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$					
	system with Neutral Varistor protection L, N-PE		8.075.00						
	Replaceable varistor modules		.8.130.00						
			0.8.275.0 20.8.440.						
F	or outline drawing see page 14								
S	PD specification	075.1015	130.1015	275.1020	440.1020	L-N	N-PE	L, N-PE	
Ν	lominal voltage (U _N) V AC/DC	60/60	110/125	230/—	400/—	230/—		230/—	
Ν	laximum continous operating voltage (U_C) V AC/DC	75/100	130/170	275/350	440/585	275/—	255/—	275/—	
Ν	lominal discharge current (8/20 μs) (I _n) kA	15	15	20	20	20	20	20	
	laximum discharge current (8/20 μs) (I _{max}) kA	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	
	oltage protection level at 5 kA (U _{P5}) kV	0.3	0.45	0.9	1.5	0.9		0.9	
	oltage protection level at In(Up) kV	0.4	0.6	1.2	1.9	1.2	1.5	1.2	
	esponse time (t _a) ns		2	.5		25	100	25	
	hort-circuit proof at maximum		50		25	50		50	
	vercurrent protection kA _{rms}		50		25	50 160 A		50	
	laximum overcurrent protection (fuse rating gL/gG)	*	160 A **	***	125 A ****	7P.20.8.275.0020		160 A 7P.20.8.275.0020	
	Princement module code					7 F.20.0.27 3.0020	71.20.1.000.0020	/ 1.20.0.2/ 3.0020	
	mbient temperature range °C					-40	+80		
	rotection degree					 IP:			
	/ire size			solid	cable	IF 2		stranded cable	
v	mm ²	solid cable			1 x 11 x 25				
	AWG	1 x 171 x 2				1 x 171 x 4			
v	/ire strip length mm			1	2				
	crew torque Nm								
	emote status signalling contact specification								
	ontact configuration			1 CO (SPDT)			1 CO (SPDT)	
	ated current A AC/DC			0.5/				0.5/0.1	
5 —	ated voltage V AC/DC			250				250/30	
<u>۳</u> –	/ire size (07P.01)	s	olid cabl			anded cable	solid cabl		
v.find	mm ²		1.5			1.5	1.5	1.5	
ww	AWG		16			16	16	16	
015,	pprovals (according to type)					C€ ER[§ 💽		
n 7	FF sale (according to type)						v v		

7P SERIES





7P SERIES Surge Protection Device (SPD)



7P SERIES

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SPD Type 2 Surge arrester range for **Photovoltaic applications**

- Surge arrester for protection of DC side (420 V to 1200 V) of systems in photovoltaic applications
- Protects equipment against inducedovervoltage caused by lightning strikes or switching transients

7P.26.9.420.1020, U_{CPV} = 420 V DC **7P.23.9.750.x020,** U_{CPV} = 750 V DC 7P.23.9.200.1015, U_{CPV} = 1200 V DC

- Visual indication of varistor status -Healthy/Replace
- Contact for remote signalling of varistor status. Connector (07P.01) included (depending on the verision)
- Replaceable modules
- Complies with prEN 50539-11:2010
- 35 mm rail (EN 60715) mounting

7P.23.9 / 7P.26





7P.26.9.420.1020

- SPD Type 2 (2 varistors + 1 spark-gap) for 420 V DC photovoltaic systems
- Combination of replaceable varistor and encapsulated spark gap modules
- Visual and remote signalling of varistor status

07P.01

12 11 14



7P.23.9.750.x020

• SPD Type 2 (3 varistors) for 750 V DC photovoltaic systems

varistor status

07P.01

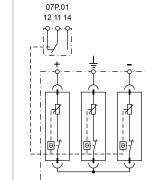
12 11 14

- Replaceable varistor modules
- Visual and optional remote connector for signalling of the

7P.23.9.200.1015



- SPD Type 2 (3 varistors) for 1200 V DC photovoltaic systems
- Replaceable varistor modules
- Visual and remote signalling of varistor status

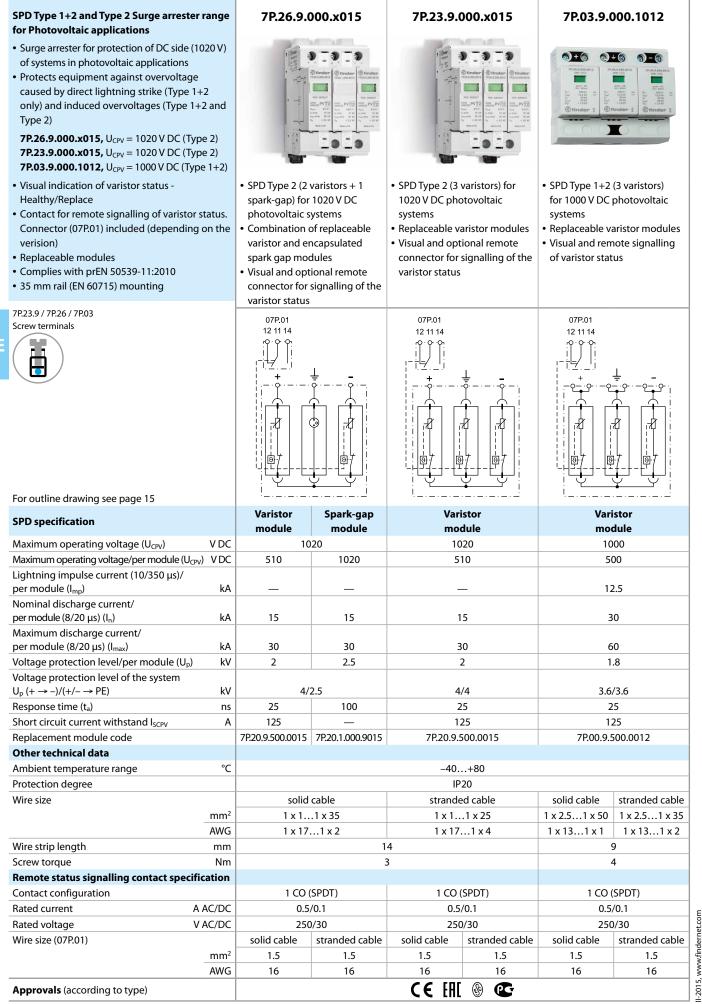


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For outline	drawing	see	page	15

For outline drawing see page 15							
SPD specification		Varistor module	Spark-gap module		istor dule		stor dule
Maximum operating voltage (U _{CPV})	V DC	42	20	7	50	1200	
Maximum operating voltage/per module (U	_{CPV}) VDC	375	420	3	75	6	00
Nominal discharge current/							
per module (8/20 µs) (I _n)	kA	20	20	2	20	1	5
Maximum discharge current/							
per module (8/20 µs) (I _{max})	kA	40	40	2	10	3	0
Voltage protection level/per module (U _p) kV	1.8	1.5	1	.8	2	.1
Voltage protection level of the system							
$U_p (+ \rightarrow -)/(+/- \rightarrow PE)$	kV	3.6/	/1.5	3.6	/3.6	4.2	/4.2
Response time (t _a)	ns	25	100	2	25	2	5
Short circuit current withstand I _{SCPV}	Α	63		6	53	12	25
Replacement module code		7P.20.9.375.0020	_	7P.20.9.	375.0020	7P.20.9.600.0015	
Other technical data							
Ambient temperature range	°C			-40.	+80		
Protection degree				IP	20		
Wire size			solid cable			stranded cable	
	mm ²		1 x 11 x 35			1 x 11 x 25	
	AWG		1 x 171 x 2			1 x 171 x 4	
Wire strip length	mm			1	14		
Screw torque	Nm				3		
Remote status signalling contact spec	ification						
Contact configuration		1 CO (SPDT)	1 CO	(SPDT)	1 CO (SPDT)
Rated current	A AC/DC	0.5/0.1		0.5/0.1		0.5	/0.1
Rated voltage	V AC/DC	250/30		250	0/30	250)/30
Wire size (07P.01)		solid cable	stranded cable	solid cable	stranded cable	solid cable	stranded cable
	mm ²	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	AWG	16	16	16	16	16	16
Approvals (according to type)		CE ERE ® @					





8

7P SERIES Surge Protection Device (SPD)

finder

7P.37.8.275.1003

SPD Type 3, Surge arrester for TT and TN-S system (with Neutral) Single phase applications within socket outlets and 35 mm rail mounting

- Protects electrical and electronic equipment sensitive to impulse overvoltage
- "1+1" configuration: varistor + spark gap protection (avoiding earth leakage current)
 Conforms to EN 61643-11

7P.32.8.275.2003

- Provides easy additional surge protection for 230 V sockets
- Acoustic indication of need to replace varistor
 3-wires, 150 mm long, for connection to socket terminals

7P.37.8.275.1003

- Permits serial connection for optimized load protection up to 16 A
- Integrated remote signalling contact of varistor status
- Relay with gold change-over contact for reliable low level switching
- 17.5 mm L-N/N-PE protection
- Mounting on 35 mm DIN rail (EN 60715)

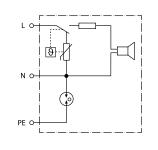


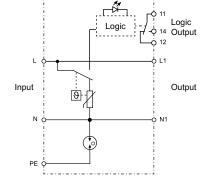
7P.32.8.275.2003

- SPD Type 3
- Acoustic (buzzing) signalling of varistor fault



- SPD Type 3
- Series connection for protection of loads up to 16 A
- Remote signaling of varistor status by integral change-over relay contact





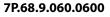
* see diagram L7P page 21				
For outline drawing see page 15, 16				
SPD specification				
Nominal voltage (U _N)	V AC	230	23	·
Maximum continuous operating voltage (U _c) V AC	275	27	5
Rated load current I _L	A		16	5
Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs)				
L-N, L(N)-PE (I _n)	kA	3/3	3/	3
Test voltage of the combined generator				
L-N, L(N)-PE (U _{OC})	kV	6/6	6/	
Voltage protection level L-N, L(N)-PE (Up) kV	1/1.5	1/1	
Response time L-N, L(N)-PE (t _a)	ns	25/100	25/1	00
Short-circuit proof at maximum				
overcurrent protection	kA _{rms}	6	5	
Maximum overcurrent protection		16 A gL/gG, C16A	16 A gL/gG, B16A, C16A	
Other technical data				
Ambient temperature range	°C	-25+80	-25	+70*
Protection degree		IP 20	IP 2	20
Wire size		_	solid cable	stranded cable
	mm ²	_	0.56	0.54
	AWG		2010	2012
Wire strip length	mm	_	9	
Screw torque	Nm	_	0.8	3
Remote status signalling contact spec	ification			
Contact configuration		—	1 CO (5	SPDT)
Rated current	A AC	_	0.5	
Rated voltage	V AC	_	230	
Breaking capacity DC1: 30/110	A	_	2/0.3	
Minimum switching load m	W (V/mA)	_	10 (5/5)	
Contact material		_	AgNi	+ Au
Approvals (according to type)		CEERE @	CE ERE	® 💽

E

F

Data line SPD for Ethernet Cat. 6

- Suitable for Ethernet, POE (Power over Ethernet) and dataline transmission system up to 250 MHz
- Protection of all pairs of conductors with minimum attenuation
- Aluminum chassis and RJ45 in metal screens
- Included accessories for simple installation near the equipment to be protected, LPZ boundary 2-3 (Type 3)
- Complies to EN 61643-21
- Mounting on 35 mm DIN rail





- Ethernet Cat 6 60 V
- Shielded RJ45 connectors

		N OUT
For outline drawing see page 16 SPD specification		
Nominal voltage of system (U_N)	V DC	48
Maximum operating voltage (U _C)	V DC	60
Nominal current IL	mA	500
C2 total nominal discharge current (8/20 $\mu s)$ line - PG ($I_n)$	kA	1.6
C2 nominal discharge current (8/20 μs) line-line (I _n)	А	200
Voltage protection level		
line-line @ I _n (C2) - (U _p)	v	40
Voltage protection level	, <i>,</i> ,	252
line-PG @ I _n (C2) - (U _p) Voltage protection level	V	350
line-line @ 1 kV/ μ s (C3) - (U _p)	v	65
Insertion attenuation @ 250 MHz	dB	<2
Response time	ns	1
Other technical data	5	-
Ambient temperature range	°C	-40+80
Degree of protection		IP 20
Input-Output connection		RJ45/RJ45 shielded
Approvals (according to type)		CE

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7P

SERIES

Example: 7P series, surge protection device, Type 2, single phase (U_c = 275 V), 1 varistor + 1 encapsulated spark gap, with remote status signalling contact, I_n = 20 kA

7 P.2 2.8.2	7 5 . 1 0 2 0
Series	Nominal discharge current
Туре	100 = 100 kA (l _{imp} Type 1) only for 7P.09 N-PE GDT for 7P.04
0 = Combined type 1 + 2 arresters	050 = 50 kA (I _{imp} Type 1 N-PE GDT for 7P.
high discharge capability	$025 = 25 \text{ kA} (I_{imp} \text{ Type } 1+2)$
1 = Type 1+2 high performance "Low U_p "	$020 = 20 \text{ kA} (I_n \text{ Type } 2)$
surge arresters	015 = 15 kA (I _n Type 2)
2 = Type 2 surge arresters	012 = 12.5 kA (I _{imp} Type 1+2)
3 = Type 3 surge arresters	003 = 3 kA (I _n @ U _{oc} only for 7P.32 and 7P.3
6 = Data line SPD	600 = Ethernet Cat 6 (Data line SPD)
Circuit	Remote status signalling contact
1 = Single phase (1 varistor)	0 = Without remote status signalling
2 = Single phase (1 varistor + 1 spark-gap)	contact (only some Type 2 SPD and
3 = Three-phase (3 varistors)	Data line)
4 = Three-phase (3 varistors + 1 spark-gap)	1 = Built-in remote status signalling
5 = Three-phase (4 varistors)	contact
6 = 2 varistors + 1 spark-gap	2 = Acoustic fault signalling
7 = Single phase (2 varistors) Type 2 (7P.27)	6 = Upside down screw position
7 = Single phase (1 varistor + 1 spark gap) Type 3,	
DIN rail mounting (7P.37)	
8 = Protected poles (Data line SPD)	
9 = N-PE spark-gap for three phase system	
0 = Spare module	
Supply version	
1 = N+PE connection	
(only for single spark gap replaceable module and 7P.09)	
8 = AC (50/60 Hz)	
9 = DC (PV application and Data line SPD)	
Supply voltage	
000 = 1000 V DC Max PV SPD T1+2 (7P.03.9), 1020 V DC Max PV SP) T2 (7P.23.9, 7P.26.9) or N+PE connection for spark gap modules

 $060 = 60 \text{ V DC Max}(U_c)$ and Data line SPD

075 = 75 V AC

130 = 130 V AC

200 = 1200 V DC Max

420 = 420 V DC Max

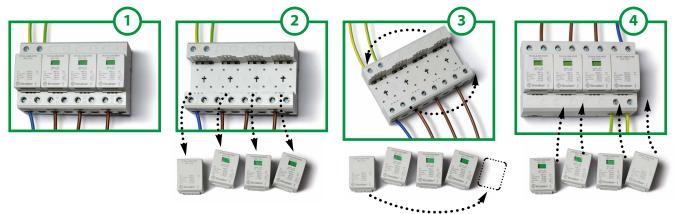
- 750 = 750 V DC Max
- 440 = 440 V Max (U_C) for SPD Type 2 (for U_N = 400 V AC)

275=275 V Max for SPD Type 1+2 "Low U_{p} , Type 2 (U_{C}) (for U_{N} = 230-240 V AC) and Type 3

260=260 V Max (U_c) for SPD Type 1+ 2 (for U_N = 230-240 V AC)

255 = 255 V Max (U_c) for SPD Type 1, N+PE (7P.09)

Upside down mounting





Replaceable modules



7P SERIES

	Replacement varistor and Spark-Gap modules	7P.00.8.260.0025	7P.00.9.500.0012	7P.00.1.000.0050	7P.00.1.000.0100
a seas		Varistor	Varistor	Spark-Gap	Spark-Gap
1) 1)	Maximum operating voltage (U _C /U _{CPV}) V AC/DC	260/—	—/500	255/—	255/—
or i	Lightning Impulse current (10/350 μ s) (I _{imp}) kA	25	12.5	50	100
_	Nominal discharge current (8/20 μs) (I _n) kA	30	30	100	100
	Maximum discharge current (8/20 μs) (I _{max}) kA	60	60	100	100
	Voltage protection level (U _p) kV	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.5
-	Response time (t _a) ns	25	25	100	100
-	Maximum overcurrent protection	250 A gL/gG			



Replacement varistor and Spark-Gap mod	dules	7P.10.8.275.0012	7P.10.1.000.0025
		Varistor	Spark-Gap
Maximum operating voltage (U _c)	V AC	275	255
Lightning Impulse current (10/350 µs) (I _{imp})	kA	12.5	25
Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n)	kA	30	30
Maximum discharge current (8/20 μs) (I _{max})	kA	60	60
Voltage protection level (U _p)	kV	1.2	1.5
Response time (t _a)	ns	25	100
Maximum overcurrent protection		160 A gL/gG	



Replacement varistor modules		7P.20.8.075.0015	7P.20.8.130.0015	7P.20.8.275.0020	7P.20.8.440.0020
		Varistor	Varistor	Varistor	Varistor
Maximum operating voltage (U _C)	/ AC/DC	75/100	130/170	275/350	440/585
Nominal discharge current (8/20 μ s) (I _n)	kA	15	15	20	20
Maximum discharge current (8/20 μs) (I _{max}	,) kA	40	40	40	40
Voltage protection level (U _p)	kV	0.4	0.6	1.2	1.5
Response time (t _a)	ns	25	25	25	25
Maximum overcurrent protection		160 A gL/gG	160 A gL/gG	160 A gL/gG	125 A gL/gG



Replacement varistor modules	7P.20.9.375.0020	7P.20.9.500.0015	7P.20.9.600.0015
	Varistor	Varistor	Varistor
Maximum operating voltage (U_C/U_{CPV}) V AC/DC	—/375	—/510	—/600
Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA	20	15	15
Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA	40	30	30
Voltage protection level (U _p) kV	1.8	2	2.1
Response time (t _a) ns	25	25	25
Maximum overcurrent protection	125 A gL/gG	_	_

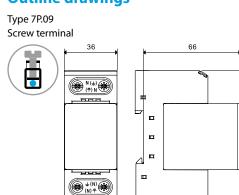


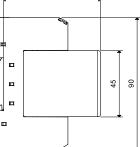
Replacement Spark-Gap modules	7P.20.1.000.0020	7P.20.1.000.9015	
	Spark-Gap	Spark-Gap	
Maximum operating voltage (U _C /U _{CPV}) V AC/DC	255/—	—/1020	
Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _n) kA	20	15	
Maximum discharge current (8/20 µs) (I _{max}) kA	40	30	
Voltage protection level (U _p) kV	1.5	2.5	
Response time (t _a) ns	100	100	
Maximum overcurrent protection	_		

Temporary Overvoltage (TOV)		7P.32.8.275.2003	7P.37.8.275.1003
Transient OverVoltage 5 s L-N (U _{TOV})	V	335	335
Transient OverVoltage 5 s L-PE (U _{TOV})	V	400	400
Transient OverVoltage 200 ms L-PE (U _{TOV})	V	1430	1430

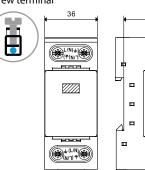


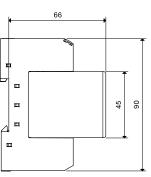
Outline drawings



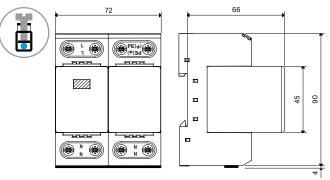


Type 7P.01 Screw terminal



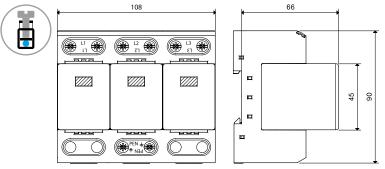


Type 7P.02 Screw terminal

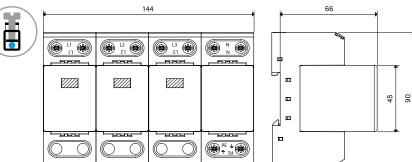


Type 7P.03

Screw terminal



Type 7P.04 Screw terminal

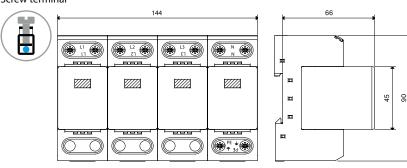


7P SERIES

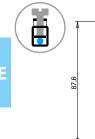


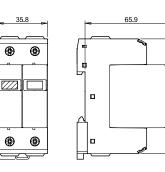
Outline drawings



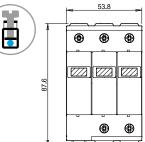


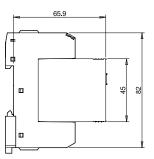
Type 7P.12 Screw terminal



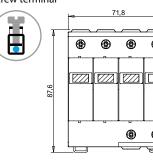








Type 7P.14 Screw terminal

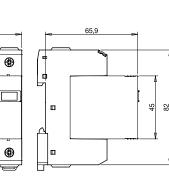


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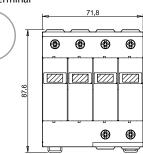
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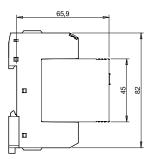
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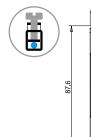
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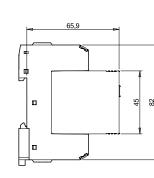
Type 7P.15 Screw terminal



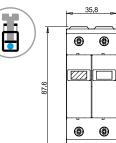


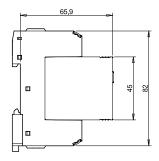
Type 7P.21 Screw terminal





Type 7P.22 / 7P.27 Screw terminal



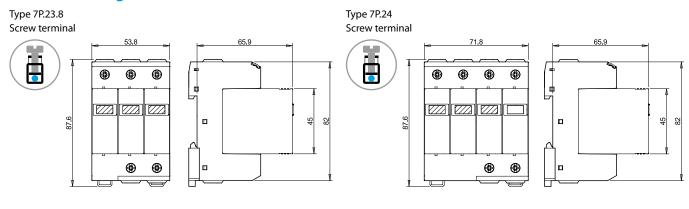




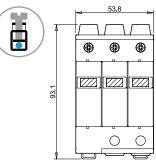


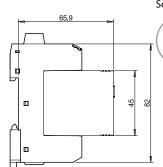
7P SERIES

Outline drawings

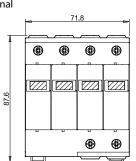


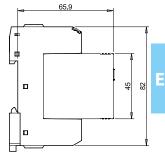


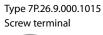


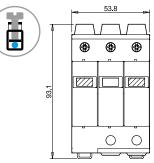


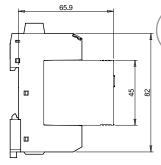
Type 7P.25 Screw terminal



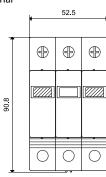


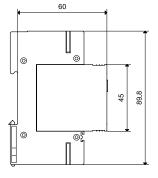




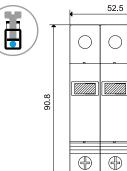


Type 7P.26.9.420.1020 Screw terminal



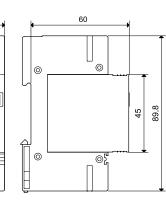


Type 7P.23.9.000.6020 Screw terminal

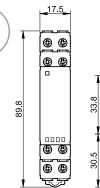


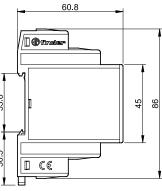
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Type 7P.37.8.275.1003 Screw terminal



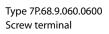


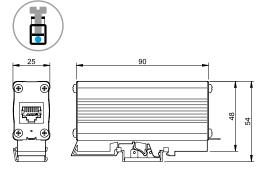
ll-2015, www.findernet.com

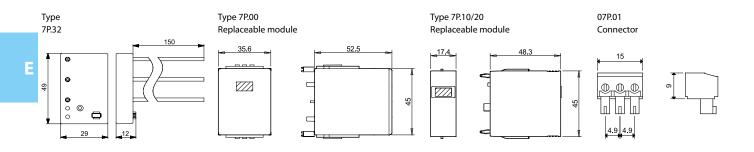
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Outline drawings







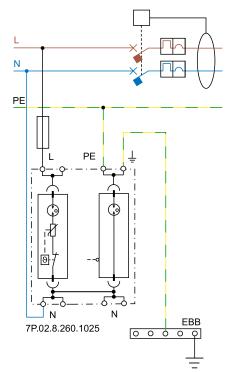
7P SERIES

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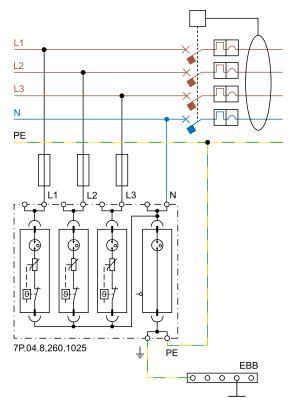


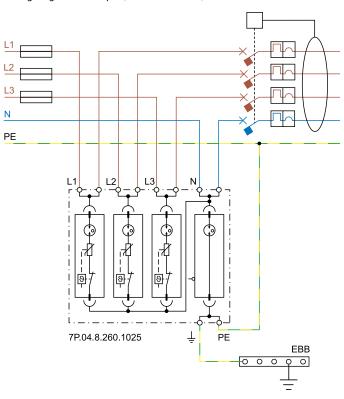
Installation example - SPD Type 1 + 2

TT-SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD UP-STREAM OF RCD



TT-THREE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD UP-STREAM OF RCD





Wiring diagrams "V-shape" (fuse max = 125 A)

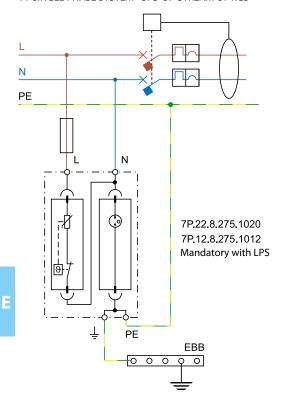
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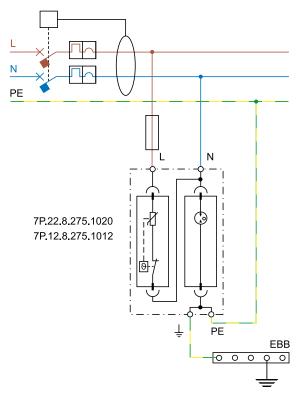


Installation example for SPD Type 1 + 2 and Type 2 - Single phase

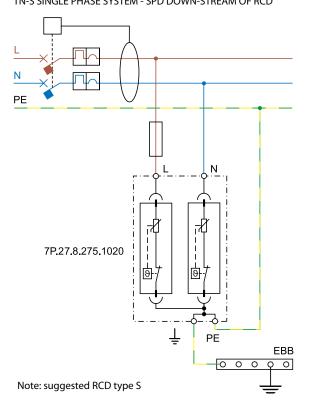
TT-SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD UP-STREAM OF RCD



TT or TN-S SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD DOWN-STREAM OF RCD

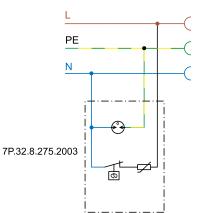


TN-S SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD DOWN-STREAM OF RCD



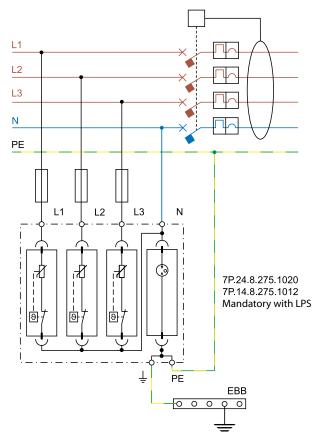
Installation example for SPD Type 3

TT or TN-S SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - INCORPORATED IN SOCKET OUTLET

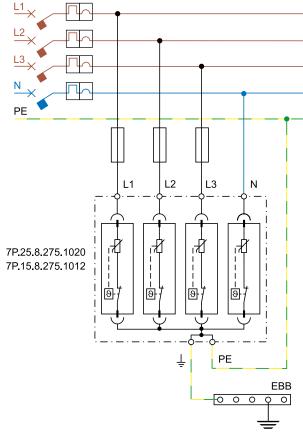




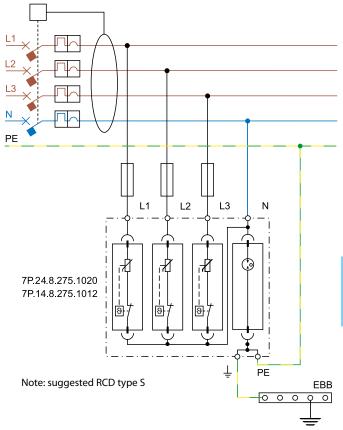
TT-THREE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD UP-STREAM OF RCD



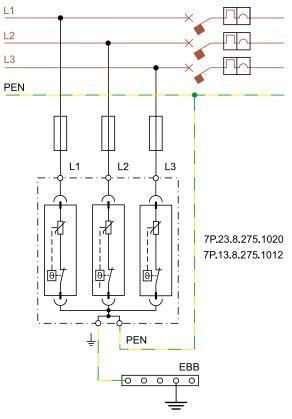
TN-S THREE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD DOWN-STREAM OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION



TT or TN-S THREE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD DOWN-STREAM OF RCD



TN-C THREE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD UP-STREAM OF OVERCURRENT PROTECTION



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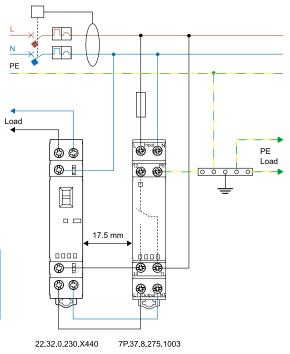
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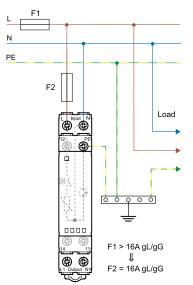


Installation example for SPD Type 3 - Single phase

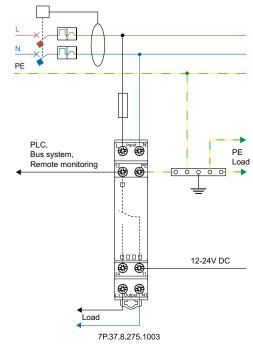
TT or TN-S SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD DOWN-STREAM OF RCD Serial connection



TT, TN-S SINGLE PHASE: parallel connection



TT or TN-S SINGLE PHASE SYSTEM - SPD DOWN-STREAM OF RCD Serial connection + BUS line

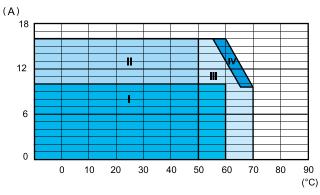


Function

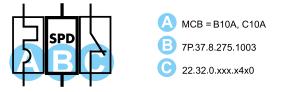
Visual local LED signalling and remote signalling of varistor status



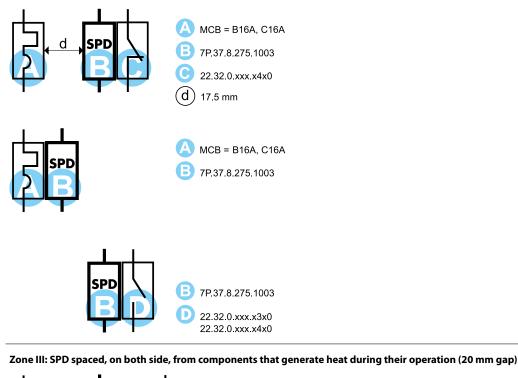
L7P Temperature/Current diagram for model 7P.37

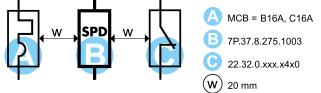


Zone I: SPD and other devices installed as a group (without gap)



Zone II: SPD spaced, at least from one side, from components that generate heat during their operation (17.5 mm gap)





Zone IV: SPD installed individually in free air (without significant influence from nearby components)



finder

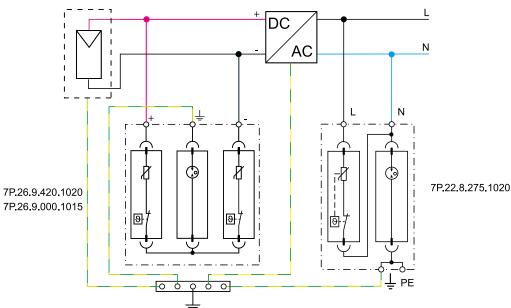
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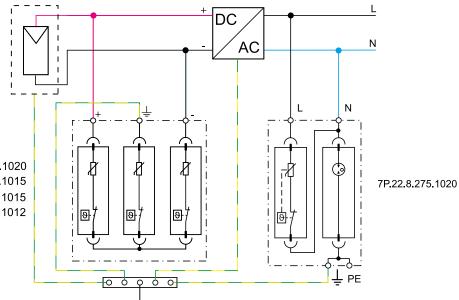


Installation examples - photovoltaic



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7P SERIES



7P.23.9.750.1020 7P.23.9.000.1015 7P.23.9.200.1015 7P.03.9.000.1012



SURGE VOLTAGE PROTECTORS

Surge voltage protectors (such as Finder's Surge Protection Devices, SPD) are intended to be installed in electrical systems, to protect people and machines from surge voltages that can occur on the electrical supply line and which would otherwise have disastrous consequences. These surge voltages can be atmospheric (lightning) or can originate on the electrical system due to, for example: the opening and closing of large loads, short circuits, or the switching of large power factor correction capacitors. The SPD can be described as a switch that is in parallel with the electrical system's supply line - which it is protecting. At the nominal network voltage (e.g. 230 V) the SPD appears as an open switch, having a very high impedance (almost infinite). But, under an overvoltage condition its impedance rapidly falls to near 0 Ω . This effectively applies a short circuit across the supply lines and immediately "drains" the overvoltage to earth. In this way the supply line is protected wherever an SPD is installed. When the overvoltage has passed, the SPD impedance rises rapidly and resumes the state of an open switch again.

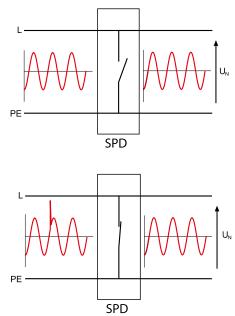


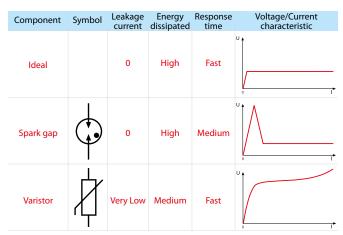
Figure 1: Ideal operation of an SPD

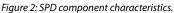
SPD technologies

Finder surge voltage protectors use either varistors or spark gaps.

Varistor: This can be considered as a variable resistance that at nominal voltage has a very high ohmic value. But the resistance rapidly falls to near zero as the voltage surges. In this way the varistor applies a near short circuit which clamps the surge voltage. The varistor is however subject to progressive degradation due to the small leakage current that occurs at the nominal voltage, and with the number of interventions. With every overvoltage that occurs the leakage current rises and accelerates the end of life for the device - which is ultimately indicated by the change from green to red in the signal-window.

Spark gap: This comprises two electrodes separated by air, or a gas. When a surge voltage occurs an electrical arc bridges the gap and a surge current flows to limit the surge voltage to a low and constant level. The arc extinguishes only when the surge current falls below about 10 ampere. The gas guarantees a constant level of breakdown voltage since the arc is struck in a protected environment; not exposed to pressure or humidity variations or impurities as would happen if it had occurred in air. There is however, a delay before the device arcs and the surge current is diverted, and this is dependent on the magnitude of the original voltage surge and on its rate of rise. Therefore, the voltage protection level can vary, although it is guaranteed to be less than U_p .





Installation (Overvoltage) categories

Choosing the SPD requires matching the Rated Impulse Voltage of the SPD with that of the equipment to be protected. This in turn relates to the Installation category (Overvoltage category). Installation categories are described within IEC 60664-1, which for a 230/400 V installation prescribes as follows:

- Installation category I: 1.5 kV for "particularly sensitive" equipment (e.g. electronic devices like PC or TV set);
- Installation category II: 2.5 kV for "user" equipment subject to "normal" impulse voltages (e.g. household electrical appliances, mobile items);
- Installation category III: 4 kV for equipment that are part of a fixed installation (e.g. switchboards, switches)
- **Installation category IV:** 6 kV for equipment installed at or near the origin of main incoming supply mains (e.g. energy meters).

Lightning Protection Zones and installation considerations

International standards refer to the various Lightning Protection Zones by the letters LPZ followed by an appropriate number.

- LPZ 0A: An external area, where a direct lightning strike is possible and where there is total exposure to the electromagnetic field induced by the lightning.
- LPZ OB: An external area, but below a lightning conductor providing direct lightening strike protection. There remains total exposure to the electromagnetic field.
- LPZ 1: Area within a building therefore protected from direct lightning strike. The electromagnetic field will be attenuated, depending on the degree of shielding. This zone has to be protected by SPD type 1 device(s) at its boundary with the LPZ 0A or 0B zone.
- LPZ 2: An area, typically a room, where the lightning current has been limited by preceding surge protectors. This zone has to be protected by SPD type 2 device(s) at its boundary with the LPZ 1 zone.
- LPZ 3: An area within a room where the lightning current has been limited by preceding surge protectors (typically the wiring after a socket or an area within a metal enclosure).

This zone has to be protected by SPD type 3 device(s) at its boundary with the LPZ 2 zone. On the following picture (Figure 3, representation is not binding) it is shown that the transition from a protection zone to the next is through the installtion of SPD. SPD Type 1 must be connected upstream the system, at the point of delivery connection. As an alternative it is possible to use SPD Type 1+2. The grounding conductor must have a minimum section of 6 mm² for SPD Type 1, of 4 mm² for SPD Type 2, and 1.5 mm² for SPD Type 3 (If the building has an LPS, reference should be made to CEI 81-10/4 for the correct dimension of the cable).

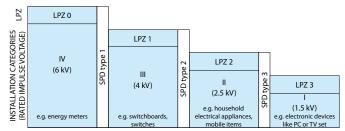


Figure 3: Typical relationship between Lightning Protection Zones, Installation Categories and SPD types



Rated values and marking common to all SPD

SERIES

 $[\textbf{U}_{c}]$ **Maximum continuous operating voltage:** Under this voltage the SPD is guaranteed to appear as an "open switch". This voltage is normally at least equal to the nominal supply voltage (U_N) +10%. For the Finder SPD, U_C is specified as 275 V.

 $[\mathbf{U}_p]$ **Voltage protection level:** This is the highest voltage level seen across the SPD during its intervention. For example, for Finder SPD Type 2, this means that a 4 kV overvoltage would be limited by the SPD to a maximum 1.2 kV. Consequently, electronic devices such as PC, TV, stereo, etc. are protected - as their own internal protection will handle overvoltages U_p to 1.5 kV.

To better understand this concept; imagine that the SPD is a switch in series a low resistance. In the case of an overvoltage the switch closes and all the current goes through the resistance. According to Ohm's law the voltage developed across the resistance will be this resistance x the current ($V = R \times I$), and will be limited to $< U_{p}$.

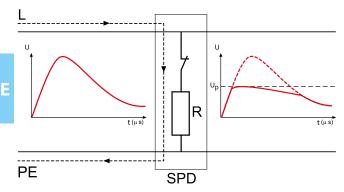


Figure 4: Overvoltage limiting

Short circuit proof: A further characteristic, not normally marked on the product but important for its correct installation, is the Short circuit proof at maximum overcurrent protection. This is the maximum short-circuit current that the SPD is able to withstand when it is installed with additional maximum overcurrent protection - such as a fuse rated in accordance with the value stated under the SPD specification. Consequently the maximum prospective short-circuit current of the system at the point of installation of the SPD must not exceed this value.

Rated vaules and marking of SPD Type 1

SPD Type 1 must be connected upstream the system, at the point of delivery of power energy. SPD protects building and people from the risk of direct lightning (fire and death) and are characterized by:

[limp10/350] Impulse current: l_{imp} corresponds to the peak value of a 10/350 µs current impulse waveform. This waveform represents a direct lightning strike and is used in tests to prove the performance of SPD type 1 devices.

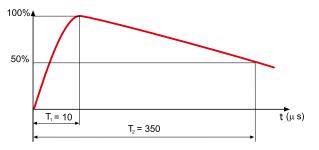


Figure 5: 10/350 µs current waveform

Comparison of the waveforms in figures 5 and 6 shows the much higher energy content controlled by the type 1 SPD.

[I_n8/20] Nominal discharge current: The peak current (and waveform shape) through the SPD under conditions prescribed by EN 62305 to represent the surge current as a consequence of a lightning strike to the electric supply line.

l (peak)

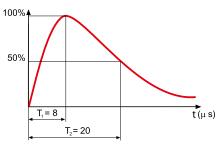


Figure 6: 8/20 µs current waveform

Rated values and marking of SPD Type 2

SPD Type 2 devices are designed to remove all the overvoltage from supply circuits that are not likely to be directly hit by lightning. SPD Type 2 are connected downstream SPD Type 1 or SPD Type 1+2, (minimum distance 1 m) and they protect machine and tools connected to the ground and reduce the risk of economic loss. SPD Type 2 are characterized by:

[In8/20] Nominal discharge current: The peak current (and waveform shape) through the SPD under conditions prescribed by EN 62305 to represent the surge current as a consequence of a lightning strike to the electric supply line.

 $[I_{max}8/20]$ Maximum discharge current: Peak value of the highest current of a 8/20 μs waveform that an SPD can discharge at least once without breaking.

Rated values and marking of SPD Type 3

SPD type 3 devices are used to protect the end user from overvoltage. They may be installed in supply networks where SDP types 1 and/or 2 already exist. They can be installed in fixed or mobile sockets and have the following characteristic parameters.

 U_{oc} : test voltage. This is the peak value of the no load voltage of the combined test-generator; this has a waveform of 1.2/50 µs (figure 7) and can supply at the same time current with waveform 8/20 µs (figure 6).

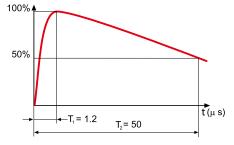
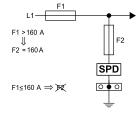


Figure 7: 1.2/50 µs voltage waveform

Suggestion for the connection

The correct connection of SPD requires a shortest as possible connection to the local equipotential bar, to which are connected PE cables of the equipment to be protected. From the local equipotential bar there is a connection to the EBB. The phase wiring remains appropriate to the load.





Short-circuit protection for the SPD is provided by the overcurrent protective devices (fuses type gL/gG) recomended.

If the overcurrent protective devices F1 (which are part of the installation) have a rating smaller than or equal to the maximum recommended rating for the overcurrent protective devices for the SPD, then F2 (back up fuse), can be omitted.

7P.0X:

If F1 > 250 A, then F2 = 250 A

If F1 <= 250 A, F2 can be omitted

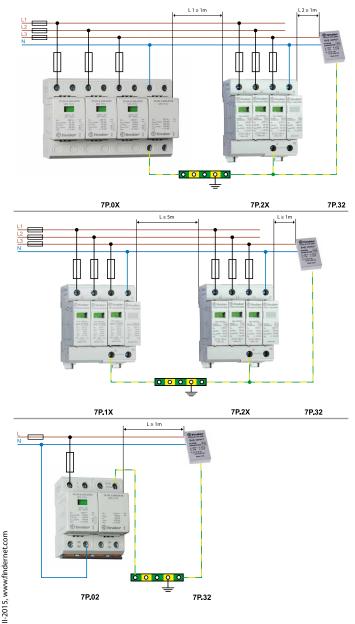
7P.1X, 7P.2X:

If F1 > 160 A, then F2 = 160 A

If F1 <= 160 A, F2 can be omitted

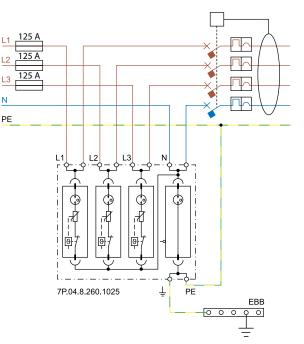
Coordination of SPD

Optimal protection from surges requires cascaded coordinated SPDs. Coordination has the purpose of splitting the energy associated with voltage across the SPDs and it is achieved by introducing an impedance between the SPDs, or alternatively, by connecting them using wires having the minimum length indicated in the figures below, in order to use the cable's own impedance.



V-shape connection

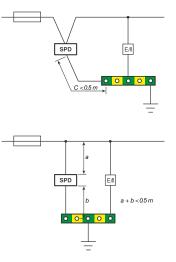
Using a V-shaped connection eliminates transferring downstream the inductive voltage generated by the surge current in the connecting wire to the SPD. This increases the protection to the system and equipment downstream. A limitation of this connection is that the nominal current for the downstream system is limited to 125 A, which is the maximum current permitted through the double SPD terminals.



For systems where the rated current is greater than 125 A, it is necessary to connect the SPD in parallel with the equipment (E/I).

Connecting cable

Depending on the type of connection, serial (V-shape) or parallel (T-shape), ensure that both the maximum cable lengths and minimum cross section of the connecting wires are respected in accordance with the information below (IEC 60634-5-534):



The section of the connecting wires (copper) must not be less than: SPD Type 1: 16 mm² if it is subject to discharge a significant lightning

current, 6 mm² otherwise

SPD Type 2: 6 mm²

SPD Type 3: 1.5 mm²

25



Installation characteristics

[U_{OCSTC}] PV voltage: Open circuit voltage, measured under standardized test conditions, of the PV module, panel, array, or the DC side of the photovoltaic inverter. prEN 50539-12.

[Iscsrc]: Short-circuit current: Short-circuit current, measured under standardized test conditions, of the PV module, panel, array, or photovoltaic inverter. prEN 50539-12.

[U_{CPV}] SPD Maximum continuous operating voltage: Must be equal or greater than to 1.2 times U_{OCSTC} in all conditions of radiation and temperature. prEN 50539-11, prEN 50539-12.

[I_{SCPV}]: Maximum prospective short-circuit current from the power system for which the SPD, in conjunction with the disconnectors specified, is rated. EN 50539-11.

System installation

Photovoltaic systems are generally located external to a building and can be subjected to the direct or indirect effects of lightning.

Whilst the installation of photovoltaic panels on the roof does not, in itself, increase the risk of direct lightning, the only practical way to protect against the effects of a direct lightning strike would be the use of a lightning protection system (LPS).

The indirect effects of lightning can however, be mitigated by the appropriate use of Surge Protection Devices (SPD). These indirect effects occur when lightning strikes in proximity to the structure and where magnetic induction creates an overvoltage in the conductors – a danger to both people and equipment. In particular, the DC cables of a PV system would be exposed to the high conducted and radiated disturbances caused as a result of the lightning currents. In addition, overvoltages in PV systems are not only of atmospheric origin. It is also necessary to consider overvoltages due to switching on electrical networks connected to them. These overvoltages can also damage both the inverter and the PV panels, and this explains the need to protect the inverter on both DC and AC sides.

Photovoltaic system on a building without a lightning protection system (LPS)

As an example, Figure 10 represents a simplified photovoltaic system placed on a building without lightning rod. In such a system, the protection against lightning must be considered at the following points of installation:

finder

- DC input of the inverter
- AC output of the inverter
- Low voltage supply network

At the DC input to the inverter SPDs specific for photovoltaic systems must be installed, according to the PV system voltage. At the inverter AC output, type 2 surge arresters must be installed suitable for the type of system. At the point of connection to the LV supply network, install type 2 surge arresters suitable to the type of system (TT, TN). In more complex systems, it might be necessary to introduce additional SPDs. DC side: if the distance between the inverter and PV modules exceeds 10 m, it is necessary to replicate and install the SPD as close as possible to the PV modules.

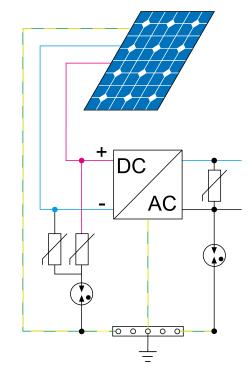


Figure 10: Example of a photovoltaic system located on a building without LPS, protected on the DC side by an SPD with $U_{OCSTC} = 420$ V, and on the AC side by a 7P.22, specific for TT systems.

Photovoltaic system on a building with a lightning protection system (LPS)

Where an LPS exists it is good practice to install the photovoltaic panels in the area protected by the lightning rod.

In addition it is necessary to realize a good equipotential bonding system, which must be positioned as close as possible to the entry point of LV supply into the structure. The LPS, the SPD and all metal parts have to be connected to this equipotential system.

SPD protection on the DC depends on the safety distance (referred in EN 50539-12:12-2012).

Note that under EN 62305 installation of a Type 1 SPD is mandatory at the point of delivery of the AC electricity supply, whether or not the building has LPS (with or without solar panels).



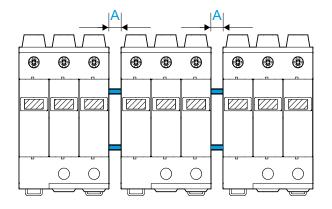
SPD fuse protection

Conforming to prEN 50539-11:2010, Finder SPDs are equipped with a thermal disconnector able to safely disconnect a worn or damaged varistor up to a value of short-circuit current equal to the short-circuit current withstand value (I_{scpv}), as specified in the technical data. Ensure that the PV short circuit current $I_{sc} < I_{scpv}$. Ensure that the PV short circuit current $I_{sc} < I_{scpv}$ or increase the number of

Ensure that the PV short circuit current $I_{sc} < I_{scpv}$ or increase the number of the strings.

Insulation distances and wiring

To conform with prEN 50539-11 insulation distances and minimum wiring cross section must be respected.



Insulation distances		Minimum Wiring [mm ²]		
$U_{CPV}(SPD) \ge 1.2 \text{ x } U_{OCSTC}$	A [mm]	+/- Poles	Ground	
750 V DC	5	4	6	
1,000 V DC	5	4	6	
1,200 V DC	7	4	6	

7P

SERIES