OAK-D Pro W PoE — DepthAl Hardware Documentation 1.0.0 documentation

OAK-D Pro W PoE



Overview

The OAK-D Pro W PoE has Wide Field of View (FOV) cameras and features an IR laser dot projector (active stereo) and IR illumination LED (for night-vision). The OAK-D Pro W PoE is from the <u>Series 2 of OAK cameras</u>.

Compared to the OAK-D S2 PoE, the only differences are:

- IR laser dot projector and IR illumination LED (Pro aspect of the version)
- Wide FOV cameras (W aspect of the version)

It also has industrial **M12 PoE connector** (instead of RJ45) and additionally features an **M8 connector for IO connectivity**; USB2 (D+, D-), camera IOs (FSIN, STROBE), power, and one auxiliary GPIO.

Hardware specifications

This OAK camera uses **Power-over-Ethernet** (PoE) for communication and power. It offers full 802.3af and Class 3 PoE compliance with 1000BASE-T speeds (1 Gbps). A <u>PoE injector/switch</u> is required to power the device. It also features <u>IP65 rated enclosure</u>. **Future batches** (manufactured in June 2023 or later) will have **IP67** rated enclosures.

Camera module specifications

Wide FOV IMX378

Wide FOV OV9782

For the wide FOV version you can select **either** 120° DFOV IMX378 (12MP) **or** 150° DFOV color OV9782 (1MP) color camera.

Camera Specs	Color camera	Stereo pair
Sensor	<u>IMX378</u> (PY060)	OV9282 (PY059)
DFOV / HFOV / VFOV	120°/95°/70°	150°/128°/80°
Rectified Depth FOV	N/A	106°/97°/70°
Resolution	12MP (4056x3040)	1MP (1280x800)
Focus	FF: 60cm - ∞	FF: 18cm - ∞
Max Framerate	60 FPS	120 FPS
F-number	2.8 ±5%	2 ±5%
Lens size	1/2.3 inch	1/4 inch
Effective Focal Length	2.75mm	1.69mm
Distortion	< -14.6%	< 38%
Pixel size	1.55µm x 1.55µm	3µm x 3µm

Wide FOV lenses can only be fixed-focus.





Left: normal FOV, Right: Wide FOV

How it works

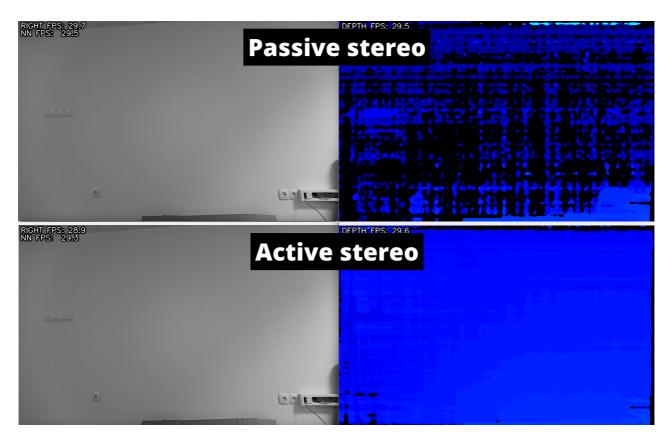
This OAK model has <u>notch IR filters at 940nm</u> on the stereo camera pair, which allows both visible light and IR light from illumination LED/laser dot projector to be perceived by the camera.

Laser dot projector projects many small dots in front of the device, which helps with disparity matching, especially for low-visual-interest surfaces (blank surfaces with little to no texture), such as a wall or floor. The technique that we use is called <u>ASV</u> - conventional Active Stereo Vision - as stereo matching is performed on the device the same way as on OAK-D (passive stereo).

Note

Laser dot projector and flood LED are disabled by default! That's because most people would prefer intentionally enabling the laser dot projector when they are wearing eye safety gear.

On the image below there's a blank wall with no texture. Without the dot projector, (passive) depth perception is poor. With the dot projector set to ~200mA, the (active) depth perception looks much better. If you look closely at the bottom left frame, you can see little dots all around the wall.



Flood IR LED illumination allows perceiving low-light and no-light environments. You can run your AI/CV processes on frames that are illuminated by the IR LED. Note that the color camera doesn't perceive IR light, so you would need to use a mono camera stream for your AI/CV processes.



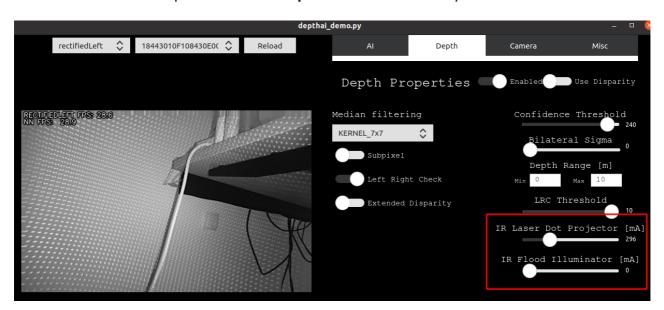


Getting started

You can set IR laser dot projector and illumination LED via the API as below. **Note** that the dot projector will be **strongest at 765mA**, as above that, the duty cycle will decrease.

```
# Either within Script node:
script = pipeline.create(dai.node.Script)
script.setScript("""
   Device.setIrLaserDotProjectorBrightness(500)
   Device.setIrFloodLightBrightness(0)
""")
with dai.Device(pipeline) as device:
   # Or, using the dai.Device object from the host:
   device.setIrLaserDotProjectorBrightness(100) # in mA, 0..1200
   device.setIrFloodLightBrightness(0) # in mA, 0..1500
```

You can set these two parameters in **DepthAl Demo** in the *Depth* tab:



Projector specifications

Projector Specs

Value

Projector Specs	Value
Dot projector	Ams Belago1.1 Dot-Pattern Infrared Illuminator
Number of dots	4700
HFOI* 50%	78 ± 7%
VFOI* 50%	61° ± 7%
VSCEL wavelength	940nm
Operating temperature	10°C to ~60°C
Temperature absolute limits	0°C to ~80°C
PDF	<u>Click here</u>

FOI = Field of illumination. Also note that in datasheet, HFOI and VFOI are switched, that's because we mount the Belago1.1 rotated as we want greater horizontal field, to match field of cameras.

Regarding operating temperature; some customers use dot projector even at lower ambient temperatures, but first wait a few minutes for device to heat up (by running AI/CV/stereo depth...) so projector gets to above 0°C.

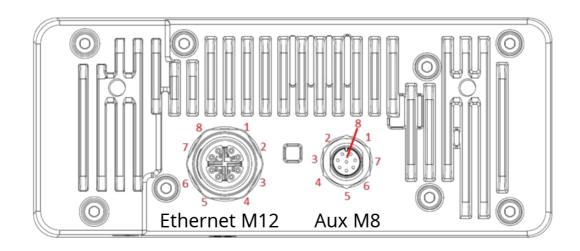
RVC2 inside

This OAK device is built on top of the RVC2. Main features:

- 4 TOPS of processing power (1.4 TOPS for AI RVC2 NN Performance)
- Run any Al model, even custom-architectured/built ones models need to <u>be converted</u>.
- Encoding: H.264, H.265, MJPEG 4K/30FPS, 1080P/60FPS
- **Computer vision**: warp/dewarp, resize, crop via <u>ImageManip</u> node, <u>edge detection</u>, <u>feature tracking</u>. You can also <u>run custom CV functions</u>
- **Stereo depth** perception with filtering, <u>post-processing</u>, <u>RGB-depth alignment</u>, and high <u>configurability</u>
- Object tracking: 2D and 3D tracking with ObjectTracker node

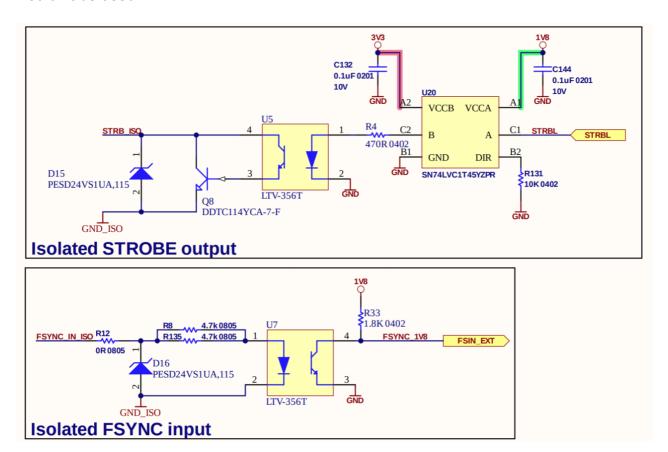
Connectors

M8 aux connector has 8pin female A-coded connector and the M12 ethernet has 8pin female X-coded connector.



	M12 pin	M8 pin	M8 functionality
1	Eth MX0+	AUX GPIO 3V3	3V3 auxiliary GPIO 52 . Pull this pin high with 10k resistor at startup for USB boot .
2	Eth MX0-	FSYNC ISO	Isolated Frame synchronization input signal for cameras
3	Eth MX1+	USB D+	USB 2.0 interface that can be used to connect to the OAK device (eg. reflash) if USB boot is enabled (via AUX GPIO 3V3).
4	Eth MX1-	USB D-	USB 2.0 interface that can be used to connect to the OAK device (eg. reflash) if USB boot is enabled (via AUX GPIO 3V3).
5	Eth MX3+	VBUSIN	This pin is used for sourcing 5V power to accessory devices connected to the M8 connector. If trying to boot the device in USB boot mode, this pin can also sink current.
6	Eth MX3-	Strobe ISO	Isolated Strobe output signal for cameras (Open Collector)
7	Eth MX2+	Isolated GND	Isolated ground for Strobe/FSYNC
8	Eth MX2-	GND	Ground.

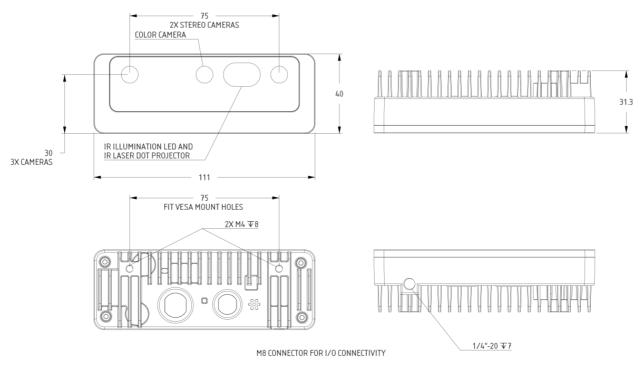
Cameras also include an M8 connector cap for waterproofing in case the M8 connector wouldn't be used.



External triggering: Sensors require 1V8 rising edge on FSYNC for the trigger event. We are using an optocoupler and ESD protection diode, so the input trigger voltage should be 12V (up to 24V) and the trigger logic is reversed, so trigger event happens at 0V on the FSYNC line. For **example**, see <u>External FSYNC Example</u>.

Dimensions and Weight

Weight: 184g



M12 POE CONNECTOR



Stereo depth perception

This OAK camera has a baseline of 7.5cm - the distance between the left and the right stereo camera. Minimal and maximal depth perception (MinZ and Max) depends on camera FOV, resolution, and baseline- more information https://example.com/here/.

• Ideal range: 40cm - 6m

- MinZ: ~20cm (400P OR 800P, extended), ~37cm (800P)
- MaxZ: ~10 meters with a variance of 10% (depth accuracy evaluation)

Extended means that StereoDepth node has **Extended** disparity mode enabled.

Integrated IMU

This OAK camera has an integrated **BNO085**, a **9-axis IMU** (Inertial Measurement Unit). See <u>IMU node</u> for the API details on how to use it.

Note: due to supply chain issues, most of the OAK camera that were manufactured between Q2 2021 and Q2 2023 have integrated BMI270 - 6-axis IMU instead.

Operational Temperature

This device is rated to withstand temperatures within the range of -33° C - 55° C. Use in temperatures outside of this range may result in device failure.

Laser safety

This product is classified as a Class 1 Laser Product under the EN/IEC 60825-1, Edition 3 (2014) internationally.

- Do not power on the product if any external damage was observed.
- Do not attempt to open any portion of this laser product.
- Invisible laser radiation when opened. Avoid direct exposure to the beam.
- There are no user serviceable parts with this laser product.
- Modification or service of the stereo module, specifically the infrared projector, may cause the emissions to exceed Class 1.
- No magnifying optical elements, such as eye loupes and magnifiers, are allowed.
- Do not try to update camera firmware that is not officially released for specific camera module and revision.

