

## **Arduino Nano 33 BLE**

Designed for short range BT interactions and power savvy projects.

SKU: ABX00030

Country of origin: IT

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EECN: 5A992.c

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## Overview

This compact and reliable NANO board is built around the NINA B306 module, based on Nordic nRF 52840 and containing a powerful Cortex M4F.

Its architecture, fully compatible with Arduino IDE Online and Offline, has a 9 axis Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) and a reduced power consumption compared to other same size boards.

This allows the design of wearable devices and movement sensing projects that need to communicate to other devices at a close range. Arduino NANO 33 BLE is also ideal for automation projects thanks to the multiprotocol BT 5.0 radio.

## **Tech Specs**

This board is based on the <u>nRF 52840</u> microcontroller.

Clock 64MHz

Flash 1MB

RAM 256KB

**Please note:** Arduino Nano 33 BLE only supports 3.3V I/Os and is **NOT** 5V tolerant so please make sure you are not directly connecting 5V signals to this board or it will be damaged. Also, as opposed to Arduino Nano boards that support 5V operation, the 5V pin does NOT supply voltage but is rather connected, through a jumper, to the USB power input.

The Bluetooth is managed by a NINA B306 module.

The IMU is a **LSM9DS1** and it is managed through I2C.

The board has a two 15 pins connectors - one on each side -, pin to pin compatible with the original Arduino Nano.

Pin	Funcion	Туре	Description
1	D13	Digital	GPIO
2	+3V3	Power Out	Internally generated power output to external devices
3	AREF	Analog	Analog Reference; can be used as GPIO
4	A0/DAC0	Analog	ADC in/DAC out; can be used as GPIO
5	A1	Analog	ADC in; can be used as GPIO
6	A2	Analog	ADC in; can be used as GPIO
7	A3	Analog	ADC in; can be used as GPIO
8	A4/SDA	Analog	ADC in; I2C SDA; Can be used as GPIO (*)
9	A5/SCL	Analog	ADC in; I2C SCL; Can be used as GPIO(*)
10	A6	Analog	ADC in; can be used as GPIO
11	A7	Analog	ADC in; can be used as GPIO
12	$V_{\text{USB}}$	Power In/Out	Normally NC; can be connected to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize USB}}$ pin of the USB connector by shorting a jumper
13	RST	Digital In	Active low reset input (duplicate of pin 18)
14	GND	Power	Power Ground
15	VIN	Power In	Vin Power input
16	TX	Digital	USART TX; can be used as GPIO
17	RX	Digital	USART RX; can be used as GPIO
18	RST	Digital	Active low reset input (duplicate of pin 13)
19	GND	Power	Power Ground
20	D2	Digital	GPIO
21	D3/PWM	Digital	GPIO; can be used as PWM
22	D4	Digital	GPIO
23	D5/PWM	Digital	GPIO; can be used as PWM
24	D6/PWM	Digital	GPIO; can be used as PWM
25	D7	Digital	GPIO
26	D8	Digital	GPIO
27	D9/PWM	Digital	GPIO; can be used as PWM
	D10/PWM	•	GPIO; can be used as PWM
	D11/MOSI	•	SPI MOSI; can be used as GPIO
	D12/MISO	•	SPI MISO; can be used as GPIO
55		9	

(\*) As opposed to other Arduino Nano boards, pins A4 and A5 have an internal pull up and default to be used as an I<sup>2</sup>C Bus so usage as analog inputs is not recommended. posed to Arduino Nano boards that support 5V operation, the 5V pin does NOT supply voltage but is rather connected, through a jumper, to the USB power input.

On the bottom side of the board, under the communication module, **debug signals** are arranged as 3x2 test pads with 100 mil pitch. Pin 1 is the bottom left one with the USB connector on the left and the test pads on the right.

F	in	Function	Type	Description
1		+3V3	Power Out	Internally generated power output to be used as voltage reference
2		SWD	Digital	nRF52480 Single Wire Debug Data
3	,	SWCLK	Digital In	nRF52480 Single Wire Debug Clock
5	,	GND	Power	Power Ground
6	;	RST	Digital In	Active low reset input