

Current Transducer LA 55-TP

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).









Electrical data

I _{PN}	Primary nominal cur	rent rms			50			Α
I _{PM}	Primary current, mea	asuring range			0	± 70		Α
$\mathbf{R}_{\scriptscriptstyle{M}}$	Measuring resistance	e @	T	$\Gamma_A = 7$	′0°C	$T_A = 8$	5°C	
			F	R _{M min}	R _{M max}	R _{M min}	$R_{\text{M max}}$	
	with ± 12 V	$@ \pm 50 A_{max}$		0	100	60	95	Ω
		@ \pm 70 A _{max}	1	0	50	60 ¹⁾	60 ¹⁾	Ω
	with ± 15 V	@ ± 50 A _{max}	5	0	160	135	155	Ω
		@ \pm 70 A _{max}	5	0	90	135 ²⁾	135 ²⁾	Ω
I _{SN}	Secondary nominal				50			mΑ
\mathbf{K}_{N}	Conversion ratio				1:	1000		
$\mathbf{V}_{_{\mathrm{C}}}$	Supply voltage (± 5	%)			± 12	2 15		V
Ic	Current consumption	า			10 (@ ± 15	V) + I _S	mΑ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ @ ± 15 V (± 5 %)	± 0.65	;	%
	@ ± 12 15 V (± 5 %)	± 0.90		%
$\mathcal{E}_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	Linearity error	< 0.15	;	%
_		Тур	Max	
I _o	Offset current @ $I_P = 0$, $T_A = 25$ °C		± 0.2	mA
I _{OM}	Magnetic offset current $^{3)}$ @ I_{P} = 0 and specified R_{M} ,			
	after an overload of 3 x I _{PN}		± 0.3	mA
I _{OT}	Temperature variation of I _o - 25°C + 85°C	± 0.1	± 0.6	mA
	- 40°C 25°C	± 0.2	± 1.0	mA
t _{ra}	Reaction time to 10 % of I _{PN} step	< 500		ns
t,	Response time 4) to 90 % of I _{PN} step	< 2.5		μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 200		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth @ 30 A (- 3 dB)	DC '	100	kHz

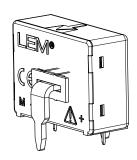
General data

T _A	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature		- 40 + 85 - 40 + 90	°C
$R_{\rm s}$	Secondary coil resistance		80	Ω
		@ $T_A = 85^{\circ}C$	85	Ω
m	Mass		24	g
	Standards		EN 50178: 1997	

Notes: 1) Measuring range limited to \pm 60 A $_{max}$

- $^{2)}$ Measuring range limited to ± 55 A $_{max}$
- 3) Result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit
- 4) With a di/dt of 100 A/µs.

$I_{PN} = 50 \text{ A}$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Printed circuit board mounting
- · Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- · Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.



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ls	Isolation characteristics			
V _d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	2.5	kV	
$\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathrm{w}}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs	7.5	kV	
		Min		
dCp	Creepage distance	7.5	mm	
dCI	Clearance distance	7.5	mm	
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group IIIa)	175		

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1		
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{_{\mathbf{W}}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage		
Single isolation	600 V	600 V		
Reinforced isolation	300 V	300 V		

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

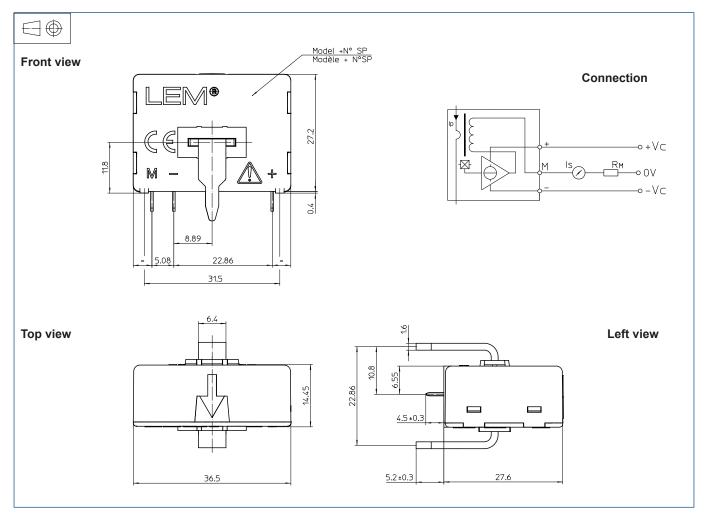
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LA 55-TP (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

• Fastening & connection of primary

Recommended PCB hole

• Fastening & connection of secondary

Recommended PCB hole

± 0.2 mm bus bar 6.4 x 1.6 mm 3.8 mm

3 pins

0.63 x 0.56 mm 0.9 mm

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 90°C.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.