

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No1907/2006

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Loctite 7471

SDS No. : 179503 V002.6 Revision: 05.05.2014 printing date: 03.09.2014

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### **1.1. Product identifier** Loctite 7471

Locute

# Contains:

Acetone

# **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Intended use:

Primer, containing solvents

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Limited 2 Bishop Square Business Park AL109EY Herfordshire Hatfield

### Great Britain

Phone: +44 1606 593933 Fax-no.: +44 1606 863762

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Flammable aerosols	Category 1
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.	
H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organ: Central Nervous System	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

# Classification (DPD):

F+ - Extremely flammable
R12 Extremely flammable.
Xi - Irritant
R36 Irritating to eyes.
R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Dangerous for the environment
R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# 2.2. Label elements

# Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:	
Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement:	<ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Supplemental information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains Benzothiazole-2-thiol. May produce an allergic reaction.
Precautionary statement:	<ul> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.</li> <li>No smoking.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>***For consumer use only: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P501 Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements***</li> </ul>
Propositionary statements	P261 Avoid breathing spray.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	P201 Avoid breatning spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary statement: Response	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Label elements (DPD):

Xi - Irritant

F+ - Extremely flammable





Risk phrases:

R12 Extremely flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

- R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### Safety phrases:

- S23 Do not breathe spray.
- S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- S37 Wear suitable gloves.
- S51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.
- S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

#### Additional labeling:

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep out of the reach of children

For consumer use only: S2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S46 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Contains Benzothiazole-2-thiol. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The aerosol container is under pressure. Do not expose to high temperatures.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### General chemical description:

Primer, containing solvents

### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Acetone 67-64-1	200-662-2 01-2119471330-49	>= 75- <= 100 %	Flammable liquids 2 H225 Serious eye irritation 2 H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3 H336
Propane 74-98-6	200-827-9 01-2119486944-21	>= 10-< 25 %	Flammable gases 1 H220 Gases under pressure
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	200-661-7 01-2119457558-25	>= 10-< 20 %	Flammable liquids 2 H225 Serious eye irritation 2 H319 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 3 H336
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4	205-736-8	>= 0,3-< 1 %	Skin sensitizer 1 H317 Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 1 H410 Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 1 H400

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

# Declaration of ingredients according to DPD (EC) No 1999/45:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
Acetone	200-662-2	>= 75 - <= 100 %	F - Highly flammable; R11
67-64-1	01-2119471330-49		Xi - Irritant; R36
			R66
			R67
Propane	200-827-9	>= 10 - < 25 %	F+ - Extremely flammable; R12
74-98-6	01-2119486944-21		·
Propan-2-ol	200-661-7	>= 10 - < 20 %	F - Highly flammable; R11
67-63-0	01-2119457558-25		Xi - Irritant; R36
			R67
Benzothiazole-2-thiol	205-736-8	>= 0,3 - < 1 %	R43
149-30-4			N - Dangerous for the environment; R50/53

For full text of the R-Phrases indicated by codes see section 16 'Other Information'. Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact: Rinse with running water and soap.

Seek medical advice.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes). Seek medical attention if necessary.

#### Ingestion:

Rinse out mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

vapors may cause arowsmess and an

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, irritating organic vapors.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

### Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Avoid skin and eye contact. Ensure adequate ventilation.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal. For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal. Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Primer, containing solvents

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection** 

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Туре	Category	Remarks
ACETONE	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average		EH40 WEL
67-64-1			(TWA):		
ACETONE	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure		EH40 WEL
67-64-1			Limit (STEL):		
ACETONE	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average	Indicative	ECTLV
67-64-1			(TWA):		
PROPAN-2-OL	500	1.250	Short Term Exposure		EH40 WEL
67-63-0			Limit (STEL):		
PROPAN-2-OL	400	999	Time Weighted Average		EH40 WEL
67-63-0			(TWA):		

# **Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):**

Name on list	Environmental	Exposure	Value				Remarks
	Compartment	period					
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Acetone	aqua					21 mg/L	
67-64-1	(intermittent					_	
	releases)						
Acetone	STP					100 mg/L	
67-64-1							
Acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
Acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(marine water)						
Acetone	soil				29,5 mg/kg		
67-64-1							
Acetone	aqua					10,6 mg/L	
67-64-1	(freshwater)					_	
Acetone	aqua (marine					1,06 mg/L	
67-64-1	water)					_	
Propan-2-ol	aqua					140,9 mg/L	
67-63-0	(freshwater)					_	
Propan-2-ol	aqua (marine					140,9 mg/L	
67-63-0	water)						
Propan-2-ol	sediment				552 mg/kg		
67-63-0	(freshwater)						
Propan-2-ol	sediment				552 mg/kg		
67-63-0	(marine water)						
Propan-2-ol	soil				28 mg/kg		
67-63-0							
Propan-2-ol	aqua					140,9 mg/L	
67-63-0	(intermittent					-	
	releases)						
Propan-2-ol	STP					2251 mg/L	
67-63-0							
Propan-2-ol	oral					160 mg/kg	
67-63-0						food	

# **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Acetone 67-64-1	worker	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	worker	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg bw/day	
Acetone 67-64-1	worker	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	general population	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg bw/day	
Acetone 67-64-1	general population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	general population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg bw/day	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	worker	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		888 mg/kg bw/day	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	worker	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		500 mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	general population	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		319 mg/kg bw/day	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	general population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		89 mg/m3	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	general population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		26 mg/kg bw/day	

**Biological Exposure Indices:** None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Respiratory protection:

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Filter type: P2

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Wear protective glasses.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# **9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**Appearance Aerosol

Odor Odour threshold	yellow pungent No data available / Not applicable
pH	not applicable
Initial boiling point	56 °C (132.8 °F)
Flash point	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Vapour pressure	230 mm hg
(20 °C (68 °F))	
Density	0,8 g/cm3
0	
Bulk density	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties	No data available / Not applicable
Solubility (qualitative)	Miscible
(Solvent: Water)	
Solubility (qualitative)	Soluble
(Solvent: Acetone)	
Solidification temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Melting point	No data available / Not applicable
Flammability	No data available / Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive limits	No data available / Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available / Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available / Not applicable
Vapor density	No data available / Not applicable
Oxidising properties	No data available / Not applicable

# 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reaction with strong acids. Reacts with strong oxidants.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** See section reactivity

5

10.4. Conditions to avoid

- Stable
- **10.5. Incompatible materials** See section reactivity

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Irritating organic vapours.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

### STOT-single exposure:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# Oral toxicity:

This material is considered to have low toxicity if swallowed.

### Inhalative toxicity:

May cause headache and dizziness.

### Skin irritation:

Solvent may remove essential oils from the skin making it susceptible to attack from other chemicals. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

### Eye irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Sensitizing:

May cause allergic reaction.

### Acute oral toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	oral		rat	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	LD50	5.338 mg/kg	oral		rat	

### Acute inhalative toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	LC50	76 mg/l	inhalation	4 h	rat	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	LC50	72,6 mg/l	inhalation	4 h	rat	

### Acute dermal toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	LD50	12.870 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	slightly irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Acetone	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute
67-64-1				Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Propan-2-ol	moderately irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute
67-63-0				Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

# Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4	sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

# Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Propane 74-98-6	negative with metabolic activation	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	

### **Repeated dose toxicity**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	NOAEL=2500 ppm	oral: drinking water	13 weeks	rat	
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	NOAEL=1500	inhalation	13 weeks 6 hours/day, 5 days/week	mouse	
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4	NOAEL=375 mg/kg	oral: gavage	13 weeks 5 days/week	rat	

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### General ecological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

# 12.1. Toxicity

# **Ecotoxicity:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous components	Value	Value	Acute	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		Toxicity	time		
Acetone	LC50	8.120 mg/l	Study Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline
67-64-1	LC50	0.120 mg/1	1 1511	<b>70 H</b>	T integnates prometas	203 (Fish, Acute
0, 01 1						Toxicity Test)
Acetone	EC50	6.098,4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline
67-64-1				_		202 (Daphnia sp.
						Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
Propan-2-ol	LC50	9.640 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline
67-63-0		-				203 (Fish, Acute
						Toxicity Test)
Propan-2-ol	EC50	13.299 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline
67-63-0						202 (Daphnia sp.
						Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
Propan-2-ol	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new	OECD Guideline
67-63-0					name: Desmodesmus	201 (Alga, Growth
					subspicatus)	Inhibition Test)
	NOEC	1.000 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new	OECD Guideline
					name: Desmodesmus	201 (Alga, Growth
	WORG	20 1			subspicatus)	Inhibition Test)
Propan-2-ol	NOEC	30 mg/l	chronic	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211
67-63-0			Daphnia			(Daphnia magna,
Benzothiazole-2-thiol	LC50	1.6	Fish	96 h	Due chardenie andie (name name a	Reproduction Test) OECD Guideline
149-30-4	LC30	1,6 mg/l	FISH	96 n	Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio)	203 (Fish, Acute
149-30-4					Danio rerio)	Toxicity Test)
Benzothiazole-2-thiol	EC50	4,1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline
149-30-4	EC.30	4,1 mg/1	Dapinna	46 11	Dapinia magna	202 (Daphnia sp.
149-30-4						Acute
						Immobilisation
						Test)
Benzothiazole-2-thiol	EC50	0,25 mg/l	Algae	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline
149-30-4	LC50	0,25 mg/1	7 ligue	<b>70 H</b>	(new name: Pseudokirchnerella	
119 50 1					subcapitata)	Inhibition Test)
Benzothiazole-2-thiol	NOEC	0,34 mg/l	chronic	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211
149-30-4		0,0 1	Daphnia		2 upinin inigin	(Daphnia magna,
						Reproduction Test)

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

# **Persistence and Biodegradability:** No data available.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	readily biodegradable	aerobic	70 - 84 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4		aerobic	2,5 %	OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil

# Mobility:

The product evaporates readily.

# **Bioaccumulative potential:**

No data available.

Hazardous components	LogKow Bioconcentration	Exposure	Species	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.	factor (BCF)	time			

Acetone 67-64-1	0,24			
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	0,05			OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n- octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Benzothiazole-2-thiol 149-30-4	2,34 - 2,5			

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous components CAS-No.	PBT/vPvB
Acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propane	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
74-98-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propan-2-ol	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-63-0	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

14 06 03 Other solvents and solvent mixtures

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1.	UN number	
	ADR	1950
	RID	1950
	ADNR	1950
	IMDG	1950
	IATA	1950
14.2.	UN proper shi	pping name
	ADR	AEROSOLS
	RID	AEROSOLS
	ADNR	AEROSOLS
	IMDG	AEROSOLS
	IATA	Aerosols, flammable
14.3.	Transport haz	ard class(es)
	ADR	2.1
	RID	2.1
	ADNR	2.1
	IMDG	2.1
	IATA	2.1
14.4.	Packaging gro	սթ
	ADR	
	RID	
	ADNR	
	IMDG	
	IATA	
14.5.	Environmenta	l hazards
	ADR	not applicable
	RID	not applicable
	ADNR	not applicable
	IMDG	not applicable
	IATA	not applicable
14.6.	Special precau	tions for user
	ADR	not applicable
		Tunnelcode: (D)
	RID	not applicable
	ADNR	not applicable
	IMDG	not applicable
	IATA	not applicable
14.7.	Transport in b	ulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
	not applicable	
		SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
  - VOC content (1999/13/EC)

99 %

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

R11 Highly flammable.

R12 Extremely flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.