

PAN1326C

Bluetooth Basic Data Rate and Low Energy Module

Product Specification

Rev. 1.1



Wireless Modules

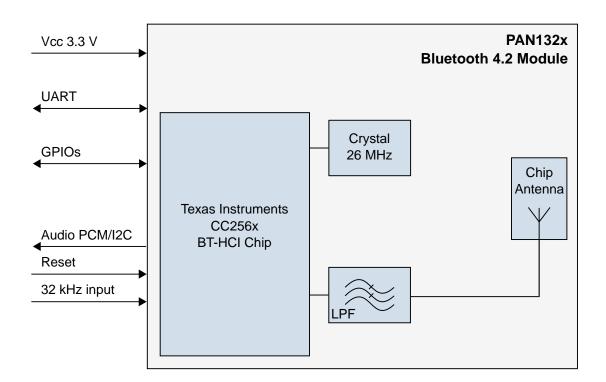
Panasonic's new PAN1326C is a Host Controlled Interface (HCI) Bluetooth RF module that brings Texas Instrument's seventh generation Bluetooth core integrated circuit, the CC2564C, to an easy-touse module format. The PAN1326C is Bluetooth-4.2compliant and it offers best-in-class RF performance with about twice the range of other Bluetooth Low Energy solutions. Panasonic's tiny footprint technology has produced a module of only 85.5 mm². The module is designed to accommodate PCBs pad pitch of 1.3 mm and as few as two layers for easy implementation and manufacturing. The module has been designed to be 100 % pincompatible with previous generations of Texas Instruments-based Bluetooth HCI modules.

Features

- Bluetooth-4.2-compliant up to the HCI layer
- Best-in-class Bluetooth RF performance (Tx, Rx sensitivity, blocking)
- Dimensions: 9.0 mm x 9.5 mm x 1.8 mm
- Based upon TI's CC2564C
- Interfaces: UART, GPIO, PCM

Characteristics

- Bluetooth 4.2
- Receiver sensitivity -93 dBm
- Output power 11.5 dBm
- Power supply 1.7 to 4.8 V
- Power consumption Tx 40 mA
- Power consumption Rx 20 mA
- Sleep mode 135 µA
- Operating temperature range -45 °C to +85 °C



Block Diagram

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1 About This Document

1 About This Document

1.1 Purpose and Audience

This Product Specification provides details on the functional, operational, and electrical characteristics of the Panasonic PAN1326C module. It is intended for hardware design, application, and Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) engineers. The product is referred to as "the PAN1326C" or "the module" within this document.

1.2 Revision History

Revision	Date	Modifications/Remarks
1.0	November 2017	1st version.
1.1	Februar 2018	Added Bluetooth QDIDs.

1.3 Use of Symbols

Symbol	Description					
(j)	Note Indicates important information for the proper use of the product. Non-observance can lead to errors.					
	Attention Indicates important notes that, if not observed, can put the product's functionality at risk.					
⇒ [chapter number] [chapter title]	Cross reference Indicates cross references within the document. Example: Description of the symbols used in this document ⇒ 1.3 Use of Symbols.					

1.4 Related Documents

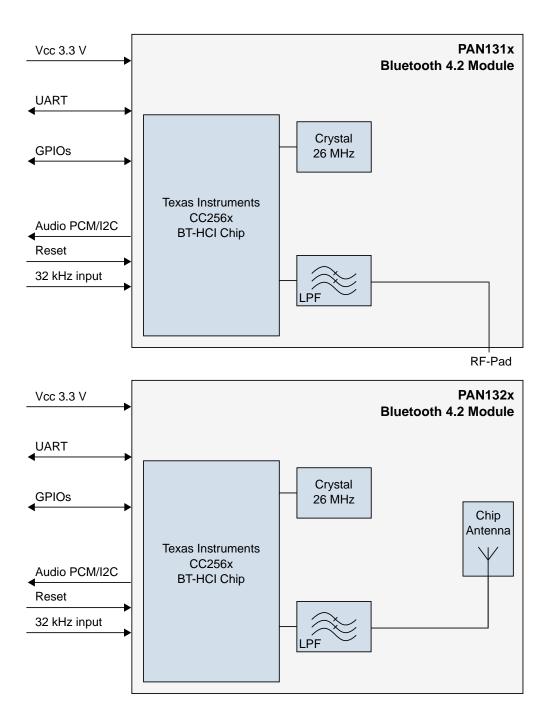
Please refer to the Panasonic website for related documents \Rightarrow 6.2.2 Product Information.

2 Overview

Panasonic's new PAN1326C is a Host Controlled Interface (HCI) Bluetooth RF module that brings Texas Instrument's seventh generation Bluetooth core integrated circuit, the CC2564, to an easy-to-use module format. The PAN1326C is Bluetooth-4.2-compliant and it offers best-inclass RF performance with about twice the range of other Bluetooth Low Energy solutions. Panasonic's tiny footprint technology has produced a module of only 85.5 mm². The module is designed to accommodate PCBs pad pitch of 1.3 mm and as few as two layers for easy implementation and manufacturing. The module has been designed to be 100 % pin-compatible with previous generations of Texas Instruments-based Bluetooth HCI modules.

Please refer to the Panasonic website for related documents \Rightarrow 6.2.2 Product Information. Further information on the variants and versions \Rightarrow 6.1 Ordering Information.

2.1 Block Diagram



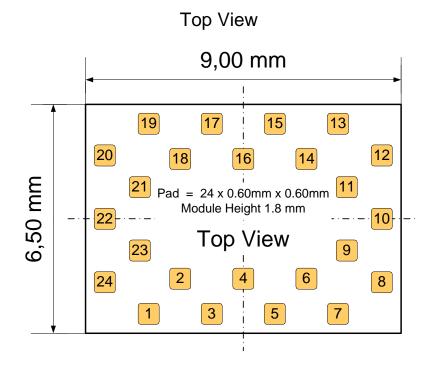
Note: The Slow Clock 32.768 kHz is mandatory, otherwise the module does not start up, refer to Chapter 2.4 for additional information.

Note: The IO are 1.8V driven and might need external level shifter and LDO. The MLDO_OUT PIN can not be used as reference due to RF internal connection.

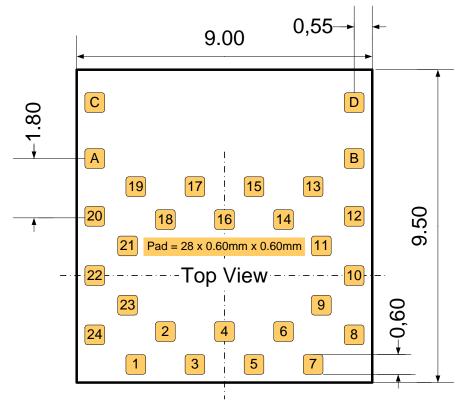
The total capacity will not exceed 2.8uF and the total inductance will not exceed 0nH. There are no voltage multiplying or voltage boosting circuits.

2.2 Pin Configuration

Pin Assignment PAN1316C



PIN Assignment PAN1326C



Pin Functions

No	Pin Name	Pull at Reset	Def. Dir. ¹	I/O Type ²	Description
1	GND				Connect to Ground
2	TX_DBG	PU	0	2 mA	Logger output
3	HCI_CTS	PU	I	8 mA	HCI UART clear-to-send.
4	HCI_RTS	PU	0	8 mA	HCI UART request-to-send.
5	HCI_RX	PU	I	8 mA	HCI UART data receive
6	HCI_TX	PU	0	8 mA	HCI UART data transmit
7	AUD_FSYNC	PD	ю	4 mA	PCM frame synch. (NC if not used) Fail Safe ³
8	SLOW_CLK_IN		I		32.768-kHz clock in Fail Safe
9	NC		ю		Not connected
10	MLDO_OUT		0		Main LDO output (1.8 V nom.)
11	CL1.5_LDO_IN		I		PA LDO input
12	GND				Connect to Ground
13	RF		ю		Bluetooth RF IO
14	GND				Connect to Ground
15	MLDO_IN		I		Main LDO input
16	nSHUTD	PD	I		Shutdown input (active low).
17	AUD_OUT	PD	0	4 mA	PCM data output. (NC if not used) Fail Safe
18	AUD_IN	PD	I	4 mA	PCM data input. (NC if not used) Fail Safe
19	AUD_CLK	PD	ю	HY, 4 mA	PCM clock. (NC if not used) Fail Safe
20	GND				Connect to Ground
21	NC				EEPROM I ² C SDA (Internal)
22	VDD_IO		PI		I/O power supply 1.8 V Nom
23	NC				EEPROM I ² C SCL (Internal)
24	NC		ю		Not connected
А	GND				Connect to Ground
В	GND				Connect to Ground
С	GND				Connect to Ground
D	GND				Connect to Ground

¹ I = input; O = output; IO = bidirectional; P = power; PU = pulled up; PD = pulled down

 $^{^{2}}$ I/O Type: Digital I/O cells. HY = input hysteresis, current = typ. output current

³ No signals are allowed on the IO pins if no VDD_IO (Pin 22) power supplied, except pin 7, 8, 17-19.

For RF conducted measurements either use the PAN1323ETU or de-solder the antenna and solder an antenna connector to the hot pin.

Pin Name	No	ESD ⁴ (V)	Pull at Reset	Def. Dir. ⁵	I/O Type ⁶	Description of Options				
Bluetooth IO SIG	NALS		110001	2						
HCI_RX	5	750	PU	I	8 mA	HCI UART data receive				
HCI_TX	6	750	PU	0	8 mA	HCI UART data transmit				
HCI_RTS	4	750	PU	0	8 mA	HCI UART request-to-send.				
HCI_CTS	3	750	PU	I	8 mA	HCI UART clear-to-send.				
AUD_FYSNC	7	500	PD	10	4 mA	PCM frame synch (NC if not used) Fail safe				
AUD_CLK	19	500	PD	10	HY, 4 mS	PCM clock (NC if not used) Fail safe				
AUD_IN	18	500	PD	1	4 mA	PCM data input (NC if not used) Fail safe				
AUD_OUT	17	500	PD	0	4 mA	PCM data output (NC if not used) Fail safe				
TX DBG	2	1000	PU	0	2 mA	Logger output				
IX_DBG	2	1000	PU	0	2 111A	OPTION: nTX_DBG – logger out (low = 1)				
CLOCK SIGNALS	5			•						
SLOW_CLK_IN	8	1000		1		32.768-kHz clock in Fail safe				
Bluetooth ANALC	G SIG	NALS	•	•	•					
RF	13	1000		10		Bluetooth RF IO (not connected with antenna)				
nSHUTD	16	1000	PD	I		Shutdown input (active low).				
Bluetooth POWE	r and	GND SI	GNALS							
VDD_IO	22	1000		PI		I/O power supply 1.8 V Nom				
MLDO_IN	15	1000		I		Main LDO input Connect directly to battery or to a pre-regulated 1.8-V supply				
MLDO_OUT	10	1000		0		Main LDO output (1.8 V nom.) Can not be used as 1.8V supply due to internal connection to the RF part.				
CL1.5_LDO_IN	11	1000		I		PA LDO input Connect directly to battery or to a pre-regulated 1.8-V supply				
GND	1			Р		Connect to Ground				
GND	12			Р		Connect to Ground				
GND	14			Р		Connect to Ground				
GND	20			Р		Connect to Ground				
EEPROM IO SIG	NALS	(EEPRO	M is optiona	al in PA	N13x product	line)				
NC	23	1000	PU/PD	I	HY, 4mA	EEPROM I ² C SCL (Internal)				
NC	21	1000	PU/PD	ю	HY, 4mA	EEPROM I ² C IRQ (Internal)				

Pin Description

Remark:

HCI_CTS is an input signal to the CC2564C device:

- When HCI_CTS is low, then CC2564C is allowed to send data to Host device.
- When HCI_CTS is high, then CC2564C is not allowed to send data to Host device.

⁵ I = input; O = output; IO = bidirectional; P = power; PU = pulled up; PD = pulled down

⁴ ESD: Human Body Model (HBM). JEDEC 22-A114

 $^{^{6}}$ I/O Type: Digital I/O cells. HY = input hysteresis, current = typ output current

2.3 Device Power Supply

The PAN13x6C Bluetooth radio solution is intended to work in devices with a limited power budget such as cellular phones, headsets, hand-held PC's and other battery-operated devices. One of the main differentiators of the PAN13x6C is its power management – its ability to draw as little current as possible.

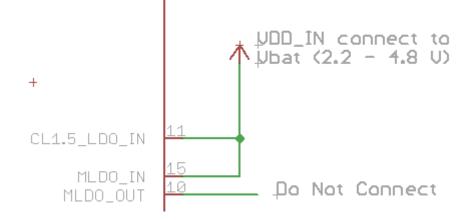
The PAN13x6C device requires two kinds of power sources:

- 1. Main power supply for the Bluetooth VDD_IN = VBAT
- 2. Power source for the 1.8 V I/O ring VDD_IO

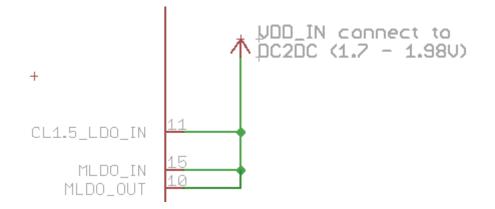
The PAN13x6C includes several on-chip voltage regulators for increased noise immunity. The PAN13x6C can be connected either directly to the battery or to an external 1.8-V DC to DC converter.

There are three ways to supply power:

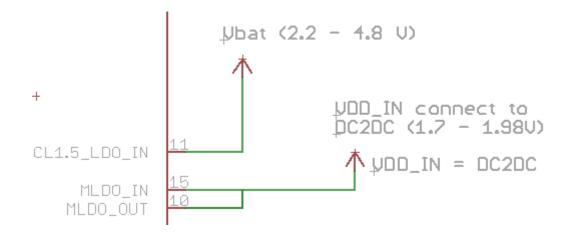
1. Full-V_{BAT} system (Maximum RF output power, but not optimum system power):



2. Full-DC2DC system (Lower RF output power, but optimum system power):



 Mixed DC2DC-V_{BAT} system (Maximum RF output power and optimum system power, but requires routing of V_{BAT}):



2.4 Clock Inputs

The slow clock is always supplied from an external source. It is connected to the SLOW_CLK_IN pin number 8 and can be a digital signal with peak to peak of 0-1.8 V.

The slow clock's frequency accuracy must be 32.768 kHz □250 ppm for Bluetooth usage (according to the Bluetooth specification).

The Slow Clock 32.768 kHz is mandatory to start the internal controller; otherwise the module does not start up.

2.5 Bluetooth Features

- Bluetooth-4.2-compliant up to the HCI layer
- Up to seven active devices
- Scatternet: up to three piconets simultaneously, one as master and two as slaves
- Up to two Synchronous Connection Oriented (SCO) links on the same piconet
- Support for All Voice Air-Coding Continuously Variable Slope Delta (CVSD), A-law, μ-law, modified Subband Coding (mSBC), and transparent (uncoded)
- Assisted mode for HFP 1.6 Wideband Speech (WBS) profile or A2DP profile to reduce host processing and power
- Support of multiple Bluetooth profiles with enhanced QoS
- Multiple sniff instances tightly coupled to achieve minimum power consumption
- Independent buffering for Low Energy allows large numbers of multiple connections without affecting BR or EDR performance
- Built-in coexistence and prioritization handling for BR, EDR, and Low Energy
- Capabilities of link layer topology Scatternet can act concurrently as peripheral and central
- Network support for up to 10 devices
- Time line optimization algorithms to achieve maximum channel utilization

2.6 Interfaces

2.6.1 Host Controller Interface (HCI)

The CC2564C incorporates one UART module dedicated to the host controller interface (HCI) transport layer. The HCI interface transports commands, events, ACL, and synchronous data between the Bluetooth device and its host using HCI data packets.

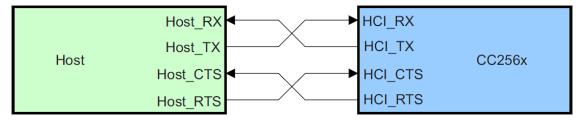
The UART module supports H4 (4-wires) protocol with maximum baud rate of 4 Mbps for all fast clock frequencies.

After power up the baud rate is set for 115.2 kbps, irrespective of fast clock frequency. The baud rate can thereafter be changed with a vendor specific command. The CC2564C responds with a Command Complete Event (still at 115.2 kbps), after which the baud rate change takes place. HCI hardware includes the following features:

- Receiver detection of break, idle, framing, FIFO overflow, and parity error conditions
- Transmitter underflow detection
- CTS/RTS hardware flow control

The interface includes four signals: TXD, RXD, CTS, and RTS. Flow control between the host and the CC2564C is byte-wise by hardware.

Flow control is obtained by the following:



When the UART RX buffer of the CC2564C passes the "flow control" threshold, it will set the UART_RTS signal high to stop transmission from the host.

When the UART_CTS signal is set high, the CC2564C will stop its transmission on the interface. In case HCI_CTS is set high in the middle of transmitting a byte, the CC2564C will finish transmitting the byte and stop the transmission.

2.6.2 Audio/Voice CODEC Interface

The codec interface is a fully-dedicated programmable serial port that provides the logic to interface to several kinds of PCM or I2S codec's. PAN13x6C supports all voice coding schemes required by Bluetooth specification – Log PCM (A-Law or μ -Law) and Linear (CVSD). In addition, module also supports transparent scheme:

- Two voice channels
- Master / slave modes
- µ-Law, A-Law, Linear, Transparent coding schemes
- Long and short frames
- Different data sizes, order, and positions.
- High rate PCM interface for EDR
- Enlarged interface options to support a wider variety of codecs
- PCM bus sharing

2.6.2.1 PCM Hardware Interface

The PCM interface is one implementation of the codec interface. It contains the following four lines:

- Clock configurable direction (input or output)
- Frame Sync configurable direction (input or output)
- Data In Input
- Data Out Output/3-state

The Bluetooth device can be either the master of the interface where it generates the clock and the frame-sync signals, or slave where it receives these two signals. The PCM interface is fully configured by a vendor specific command.

For slave mode, clock input frequencies of up to 16 MHz are supported. At clock rates above 12 MHz, the maximum data burst size is 32 bits. For master mode, the CC2564C can generate any clock frequency between 64 kHz and 6 MHz.

When the I2S bus is used in an application, Panasonic recommends adding a low pass filter (series resistor and capacitor to GND) to the bus for better noise suppression. Connecting the host μ Controller/DSP directly with the module's I2S interface is not recommended.

The suggested low pass filter component values are: 470 pF 120 Ω

2.6.2.2 Data Format

The data format is fully configurable:

• The data length can be from 8 to 320 bits, in 1-bit increments, when working with two channels, or up to 640 bits when using 1 channel. The Data length can be set independently for each channel.

- The data position within a frame is also configurable in with 1 clock (bit) resolution and can be set independently (relative to the edge of the Frame Sync signal) for each channel.
- The Data_In and Data_Out bit order can be configured independently. For example; Data_In can start with the MSB while Data_Out starts with LSB. Each channel is separately configurable. The inverse bit order (that is, LSB first) is supported only for sample sizes up to 24 bits.
- It is not necessary for the data in and data out size to be the same length.
- The Data_Out line is configured to 'high-Z' output between data words. Data_Out can also be set for permanent high-Z, irrespective of data out. This allows the CC2564C to be a bus slave in a multi-slave PCM environment. At power up, Data Out is configured as high-Z.

2.6.2.3 Frame Idle Period

The codec interface has the capability for frame idle periods, where the PCM clock can "take a break" and become '0' at the end of the PCM frame, after all data has been transferred.

The CC2564C supports frame idle periods both as master and slave of the PCM bus.

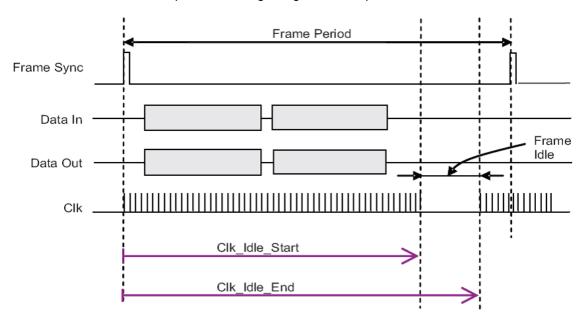
When CC2564C is the master of the interface, the frame idle period is configurable. There are two configurable parameters:

- Clk_Idle_Start Indicates the number of PCM clock cycles from the beginning of the frame until the beginning of the idle period. After Clk_Idle_Start clock cycles, the clock will become '0'.
- Clk_Idle_End Indicates the time from the beginning of the frame till the end of the idle period. This time is given in multiples of PCM clock periods.

The delta between Clk_Idle_Start and Clk_Idle_End is the clock idle period.

For example, for PCM clock rate = 1 MHz, frame sync period = 10 kHz, Clk_Idle_Start = 60, Clk_Idle_End = 90.

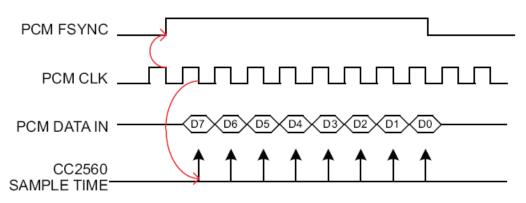
Between each two frame syncs there are 70 clock cycles (instead of 100). The clock idle period starts 60 clock cycles after the beginning of the frame, and lasts 90 - 60 = 30 clock cycles. This means that the idle period ends 100 - 90 = 10 clock cycles before the end of the frame. The data transmission must end prior to the beginning of the idle period.



2.6.2.4 Clock-Edge Operation

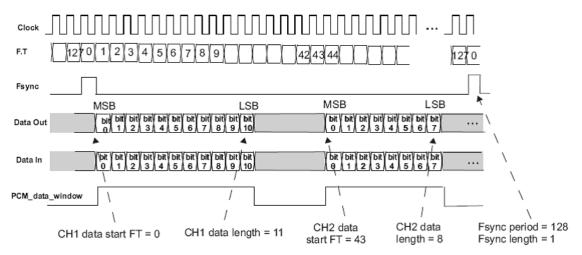
The codec interface of the CC2564C can work on the rising or the falling edge of the clock. It also has the ability to sample the frame sync and the data at inversed polarity.

This is the operation of a falling-edge-clock type of codec. The codec is the master of the PCM bus. The frame sync signal is updated (by the codec) on the falling clock edge and therefore shall be sampled (by the CC2564C) on the next rising clock. The data from the codec is sampled (by the CC2564C) on the clock falling edge.



2.6.2.5 Two-Channel PCM Bus Example

In below figure, a 2-channel PCM bus is shown where the two channels have different word sizes and arbitrary positions in the bus frame. (FT stands for Frame Timer)



2.6.2.6 Audio Encoding

The CC2564C codec interface can use one of four audio-coding patterns:

- A-Law (8-bit)
- µ-Law (8-bit)
- Linear (8- or 16-bit)

2.6.2.7 Improved Algorithm For Lost Packets

The CC2564C features an improved algorithm for improving voice quality when received voice data packets are lost. There are two options:

- Repeat the last sample possible only for sample sizes up to 24 bits. For sample sizes >24 bits, the last byte is repeated.
- Repeat a configurable sample of 8 to 24 bits (depends on the real sample size), in order to simulate silence (or anything else) in the PCM bus. The configured sample will be written in a specific register for each channel.

The choice between those two options is configurable separately for each channel.

2.6.2.8 Bluetooth/PCM Clock Mismatch Handling

In Bluetooth RX, the CC2564C receives RF voice packets and writes these to the codec I/F. If the CC2564C receives data faster than the codec I/F output allows, an overflow will occur. In this case, the Bluetooth has two possible behaviour modes: 'allow overflow' and 'don't allow overflow'.

- If overflow is allowed, the Bluetooth will continue receiving data and will overwrite any data not yet sent to the codec.
- If overflow is not allowed, RF voice packets received when buffer is full will be discarded.

2.6.2.9 Bluetooth Inter-IC Sound (I2S)

The CC2564C can be configured as an Inter-IC Sound (I2S) serial interface to an I2S codec device. In this mode, the CC2564C audio codec interface is configured as a bi-directional, full-duplex interface, with two time slots per frame: Time slot 0 is used for the left channel audio data and time slot 1 for the right channel audio data. Each time slot is configurable up to 40 serial clock cycles in length and the frame is configurable up to 80 serial clock cycles in length. Do not connect the microcontroller/DSP directly to the module's PCM interface, a simple RC low pass filter is recommended to improve noise suppression.

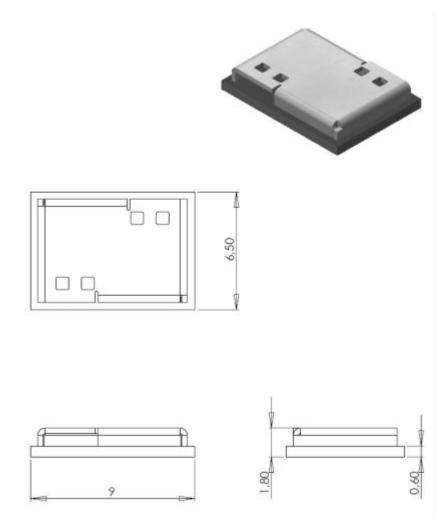
3 Detailed Description

3.1 Dimensions



All dimensions are in millimeters.

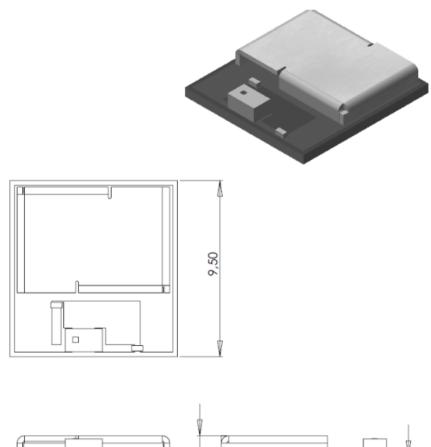
3.1.1 PAN1316C Module Drawing



No.	Item	Dimension	Tolerance	Remark
1	1 Width 6.50		± 0.30	
2	Length	9.00	± 0.30	
3	Height	1.80	± 0.20	With case



3.1.2 PAN1326C Module Drawing





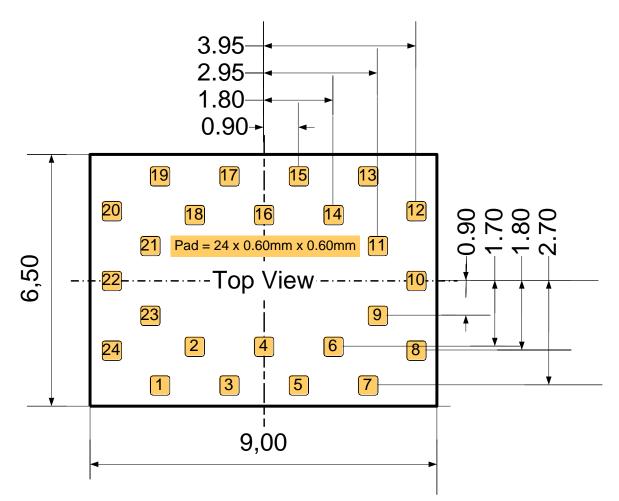
No.	Item	Dimension	Tolerance	Remark
1	Width	9.50	± 0.30	
2	Length	9.00	± 0.30	
3	3 Height 1.80		± 0.20	With case

3.2 Footprint

• The outer dimensions have a tolerance of ±0.2 mm.

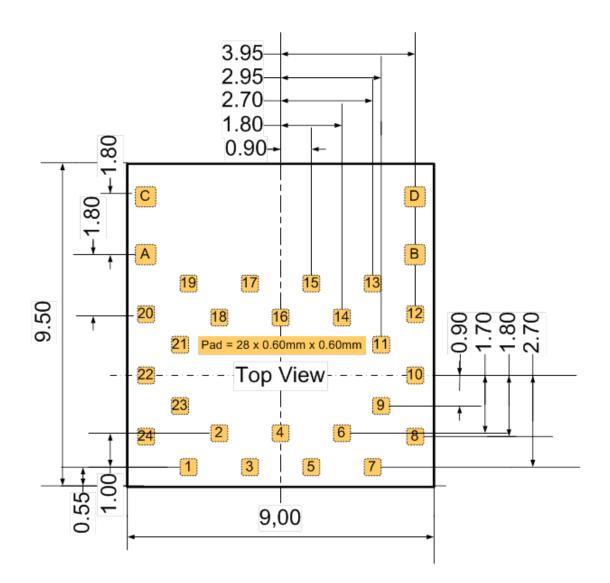
- The layout is symmetric to center.
 - The inner pins (2, 4, 6, 9, 11, 14, 16, 18, 21, and 23) are shifted to the center by 1 mm.

3.2.1 Footprint - PAN1316C Without Antenna





3.2.2 Footprint - PAN1326C With Antenna

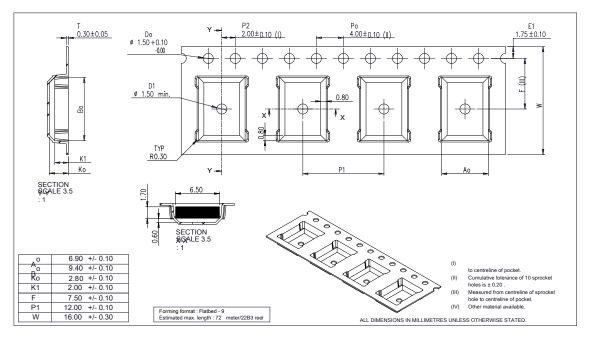


3.3 Packaging

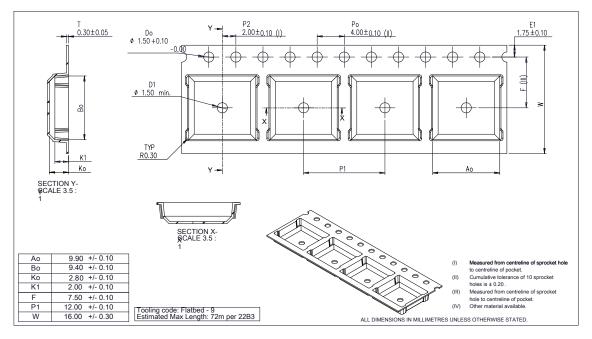
The product is a mass production status product and will be delivered in the package described below.

3.3.1 Tape Dimensions

3.3.1.1 PAN1316C Without Antenna

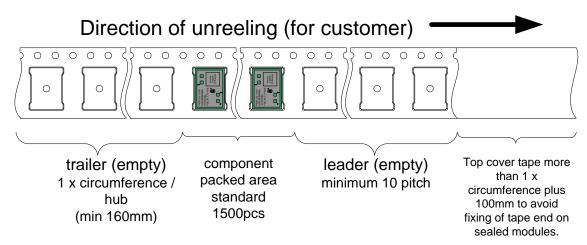


3.3.1.2 PAN1326C With Antenna



3.3.2 Packing in Tape

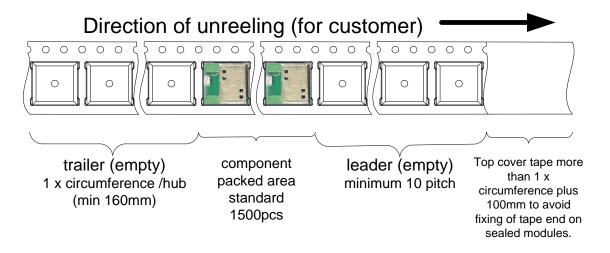
3.3.2.1 PAN1316C without antenna



Empty spaces in the component packed area shall be less than two per reel and those spaces shall not be consecutive.

The top cover tape shall not be found on reel holes and it shall not stick out from the reel.

3.3.2.2 PAN1326C with antenna

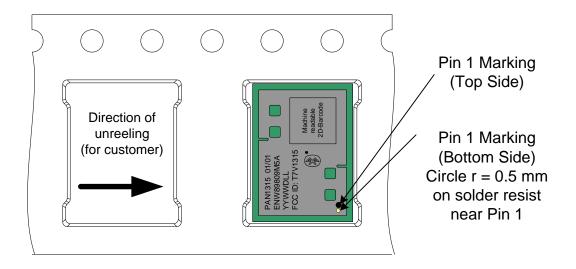


Empty spaces in the component packed area shall be less than two per reel and those spaces shall not be consecutive.

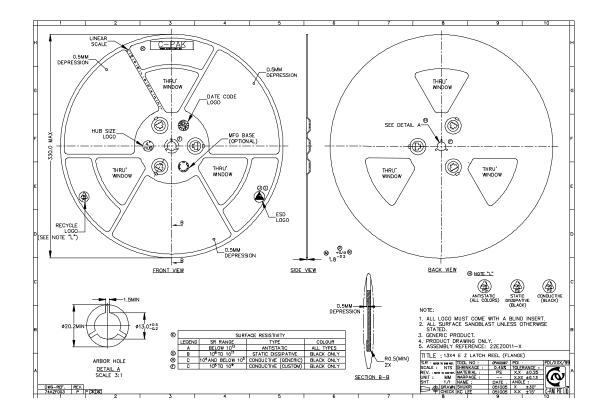
The top cover tape shall not be found on reel holes and it shall not stick out from the reel.



3.3.3 Component Direction

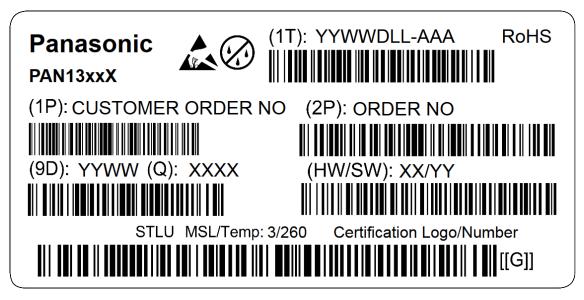


3.3.4 Reel Dimension



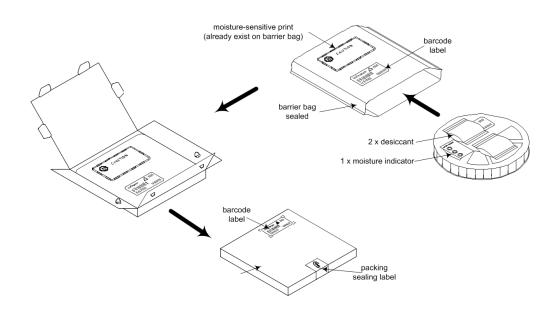
3.3.5 Package Label

Example



(1T)	Lot code
(1P)	Customer order number, if applicable
(2P)	Order number
(9D)	Date code
(Q)	Quantity
(HW/SW)	Hardware/software version

3.3.6 Total Package



3.4 Case Marking

Example



- 1 Brand name
- 2 Hardware/software version
- 3 Order number
- 4 2D Data Matrix Code
- 7 Lot code
- 8 Marking for Pin 1

4 Specification



All specifications are over temperature and process, unless indicated otherwise.

4.1 Default Test Conditions



Temperature: Humidity: Supply Voltage: 25 ± 10 °C 40 to 85 % RH 3.3 V

4.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings



The maximum ratings may not be exceeded under any circumstances, not even momentarily or individually, as permanent damage to the module may result.



All parameters are measured as follows unless stated otherwise: $VDD_IN^7 = 3.3 V$, $VDD_IO = 1.8 V$.

No	See ⁸		Value	Unit
Ratir	ngs Over Operating			
1	VDD_IN	Supply voltage range	-0.5 to 5.5	V ⁹
2	VDDIO_1.8V		-0.5 to 2.145	V
3	Input voltage to RF	F (Pin 13)	-0.5 to 2.1	V
4	Operating ambient	temperature range	-40 to 85	°C
5	Storage temperatu	ire range	-40 to 125	°C
6	Bluetooth RF input	ts (Pin 13)	10	dBm
7	ESD: Human Body	/ Model (HBM). JEDEC 22-A114	500	V

⁷ VDD_IN is supplied to MLDO_IN (Pin 15) and CL1.5_LDO_IN (Pin 11); other options are described in Chapter 2.3.

⁸ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

⁹ Maximum allowed depends on accumulated time at that voltage: VDD_IN is defined in Reference schematics. When DC2DC supply is used, maximum voltage into MLDO_OUT and LDO_IN = 2.145 V.

4.3 Recommended Operating Conditions



The maximum ratings may not be exceeded under any circumstances, not even momentarily or individually, as permanent damage to the module may result.

No	Rating	Condition	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
1	Power supply voltage ¹⁰		VDD_IN	1.7	4.8	V
2	IO power supply voltage		VDD_IO	1.62	1.92	V
3	High-level input voltage	Default	V _{IH}	0.65 x VDD_IO	VDD_IO	V
4	Low-level input voltage	Default	V _{IL}	0	0.35 x VDD_IO	V
5	IO Input rise/fall times, 10% to 90% 11		Tr/Tf	1	10	ns
		0 to 0.1 MHz			60	
		0.1 to 0.5 MHz			50	
6	Maximum ripple on VDD_IN (Sine wave) for 1.8 V (DC2DC) mode	0.5 to 2.5 MHz			30	mVp-p
		2.5 to 3.0 MHz			15	
		> 3.0 MHz			5	
7	Voltage dips on VDD_IN (V _{BAT}) (duration = 577 μ s to 2.31 ms, period = 4.6 ms)				400	mV
8	Maximum ambient operating temperature ¹²				85	°C
9	Minimum ambient operating temperature ¹³				-40	□C

4.4 Current Consumption

No	Characteristics	Min 25°C	Typ 25°C	Max 25°C	Min -40°C	Typ -40°C	Max -40°C	Min +85°C	Тур +85°С	Max +85°C	Unit
1	Current consumption in shutdown mode ¹⁴		1	3						7	μΑ
2	Current consumption in deep sleep mode ¹⁵		40	105						700	μΑ
3	Total IO current consumption for active mode			1			1			1	mA
4	Current consumption during transmit DH5 full throughput		40								mA

¹⁰ Excluding 1.98 < VDD_IN < 2.2 V range – not allowed.

- 12 The device can be reliably operated for 7 years at T_{ambient} of 85°C, assuming 25% active mode and 75% sleep mode (15,400 cumulative active power-on hours).
- 13 The device can be reliably operated for 7 years at T_{ambient} of 85°C, assuming 25% active mode and 75% sleep mode (15,400 cumulative active power-on hours).

¹⁴ Vbat + Vio

¹⁵ Vbat + Vio + Vsd (shutdown)

¹¹ Asynchronous mode.

4.5 nSHUTD Requirements

No	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	Operation mode level ¹⁶	V _{IH}	1.42	1.98	V
2	Shutdown mode level	V _{IL}	0	0.4	٧
3	Minimum time for nSHUT_DOWN low to reset the device		5		ms
4	Rise/fall times	Tr/Tf		20	μs

4.6 External Digital Slow Clock Requirements

No	Characteristics	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
1	Input slow clock frequency				32768		Hz
2	Input slow clock accuracy (Initial + temp + aging)	Bluetooth				±250	Ppm
3	Input transition time Tr/Tf – 10% to 90%		Tr/Tf			100	Ns
4	Frequency input duty cycle			15%	50%	85%	
5	Phase noise	at 1 kHz				-125	dBc/Hz
6	Jitter	Integrated over 300 to 15000 Hz				1	Hz
7	Slow clock input voltage limits	Square wave, DC coupled	V _{IH}	0.65 x VDD_IO		VDD_IO	V peak
	Slow clock input voltage innits	Square wave, DC coupled	V _{IL}	0		0.35 x VDD_IO	v peak
8	Input impedance			1			MΩ
9	Input capacitance					5	pF

4.7 Bluetooth

No	Characteristics	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	BT Spec	Unit
1	Operation frequency range		2402		2480		MHz
2	Channel spacing			1			MHz
3	Input impedance			50			Ω
4		GFSK, BER = 0.1%		-93.0		-70	
	Sensitivity, Dirty Tx on	Pi/4-DQPSK, BER = 0.01%		-92.5		-70	dBm
		8DPSK, BER = 0.01%		-85.5		-70	

¹⁶ Internal pull down retains shut down mode when no external signal is applied to this pin.

No	Characteristics	Тур	BT Spec Max	BT Spec Min
TNO		Тур	Class1	Class1
1	Average Power Hopping DH5 [dBm]	11,3	20	4
2	Average Power: Ch0 [dBm]	11,4	20	4
3	Peak Power: Ch0 [dBm]	11,6	23	
4	Average Power: Ch39 [dBm]	11,3	20	4
5	Peak Power: Ch39 [dBm]	11,6	23	
6	Average Power: Ch78 [dBm]	11,3	20	4
7	Peak Power: Ch78 [dBm]	11,5	23	
8	Max. Frequency Tolerance: Ch0 [kHz]	-2.6	75	-75
9	Max. Frequency Tolerance: Ch39 [kHz]	-2.2	75	-75
10	Max. Frequency Tolerance: Ch78 [kHz]	-2.1	75	-75
11	Max. Drift: Ch0_DH1 [kHz]	3.6	25	-25
12	Max. Drift: Ch0_DH3 [kHz]	3.7	40	-40
13	Max. Drift: Ch0_DH5 [kHz]	4.0	40	-40
14	Max. Drift Rate: Ch0_DH1 [kHz]	-2.6	20	-20
15	Max. Drift Rate: Ch0 DH3 [kHz]	-3.2	20	-20
16	Max. Drift Rate: Ch0 DH5 [kHz]	-3.3	20	-20
17	Max. Drift: Ch39_DH1 [kHz]	4.0	25	-25
18	Max. Drift: Ch39_DH3 [kHz]	4.0	40	-40
19	Max. Drift: Ch39_DH5 [kHz]	4.3	40	-40
20	Max. Drift Rate: Ch39_DH1 [kHz]	-3.1	20	-40
20	Max. Drift Rate: Ch39_DH3 [kHz]	-3.6	20	-20
21	Max. Drift Rate: Ch39_DH5 [kHz]	-3.7	20	-20
22	Max. Drift: Ch78_DH1 [kHz]	4.1	25	-20
23	Max. Drift: Ch78_DH3 [kHz]	4.1	40	-23
				-40
25 26	Max. Drift: Ch78_DH5 [kHz]	-3.4	40 20	-40
	Max. Drift Rate: Ch78_DH1 [kHz] Max. Drift Rate: Ch78_DH3 [kHz]			
27 28		-3.9	20 20	-20 -20
	Max. Drift Rate: Ch78_DH5 [kHz]			
29	Delta F1 Avg: Ch0 [kHz]	159.5	175	140
30	Delta F2 Max.: Ch0 [%]	100.0		99.9
31	Delta F2 Avg/Delta F1 Avg: Ch0	0.9	475	0.8
32	Delta F1 Avg: Ch39 [kHz]	159.8	175	140
33	Delta F2 Max.: Ch39 [%]	100.0		99.9
34	Delta F2 Avg/Delta F1 Avg: Ch39	0.9	175	0.8
35	Delta F1 Avg: Ch78 [kHz]	159.1	175	140
36	Delta F2 Max.: Ch78 [%]	100.0		99.9
37	Delta F2 Avg/Delta F1 Avg: Ch78	0.9		0.8
45		-93.0	1000	-81
46	f(H)-f(L): Ch0 [kHz]	918.4	1000	$\left \right $
47	f(H)-f(L): Ch39 [kHz]	918.3	1000	
48	f(H)-f(L): Ch78 [kHz]	918.2	1000	
49	ACPower -3: Ch3 [dBm]	-51.5	-40	
50	ACPower -2: Ch3 [dBm]	-50.4	-40	
51	ACPower -1: Ch3 [dBm]	-18.5	-	
52	ACPower Center: Ch3 [dBm]	6,8	20	4
53	ACPower +1: Ch3 [dBm]	-19.2		

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No	Characteristics	Тур	BT Spec Max	BT Spec Min
			Class1	Class1
54	ACPower +2: Ch3 [dBm]	-50.7	-40	
55	ACPower +3: Ch3 [dBm]	-53.3	-40	
56	ACPower -3: Ch39 [dBm]	-51.6	-40	
57	ACPower -2: Ch39 [dBm]	-50.7	-40	
58	ACPower -1: Ch39 [dBm]	-19.0		
59	ACPower Center: Ch39 [dBm]	6,3	20	4
60	ACPower +1: Ch39 [dBm]	-19.7		
61	ACPower +2: Ch39 [dBm]	-50.9	-40	
62	ACPower +3: Ch39 [dBm]	-53.2	-40	
63	ACPower -3: Ch75 [dBm]	-51.7	-40	
64	ACPower -2: Ch75 [dBm]	-50.7	-40	
65	ACPower -1: Ch75 [dBm]	-19.2		
66	ACPower Center: Ch75 [dBm]	5,8	20	4
67	ACPower +1: Ch75 [dBm]	-20.0		
68	ACPower +2: Ch75 [dBm]	-51.0	-40	
69	ACPower +3: Ch75 [dBm]	-53.4	-40	
70	omega i 2-DH5: Ch0 [kHz]	-4.7	75	-75
71	omega o + omega i 2-DH5: Ch0 [kHz]	-6.0	75	-75
72	omega o 2-DH5: Ch0 [kHz]	-1.5	10	-10
73	DEVM RMS 2-DH5: Ch0 [%]	0.0	0.2	
74	DEVM Peak 2-DH5: Ch0 [%]	0.1	0.35	
75	DEVM 99% 2-DH5: Ch0 [%]	100.0		99
76	omega i 3-DH5: Ch0 [kHz]	-3.7	75	-75
77	omega o + omega i 3-DH5: Ch0 [kHz]	-5.8	75	-75
78	omega o 3-DH5: Ch0 [kHz]	-2.6	10	-10
79	DEVM RMS 3-DH5: Ch0 [%]	0.0	0.13	-
80	DEVM Peak 3-DH5: Ch0 [%]	0.1	0.25	
81	DEVM 99% 3-DH5: Ch0 [%]	100.0	0.20	99
82	omega i 2-DH5: Ch39 [kHz]	-4.8	75	-75
83	omega o + omega i 2-DH5: Ch39 [kHz]	-6.1	75	-75
84	omega o 2-DH5: Ch39 [kHz]	-1.4	10	-10
85	DEVM RMS 2-DH5: Ch39 [%]	0.0	0.2	10
86	DEVM Peak 2-DH5: Ch39 [%]	0.1	0.35	
87	DEVM 99% 2-DH5: Ch39 [%]	100.0	0.00	99
88	omega i 3-DH5: Ch39 [kHz]	-3.8	75	-75
89	omega o + omega i 3-DH5: Ch39 [kHz]	-5.9	75	-75
90	omega o 3-DH5: Ch39 [kHz]	-2.6	10	-10
90 91	DEVM RMS 3-DH5: Ch39 [%]	0.0	0.13	10
92	DEVM Reak 3-DH5: Ch39 [%]	0.0	0.13	
92	DEVM 99% 3-DH5: Ch39 [%]	100.0	0.20	99
93 94	omega i 2-DH5: Ch78 [kHz]	-4.9	75	-75
94 95		-4.9		
	omega o + omega i 2-DH5: Ch78 [kHz]		75	-75
96 07	omega o 2-DH5: Ch78 [kHz]	-1.4	10	-10
97 08	DEVM RMS 2-DH5: Ch78 [%]	0.0	0.2	
98	DEVM Peak 2-DH5: Ch78 [%]	0.1	0.35	00
99	DEVM 99% 2-DH5: Ch78 [%]	100.0		99

No	Characteristics	Тур	BT Spec Max	BT Spec Min
			Class1	Class1
100	omega i 3-DH5: Ch78 [kHz]	-3.8	75	-75
101	omega o + omega i 3-DH5: Ch78 [kHz]	-6.0	75	-75
102	omega o 3-DH5: Ch78 [kHz]	-2.7	10	-10
103	DEVM RMS 3-DH5: Ch78 [%]	0.0	0.13	
104	DEVM Peak 3-DH5: Ch78 [%]	0.1	0.25	
105	DEVM 99% 3-DH5: Ch78 [%]	100.0		99

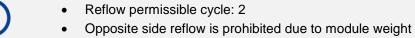
4.8 Reliability Tests

The measurement should be done after the test device has been exposed to room temperature and humidity for one hour.

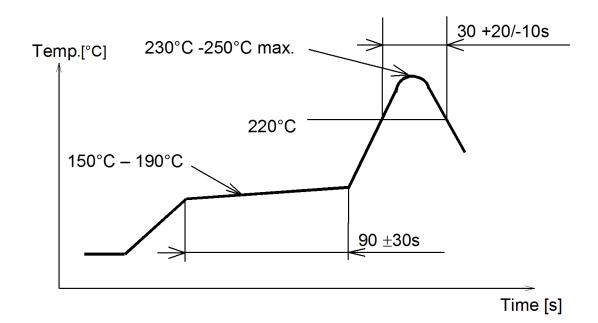
No.	Item	Limit	Condition
1	Vibration test	Electrical parameter should be in specification	 Freq.: 10~50 Hz; Amplitude: 1.5 mm; 20 min./cycle, 1 hrs. each of XYZ axis Freq.: 30~100 Hz, 6G; 20 min./cycle, 1 hrs. each of XYZ axis
2	Shock test	See above	Dropped onto hard wood from a height of 50 cm for 3 times
3	Heat cycle test	See above	-40 °C for 30 min. and +85 °C for 30 min.; each temperature 300 cycles
4	Moisture test	See above	+60 °C, 90 % RH, 300 h
5	Low temperature test	See above	-40 °C, 300 h
6	High temp. test	See above	+85 °C, 300 h

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4.9 Recommended Soldering Profile



- More than 75 percent of the soldering area shall be coated by solder
- The soldering profiles should be adhered to in order to prevent electrical or mechanical damage
- Soldering profile assumes lead-free soldering



5 Cautions

5 Cautions



Failure to follow the guidelines set forth in this document may result in degrading of the product's functions and damage to the product.

5.1 Design Notes

- 1. Follow the conditions written in this specification, especially the control signals of this module.
- The supply voltage must be free of AC ripple voltage (for example from a battery or a low noise regulator output). For noisy supply voltages, provide a decoupling circuit (for example a ferrite in series connection and a bypass capacitor to ground of at least 47 µF directly at the module).
- 3. This product should not be mechanically stressed when installed.
- 4. Keep this product away from heat. Heat is the major cause of decreasing the life of these products.
- 5. Avoid assembly and use of the target equipment in conditions where the product's temperature may exceed the maximum tolerance.
- 6. The supply voltage should not be exceedingly high or reversed. It should not carry noise and/or spikes.
- 7. Keep this product away from other high frequency circuits.
- 8. Refer to the recommended pattern when designing a board.

5.2 Installation Notes

- Reflow soldering is possible twice based on the conditions set forth in ⇒ 4.9 Recommended Soldering Profile. Set up the temperature at the soldering portion of this product according to this reflow profile.
- 2. Carefully position the products so that their heat will not burn into printed circuit boards or affect the other components that are susceptible to heat.
- 3. Carefully locate these products so that their temperatures will not increase due to the effects of heat generated by neighboring components.
- 4. If a vinyl-covered wire comes into contact with the products, then the cover will melt and generate toxic gas, damaging the insulation. Never allow contact between the cover and these products to occur.
- 5. This product should not be mechanically stressed or vibrated when reflowed.
- 6. To repair the board by hand soldering, follow the conditions set forth in this chapter.
- 7. Do not wash this product.
- 8. Pressing on parts of the metal cover or fastening objects to the metal will cause damage to the unit.

5 Cautions

5.3 Usage Condition Notes

- Take measures to protect the unit against static electricity. If pulses or other transient loads (a large load applied in a short time) are applied to the products, check and evaluate their operation befor assembly on the final products.
- 2. Do not use dropped products.
- 3. Do not touch, damage or soil the pins.
- 4. Follow the recommended condition ratings about the power supply applied to this product.
- 5. Electrode peeling strength: Do not add pressure of more than 4.9 N when soldered on PCB.
- 6. Pressing on parts of the metal cover or fastening objects to the metal cover will cause damage.
- 7. These products are intended for general purpose and standard use in general electronic equipment, such as home appliances, office equipment, information, and communication equipment.

5.4 Storage Notes

- 1. The module should not be stressed mechanically during storage.
- Do not store these products in the following conditions or the performance characteristics of the product, such as RF performance will be adversely affected:
- Storage in salty air or in an environment with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, or NOX,
- Storage in direct sunlight,
- Storage in an environment where the temperature may be outside the range of 5 °C to 35 °C, or where the humidity may be outside the 45 to 85 percent range,
- Storage of the products for more than one year after the date of delivery storage period: Please check the adhesive strength of the embossed tape and soldering after 6 months of storage.
- 3. Keep this product away from water, poisonous gas, and corrosive gas.
- 4. This product should not be stressed or shocked when transported.
- 5. Follow the specification when stacking packed crates (max. 10).

5.5 Safety Cautions

These specifications are intended to preserve the quality assurance of products and individual components.

Before use, check and evaluate the operation when mounted on your products. Abide by these specifications without deviation when using the products. These products may short-circuit. If electrical shocks, smoke, fire, and/or accidents involving human life are anticipated when a short circuit occurs, provide the following failsafe functions as a minimum:

- 1. Ensure the safety of the whole system by installing a protection circuit and a protection device.
- 2. Ensure the safety of the whole system by installing a redundant circuit or another system to prevent a single fault causing an unsafe status.

5.6 Other Cautions

- 1. Do not use the products for other purposes than those listed.
- 2. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent any additional damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of the product.
- 3. This product has been manufactured without any ozone chemical controlled under the Montreal Protocol.
- 4. These products are not intended for uses other than under the special conditions shown below. Before using these products under such special conditions, carefully check their performance and reliability under the said special conditions to determine whether or not they can be used in such a manner:
- In liquid, such as water, salt water, oil, alkali, or organic solvent, or in places where liquid may splash,
- In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in a dusty environment,
- In an environment where condensation occurs,
- In an environment with a high concentration of harmful gas (e. g. salty air, HCl, Cl2, SO2, H2S, NH3, and NOX).
- If an abnormal voltage is applied due to a problem occurring in other components or circuits, replace these products with new products because they may not be able to provide normal performance even if their electronic characteristics and appearances appear satisfactory.
- 6. When you have any question or uncertainty, contact Panasonic.
- 7.

5.7 Bluetooth Declaration

PAN1326C QDID: 39329

https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/5045

TI Host-Stack: QDID: 69887

https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/23810

TI Profile Stack: QDID: 69886

https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/23811

5 Cautions

5.8 Life Support Policy

This Panasonic Industrial Devices Europe GmbH product is not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction can reasonably be expected to result in a significant personal injury to the user, or as a critical component in any life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

Panasonic customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Panasonic Industrial Devices Europe GmbH for any damages resulting.

6 Appendix

6 Appendix

6.1 Ordering Information

Variants and Versions

Order Number	Brand Name	Description	MOQ 17
ENW89823C4KF	PAN1316C	Bluetooth Basic Data Rate and Low Energy Module w/o antenna	1 500
ENW89823A4KF ¹⁸	PAN1326C	Bluetooth Basic Data Rate and Low Energy Module w/ antenna	1 500

¹⁷ Abbreviation for Minimum Order Quantity (MOQ). The default MOQ for mass production is 1 500 pieces, fewer only on customer demand. Samples for evaluation can be delivered at any quantity via the distribution channels.

¹⁸ Samples are available on customer demand.

6 Appendix

6.2 Contact Details

6.2.1 **Contact Us**

Please contact your local Panasonic Sales office for details on additional product options and services:

For Panasonic Sales assistance in the EU, visit https://eu.industrial.panasonic.com/about-us/contact-us Email: wireless@eu.panasonic.com

For Panasonic Sales assistance in North America, visit the Panasonic Sales & Support Tool to find assistance near you at

https://na.industrial.panasonic.com/distributors

Please visit the Panasonic Wireless Technical Forum to submit a question at https://forum.na.industrial.panasonic.com

6.2.2 **Product Information**

Please refer to the Panasonic Wireless Connectivity website for further information on our products and related documents:

For complete Panasonic product details in the EU, visit http://pideu.panasonic.de/products/wireless-modules.html

For complete Panasonic product details in North America, visit http://www.panasonic.com/rfmodules