

SOT-23

- Pin Definition:
- 1. Reference 2. Cathode
- 3. Anode
- 3. Anoue

General Description

The TS432AI/TS432BI is a three-terminal adjustable shunt regulator with specified thermal stability. The output voltage may be set to any value between V_{REF} (approximately 1.24V) and 18V with two external resistors. The TS432AI/TS432BI has a typical output impedance of 0.05 Ω . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristic, making the TS432AI/TS432BI excellent replacement for zener diode in many applications.

Features

- Precision Reference Voltage TS432AI – 1.24V±1% TS432BI – 1.24V±0.5%
- Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation: 20µA(typ.)
- Equivalent Full Range Temp. Coefficient: 50ppm/ °C
- Programmable Output Voltage up to 18V
- Fast Turn-On Response
- Sink Current Capability of 80µA to 100mA
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.2Ω
- Low Output Noise

Application

- Voltage Monitor
- Delay Timmer
- Constant –Current Source/Sink
- High-Current Shunt Regulator
- Crow Bar
- Over-Voltage / Under-Voltage Protection

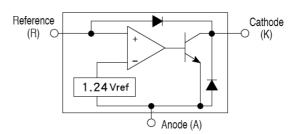
Ordering Information

Part No.	Package	Packing
TS432 <u>x</u> IX RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
TS432 <u>x</u> IX RKG	SOT-23	10,000pcs / 13" Reel

Note: "G" denote for Halogen Free Product

Note: Where <u>xx</u> denotes voltage tolerance A: ±1%, B: ±0.5%

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)		V _{KA}	18	V	
Continuous Cathode Current Range		Ι _κ	100	mA	
Reference Input Current Range		I _{REF}	3	mA	
Power Dissipation	TO-92	P _D	0.625	W	
	SOT-23		0.35		
Junction Temperature	·	TJ	+150	°C	
Operation Temperature Range		T _{OPER}	-40 ~ +105	°C	
Storage Temperature Range		T _{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C	

Note 1: Voltage values are with respect to the anode terminal unless otherwise noted. Note 2: Rating apply to ambient temperature at 25°C



Recommend Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)	V _{KA}	18	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	۱ _K	100	mA

Recommend Operating Condition

Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reference	TS432AI	V _{REF}	$V_{KA} = V_{REF}$, $I_{K} = 10mA$ (Figure 1)	1.227	1.240	1.252	V
voltage	TS432BI	V REF	Ta=25°C	1.233	1.240	1.246	v
Deviation of referer	Deviation of reference input		$V_{KA} = V_{REF}$, $I_{K} = 10 \text{mA}$		10	25	mV
voltage		ΔV_{REF}	Ta= full range (Figure 1)		10	20	IIIV
Radio of change in	Radio of change in Vref to		I_{KA} =10mA, V_{KA} = 18V to V_{REF}		-1.0	-2.7	mV/V
change in cathode	change in cathode Voltage		(Figure 2)				
Reference Input current		1	R1=10KΩ, R2=∞, I _{KA} =10mA		0.25	0.5	
	nem	I _{REF}	Ta= full range (Figure 2)		0.25	0.5	μA
Deviation of reference input		41	R1=10KΩ, R2=∞, I _{KA} =10mA		0.04	0.09	
current, over temp.		ΔI_{REF}	Ta= full range (Figure 2)		0.04	0.08	μA
Off-state Cathode Current			V _{REF} =0V (Figure 3),		0.125	0.5	μA
		KA(off)	V _{KA} =18V				
Dynamic Output Impedance		17 1	f<1KHz, V _{KA} =V _{REF}		0.0	0.4	0
		Z _{ka}	I _{KA} =1mA to 100mA (Figure 1)		0.2	0.4	Ω
Minimum operating	cathode	here is	V _{KA} =V _{RFF} (Figure 1)		60	80	μA
current		I _{KA(min)}			50	50	μΛ

* The deviation parameters ΔV_{REF} and ΔI_{REF} are defined as difference between the maximum value and minimum value obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applied.

* The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, αV_{REF} is defined as: $\alpha V_{ref} \left(\frac{ppm}{^{\circ}C}\right) = \frac{\left(\frac{(\Delta V_{ref})}{V_{ref} (T_A = 25^{\circ}C)} \times 10^6\right)}{\Delta T_A}$ $V_{ref} Max$ $V_{ref} Max$ $V_{ref} Max$ $V_{ref} Max$ $V_{ref} Max$ $V_{ref} Max$

Where: **T2-T1** = full temperature change.

 αV_{REF} can be positive or negative depending on whether V_{REF} Min. or V_{REF} Max occurs at the lower ambient temperature. Example: ΔV_{REF} =7.2mV and the slope is positive, V_{REF} =1.241V at 25°C, ΔT =125°C 0.0072 \times 106

$$\alpha V_{ref} \left(\frac{ppm}{^{\circ}C} \right) = \frac{\frac{0.0072}{1.241} \times 10^{\circ}}{125} = 46 \text{ ppm}/^{\circ}C$$

* The dynamic impedance ZKA is defined as:

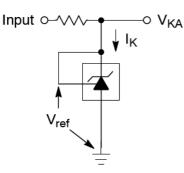
$$|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{K}}$$

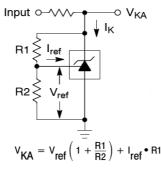
* When the device operating with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$Z_{\text{KA}}'| = |Z_{\text{KA}}| \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$



Test Circuits





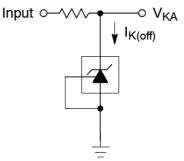


Figure 1: $V_{KA} = V_{REF}$

Figure 2: V_{KA} > V_{REF}



Additional Information – Stability

When The TS432AI/432BI is used as a shunt regulator, there are two options for selection of C_L , are recommended for optional stability:

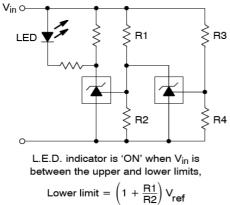
A) No load capacitance across the device, decouple at the load.

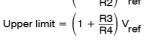
B) Large capacitance across the device, optional decoupling at the load.

The reason for this is that TS432AI/432BI exhibits instability with capacitances in the range of 10nF to 1 μ F (approx.) at light cathode current up to 3mA(typ). The device is less stable the lower the cathode voltage has been set for. Therefore while the device will be perfectly stable operating at a cathode current of 10mA (approx.) with a 0.1 μ F capacitor across it, it will oscillate transiently during start up as the cathode current passes through the instability region. Select a very low capacitance, or alternatively a high capacitance (10 μ F) will avoid this issue altogether. Since the user will probably wish to have local decoupling at the load anyway, the most cost effective method is to use no capacitance at all directly across the device. PCB trace/via resistance and inductance prevent the local load decoupling from causing the oscillation during the transient start up phase.

Note: if the TS432AI/432BI is located right at the load, so the load decoupling capacitor is directly across it, then this capacitor will have to be $\leq 1nF$ or $\geq 10\mu F$.

Applications Examples







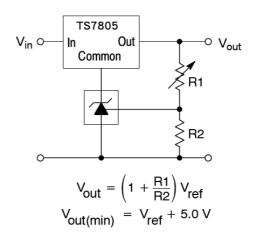


Figure 5: Output Control for Three Terminal Fixed Regulator



Applications Examples (Continue)

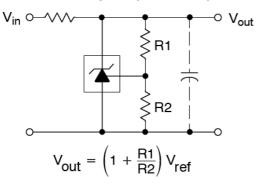


Figure 6: Shunt Regulator

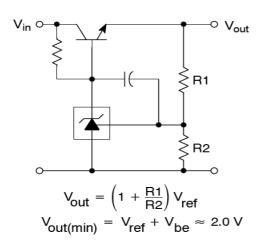


Figure 8: Series Pass Regulator

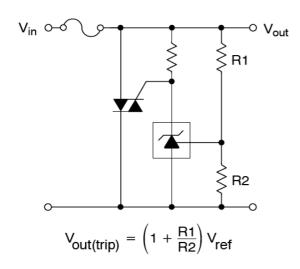


Figure 10: TRIAC Crowbar

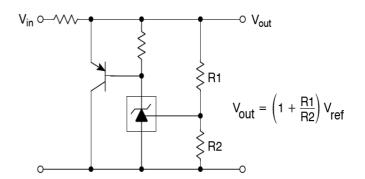


Figure 7: High Current Shunt Regulator

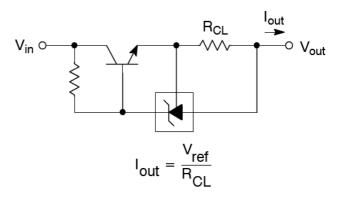


Figure 9: Constant Current Source

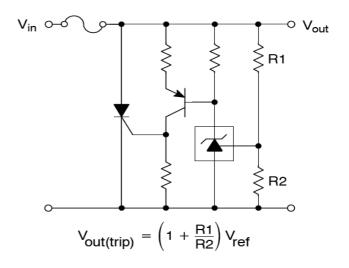


Figure 11: SCR Crowbar



Applications Examples (Continue)

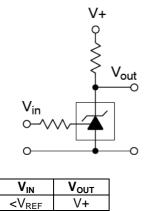
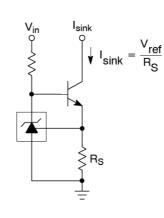




Figure 12: Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold



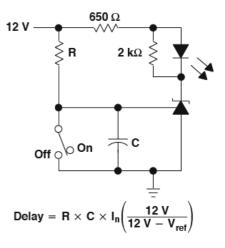
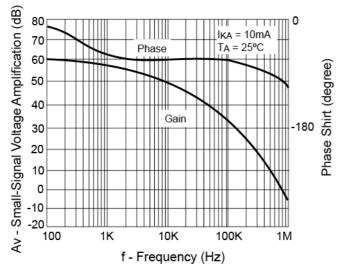


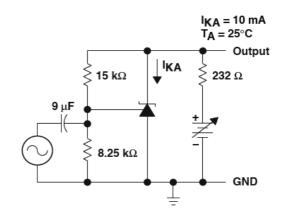
Figure 13: Constant Current Sink

Figure 14: Delay Timer



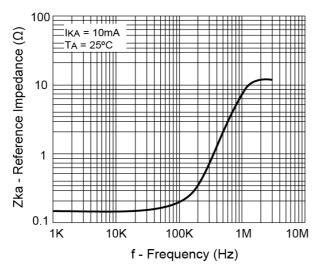
Typical Performance Characteristics

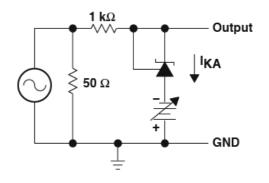




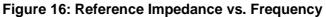
Test Circuit for Voltage Amplification

Figure 15: Small-Signal Voltage Gain and Phase Shift vs. Frequency





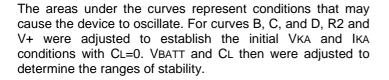
Test Circuit for Reference Impedance

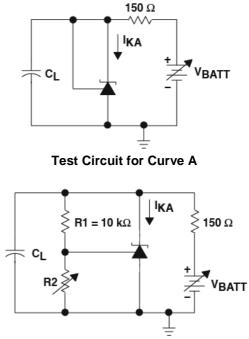




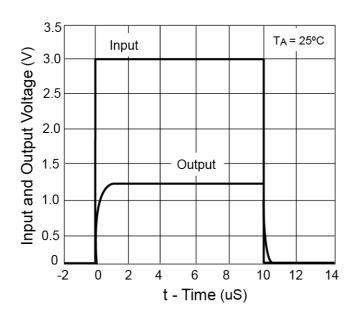
100 A VKA = Vref IKA - Cathode Current (mA) 90 ⁻В Vка = 5V C VKA = 10V 80 D VKA = 15V В 70 −TA = 25°C 60 С Stable 50 Stable А 40 А 30 D 20 В 10 0 0.001 0.01 0.1 1 10 CL - Load Capacitance (uF)

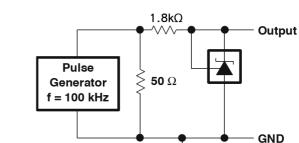
Typical Performance Characteristics





Test Circuit for Curve B, C and D





Test Circuit for Pulse Response, Ik=1mA



Figure 17: Stability Boundary Condition



Electrical Characteristics

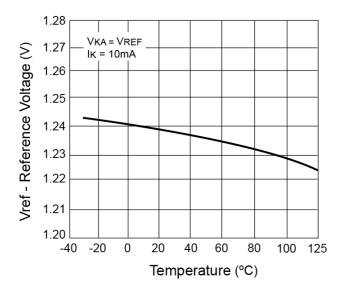


Figure 19: Reference Voltage vs. Temperature

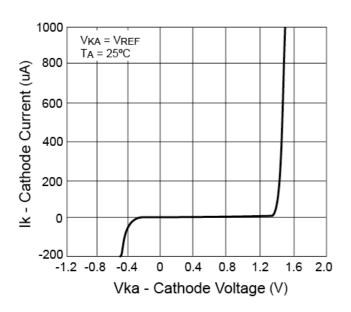


Figure 21: Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage

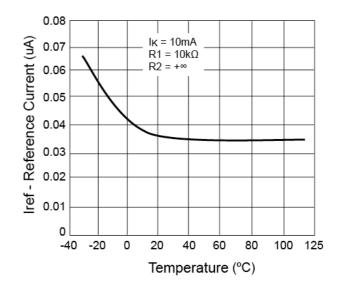
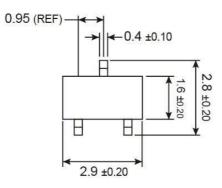
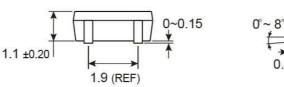


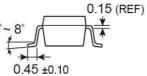
Figure 20: Reference Current vs. Temperature



SOT-23 Mechanical Drawing







Unit: Millimeters

Marking Diagram



x = Device Code



- 3 = SOT-23 package
- Y = Year Code
- **M** = Month Code for Halogen Free Product

O =Jan	P =Feb	Q =Mar	R =Apr
S =May	T =Jun	U =Jul	V =Aug
W =Sep	X =Oct	Y =Nov	Z =Dec
L = Lot Code			



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