Spectrum Analyzer

GSP-930

USER MANUAL REVISION 1.1 APRIL 2012



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.	
	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the instrument or to other properties.	
<u>Å</u>	DANGER High Voltage	
Ń	Attention Refer to the Manual	
<u> </u>	Earth (ground) Terminal	
\rightarrow	Frame or Chassis Terminal	
	Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.	

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Safety Guidelines

General Guideline	• Do not place any heavy object on the instrument.
	 Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the instrument.
	• Do not discharge static electricity to the instrument.
	• Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
	• Ensure signals to the RF input do not exceed +30dBm.
	• Ensure reverse power to the TG output terminal does not exceed +30dBm.
	 Do not supply any input signals to the TG output.
	• Do not block the cooling fan opening.
	• Do not disassemble the instrument unless you are qualified.
	(Measurement categories) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The instrument falls under category II.
	• Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.
	• Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.
	• Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.
	• Measurement category I is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to Mains.
Power Supply	 AC Input voltage range: 100V~240V
	• Frequency: 50/60Hz
	• To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.

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Battery	• Rating: 10.8V, 6 cell Li-ion battery		
	• Turn off the power and remove the power cord before installing or removing the battery.		
Cleaning	 Disconnect the power cord before cleaning. Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid. Do not use chemicals containing harsh material 		
	such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.		
Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)		
	 Temperature: 5°C to 45°C 		
	• Humidity: <90%		
	(Pollution Degree) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The instrument falls under degree 2.		
	Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".		
	 Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. 		
	 Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected. 		
	 Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non- conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled. 		
Storage	Location: Indoor		
environment	• Temperature: -20°C to 70°C		
	• Humidity: <90%		
	J		

Disposal



Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the instrument in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead/appliance must only be wired by competent persons			
WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in accordance with the			
following code:			
Green/ Yellow: Blue: Brown:	Earth Neutral Live (Phase)		
As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the coloured marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:			

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol ④ or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm² should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter provides a brief overview of the GSP-930, the package contents, instructions for first time use and an introduction to the front panel, rear panel and GUI.



GSP-930 Introduction	
Main Features	
Accessories	
Package Contents	

GSP-930 Introduction

The GSP-930 is the most advanced spectrum analyzer GW Instek has produced to date. The GSP-930 features a split window display to view data in spectrum, topographic or spectrographic views.

Main Features

Performance	 9kHz~3GHz bandwidth
	• 1Hz resolution
	 Nominal RBW accuracy of 5% <750kHz, 8% @>750kHz
	 Video bandwidth 1Hz~1MHz (10 steps)
	 Amplitude measurement range: DANL~30dBm (frequency dependent)
	• Input attenuation: 0 ~ 50dB
	• Phase noise: < -88dBc/Hz@1GHz, 10kHz
Features	• 10%-step increments for RBW bandwidth
	 Three display modes: Spectrum, Topographic and Spectrographic
	Split window display
	Built-in EMI filter
	Auto Wake-up
	Built-in preamplifier
	Gate sweep
	Marker Frequency counter
	 Two operating modes: Spectrum and Power Meter mode
	SEM measurement
	ACPR measurement
	OCBW measurement

	Channel power measurement
	Demodulation analyzer
	• Diverse marker functions and features with Peak Table
	 Sequence function to automatically perform pre- programmed sequential operations
	Optional battery operation
Interface	• 8.4 color LCD (800×600)
	On-screen menu icons
	DVI-I video output
	RS-232 with RTS/CTS hardware flow control
	• USB 2.0 with support for USB TMC
	LAN TCP/IP with LXI support
	Optional GPIB/IEEE488 interface
	• IF output @ 886MHz
	Headphone output
	REF (reference clock) input/output BNC ports
	Alarm/Open collector output BNC port
	Trigger/Gate input BNC ports
	RF N-type input port
	Tracking generator output

• DC +7V/500mA output SMB port

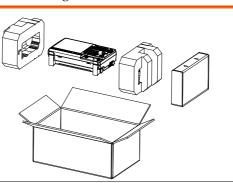
Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	Region dependant	User manual
	Region dependant	Power cord
Options	Option number	Description
	Opt1.	Tracking generator
	Opt2.	Battery (11.1V/5200mAH Li-ion battery)
	Opt3.	GPIB interface (IEEE 488 bus)
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	PWS-06	USB Average Power Sensor (up to 6200 MHz; -32 to 20 dBm)
	GRA-415	6U Rack mount kit

Package Contents

Check the contents before using the GSP-930.

Opening the box

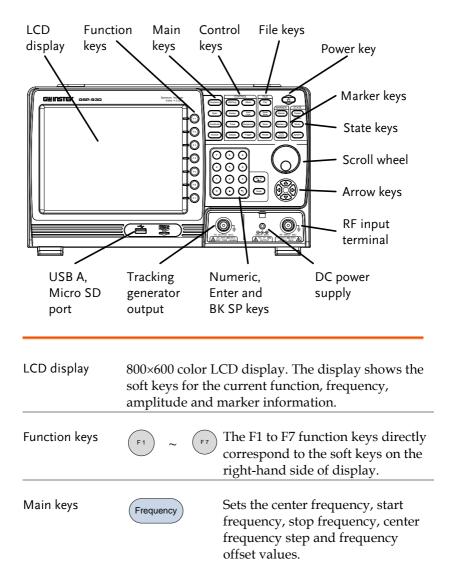


Contents (single unit)

- Main unit (may include optional GPIB, TG output)
- Quick Start manual
- User Manual CD
- Power cord x1 (region dependent)
- Optional battery pack
- Calibration certificate

Appearance

GSP-930 Front Panel

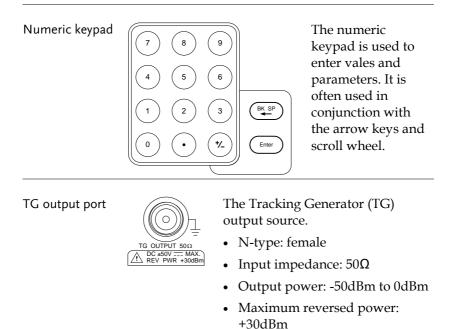


	Span	Sets the span, with options for full span, zero span and last span.
	Amplitude	Sets the amplitude reference level, attenuation, pre-amplifier controls, scale and other options for attenuation and scale.
	Autoset	Automatically searches the peak signal with maximum amplitude and displays it with appropriate horizontal and vertical scales.
Control keys	BW/Avg	Sets the resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth, average type and turns the EMI filter on/off.
	Sweep	Sets the sweep time and gate time.
	Trace	Sets traces and trace related functions.
	Display	The Display key configures the windowing mode and basic display properties.
	Meas	Accesses measurement options such as ACPR, OCBW, demodulation measurements, SEM, TOI and other advanced measurements.
	Limit Line	Sets and tests Pass/Fail limit lines.
	Sequence	Access, set and edit program sequences.

_	Trigger	Sets the triggering modes.
File	File	File utilities options
	Quick Save	The Quick Save utility allows you to save either the state, trace, screen limit line, correction or sequence with only a single press.
	Save	Save the trace, state etc., and save options.
	Recall	Recall the trace, state etc., and recall options.
Marker	Marker	Turns the Markers on/off and configures the markers.
	Marker->	The <i>Marker</i> -> key positions the markers on the trace.
	Peak Search	Finds each maximum and minimum peak. Used with the Marker function.
State	Preset LOCAL	The <i>Preset</i> key will restore the spectrum analyzer to the Factory or User-defined settings.
		The Preset key will also return the instrument back to local control after it has been in remote control

mode.

	Mode	The <i>Mode</i> key sets the spectrum analyzer to either Spectrum or Power Meter mode.
	System	The System key shows system information, settings and other system related functions.
Power key		Turns the instrument on/off.
Scroll wheel		Edit values, select listed items.
Arrow keys		Increment/decrement values (in steps), select listed items.
RF input terminal	RF INPUT 50Ω DC ±50V =:: MAX +300Bm : MAX.	 RF input port. Accepts RF inputs. Maximum input: +33dBm Input impedance: 50Ω Maximum DC voltage: ±50V N-type: female
DC power supply		SMB port supplies power for optional accessories.DC +7V500mA Max.

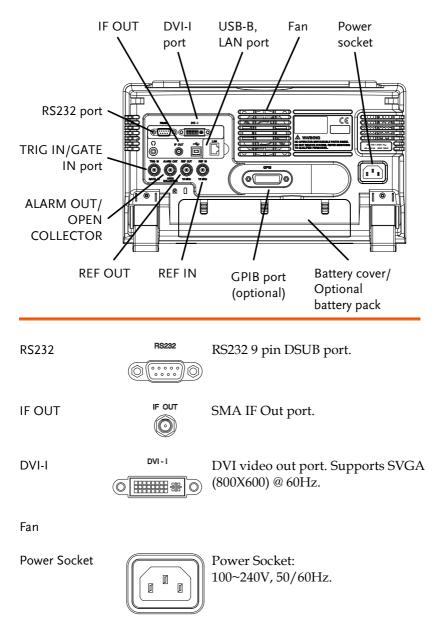


USB A, Micro SD ∞



^g USB A port, Micro SD port forsaving/recalling settings/files.

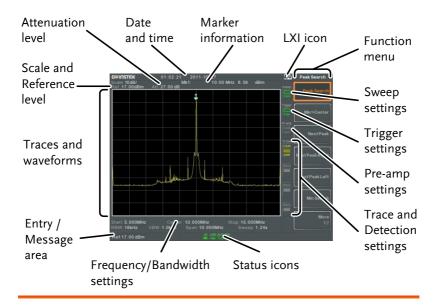
Rear Panel



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Battery pack		Voltage: 10.8V Capacity: 5200mAH
REF IN	REF IN () 10 MHz	BNC female reference input.
REF OUT	REF OUT	BNC female reference output: 10MHz , 50Ω impedance
Security Lock		
ALARM OUT		BNC female open collector Alarm output.
TRIG IN/GATE IN	TRIG IN	BNC female 3.3V CMOS trigger input/gated sweep input.
Phone	с ()	3.5mm stereo headphone jack (wired for mono operation)
USB B	×	USB B Device port. USB 1.1/2.0
LAN		RJ-45 10Base-T/100Base-Tx

Display



Reference level	Displays the reference level. For details, see page 46.
Attenuation	Displays the vertical scale (attenuation) of the input signal. For details, see page 47.
Date/Time	Displays the date and time. See page 106 for details.
Marker information	Displays marker information. For details see page 83.
LXI icon	This icon indicates the status of the LXI connection. For details, see page 196.
Function menu	Soft menu keys associated with the F1 to F7 function keys to the right of the display.

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Sweep settings



Trigger settings



Pre-amp settings



Trace and detection settings



Sweep icon that shows the sweep status. See page 66 for details.

Trigger icon that shows the trigger status. See page 79 details.

Pre-amplifier icon that shows the Pre-amplifier status. See from page 48 for details.

Trace icon that shows the trace type and the detection mode used for each trace. See from page 72 for details.

Status Icons	Displays the interface status, power source status, and alarm status, etc. See the Status Icon Overview on page 22 for a list of the status icons.
Frequency/ Bandwidth settings	Displays the Start, Center and Stop frequencies, RBW, VBW, Span and Sweep settings.
Entry/Message area	This area is used to show system messages, errors and input values/parameters.
Trace and waveforms	Main display showing the input signals, traces (page 72), limit lines (159) and marker positions (83).

Status Icon Overview

PreAmp	20 dB ON	Indicates that the pre amplifier is on.
AC	AC	Shown when running on AC power.
AC Charge	AC S	Shown when the AC power is charging the battery.
Alarm Off		Alarm buzzer output is currently off.
Alarm On	ALM ()	Alarm buzzer output is currently on.
Amplitude Offset	AMP	Indicates that the amplitude-shift is active. This icon appears when amplitude-related functions are used: Reference level offset Amplitude Correction Input $Z = 75\Omega$ Input Z cal >0
Battery indicator		Indicates the battery charge.
Bandwidth Indicator	BW	Indicates that the RBW or VBW settings are in manual mode.
Average	AVG [∑] /N	Indicates that the Average function is active.

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GETTING STARTED

External Lock

External Trigger



Indicates that the system is now locked and refers to the external reference input signal

XT M External trigger signal is being used.



Trace math is being used.

Sequence Indicator

Sweep Indicator

Math



Shown when a sequence is running.



Indicates that the sweep time is manually set.

Tracking generator



Indicates the tracking generator is turned on.

TG Normalization

Wake-up clock



Indicates that the tracking generator has been normalized.



Indicates that the wake-up clock is turned on.

USB

Micro SD



Indicates that a USB flash drive is inserted into the front panel and is recognized.



Indicates that a micro SD card is inserted into the front panel and is recognized.

First Use Instructions

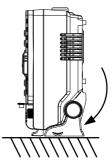
Use the procedures below when first using the GSP-930 to tilt the stand, insert the battery pack, power up the instrument, setting the internal clock, the wake-up clock, updating the firmware and restoring the default settings. Lastly, the Conventions sections will introduce you to the basic operating conventions used throughout the user manual.

Tilting the Stand

Description

The GSP-930 has two adjustable rubber feet that can used to position the instrument into two preset orientations.

Upright Position Tuck the feet under the bottom of the instrument to stand the instrument upright.



Leaning Position

Pull the feet back to have the instrument leaning back.



Inserting the Battery Pack

Description		The GSP-930 has an optional battery pack. The battery should be inserted before power is connected to the AC power socket and before the unit is turned on.
Steps	1.	Ensure the power is off and the AC power is disconnected.
	2.	Remove the battery cover.
	3.	Insert the battery as shown in the diagram below.
	4.	Replace the battery cover.
Display Icon		The battery icon is displayed when GSP- 930 is running on battery power.
Insertion Diagram	1	

Power UP	
Steps	1. Insert the AC power cord into the power socket.
	2. The power button exterior will be lit blue to indicate that the GSP-930 is in standby mode. $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$
	3. Press the power button to turn the GSP-930 on.
	 4. The power button will turn orange and the GSP-930 will start to boot up.



It takes approximately 1.5 minutes for the GSP-930 to fully startup.

Description	The GSP-930 has two methods to power down: Normal and Forced Power Down. The normal power down method will save the system state and end any running processes. The state is saved for the next time the instrument is turned back on.	
	The forced power down method only does a minimum state save.	
Normal Power Down	Press the power button. The system will automatically handle the power down procedure in the following order:	
	• The system state is saved.	
	• Outstanding processes are closed in sequence.	
	• The LCD backlight is turned off.	
	• The system enters standby mode (the power key changes from orange to blue).	
Note	The process takes ~10 seconds.	
Forced Power Down	Press and hold the power button for ~4 seconds until the system turns off and the power button turns blue.	
Note	The forced down mode might cause the GSP- 930 to perform a longer system check the next time it is powered up.	

Setting the Date, Time and Wake-Up Clock

Description	The GSP-930 can be setup to power-up automatically using the Wakeup Clock function. This feature is useful to wake-up the instrument early and eliminate settling time.
System Date	Example: Set the System Date to March 1, 2012
	1. Press System >Date/Time[F4]>Set Date[F1]>Year[F1].
	2. Press 2012>Enter[F1].
	3. Press Month[F2]>3>Enter[F1].
	4. Press <i>Day</i> [<i>F</i> 3]>1> <i>Enter</i> [<i>F</i> 1].
	5. Press Return[F7].
Note	The System Date will be shown at the top of the display.
System Time	Example: Set the System Time to 9.00 AM
	1. Press System >Date/Time[F4]>Set Time[F2]>Hour[F1].
	2. Press 9>Enter[F1].
	3. Press Minute[F2]>0>Enter[F1].
	4. Press Second[F3]>0>Enter[F1].
	5. Press <i>Return</i> [F7].

Note		The System Time will be shown at the top of the display.
System Wake-Up Clock		Example: Set the GSP-930 to wake up at 9.00 AM
	1.	Press System >Date/Time[F4]>Wake-Up Clock[F3]>Clock[F1].
	2.	Press $Clock[F1]$ to choose a clock (1 ~ 7).
	3.	Press <i>State</i> [F2] to turn the clock on/off.
	4.	Press Hour[F3]>9>Enter[F1].
	5.	Press Minute[F4]>0>Enter[F1].
	6.	Press [F5] and choose Rept. (Repeat) or Single.
	7.	Press Select Date[F6] and select a day.
	8.	Press <i>Return</i> [F7] to save the Wake-Up Clock settings.
Note		The system time is kept with the CR2032 clock battery. If the system time/ wake up clock can no longer be set, please replace the clock battery. See

page 206.

Firmware Update

Description	The GSP-930 allows the firmware to be updated by end-users. Before using the GSP- 930, please check the GW Instek website or ask your local distributor for the latest firmware.	
System version	Before updating the firmware, please check the firmware version.	

- 1. Press System Information[F1].
- 2. The firmware will be listed on the display.



- 3. Press any other key to exit out of the System Information screen.
- 4. To upgrade the firmware, insert the new firmware onto a USB flash drive or Micro SD card and put the drive/ card into the appropriate front panel port. The firmware files should be located in a directory named "gsp930".
- 5. Press (System) > More 1/2[F7]>Upgrade[F3].

6. The spectrum analyzer will automatically find the firmware on the USB flash drive and start to update the firmware. When finished, the message "Upgrade is finished" will be shown at the bottom of the screen followed by "Rebooting".



7. The system will automatically restart after the rebooting message.



The upgrade process may take a few minutes.

Restoring Default Settings

Description The factory default settings or user-defined presets can be easily restored using the Preset key on the front panel. By default, the factory default settings are restored with the Preset key.

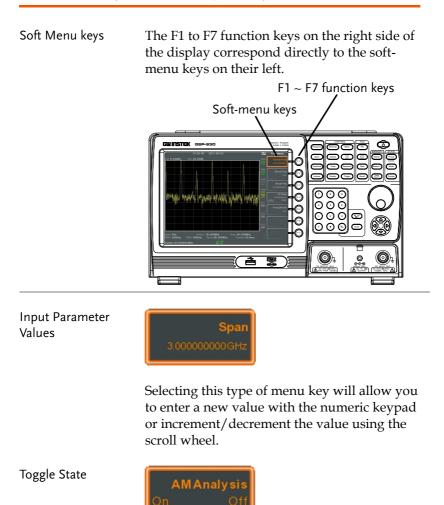
For details on how to configure the preset settings, please see page 109.

Steps 1. Press Preset.

2. The spectrum analyzer will load the preset settings.

Conventions

The following conventions are used throughout the user manual. Read the conventions below for a basic grasp of how to operate the GSP-930 menu system and front panel keys.



Pressing this menu key will toggle the state.

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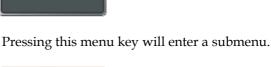
Toggle State & **Input Parameter**



Pressing this menu key will allow you to toggle the state of the function between Auto and Man(ual) state. When in the Man state, the parameter value can be manually edited. Use the numeric keypad to enter the new value or use the scroll wheel to increment/decrement the current value.

Sub Menu

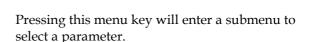




SaveTo

Date/Time>

Sub Menu to select parameter



Active Function



Pressing this type of menu key will activate that function. The menu key will be highlighted to show it is the active function.

Parameter input	Numerical keypad
	Parameter values can be entered using the numeric keypad, the scroll wheel and occasionally with the arrow keys.
Using the numeric keypad	When prompted to enter a parameter, use the number keys $(0~9)$, the decimal key (.) and the sign key $(+/-)$ to enter a value. After a value has been entered, the soft-menu keys can be used to select the units.
	The value of the parameter is shown at the bottom of the screen as it is edited.
	Span: 1.5 Vir Office Vir Wirkz VIRV TWRZ VIRV TWRZ
Back Space	Use the backspace key to delete the last character or number entered.

Using the scroll wheel	Use the scroll wheel to alter the current value. Clockwise increases the value, anti-clockwise decreases the value.
Directional arrows	Use the directional arrows to select discrete parameters or to alter values by a coarser resolution than the scroll wheel. Left decreases the value, right increases the value.

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Frequency Settings

Center Frequency

Description		ency function sets the center centers the display to the center	
Operation		. Press Frequency > <i>Center</i> [<i>F1</i>] and enter the frequency and unit.	
	Range:	0kHz~3GHz	
	Resolution:	1Hz	
	Default	1.5GHz	
Display	Cer	Center frequency	
	14:20:40 21 1-09-02 Frequency Ref: 0.00dBm Att: 20:00dB Conter Frequency Mark Conter Frequency Conter Frequency Mark Conter Frequency Conter Frequency Start Preq Conter Frequency Conter Frequency Start OPZ Conter Frequency Start Prequency Start OPZ Conter Frequency Start Prequency		
Center 30 00000 MH			
	Set Center Frequ	iency	

Start and Stop Frequency

Description		The start/stop frequency function will set the start and stop frequency of the span.	
Operation	1.	To set the start frequency, press $(Frequency)$ > <i>Start Freq</i> [<i>F</i> 2] and enter the frequency and unit.	
	2.	To set the stop freque <i>Freq</i> [<i>F</i> 3] and enter the	ncy, press $(Frequency) > Stop$ e frequency and unit.
		Range: Resolution: Default Start frequency Default Stop frequency	
Display		et o bodBm Art: 20.00dB	
		Start Frequency	Stop Frequency



The start and stop frequency can change when the span settings are used.

The stop frequency must be set higher than the start frequency (for spans \neq 0), otherwise the span will be automatically set to 100Hz.

Center Frequency Step

Description		The CF Step function sets the step size of the center frequency when using the arrow keys.	
		When the arrow keys are used to alter the center frequency, each press will move the center frequency by the step size specified by the CF Step function.	
		In auto mode, the cent equal to 10% (1 divisio	ter frequency step size is on) of the span.
Operation	1.	Press $(Frequency)$ > <i>CF Step</i> [<i>F4</i>] and set the CF Step to Auto or Man.	
	2.	If Man was selected, s of the center frequency	et the frequency and unit y step size.
		Manual Range: Auto range:	100Hz~3GHz 1/10 of span frequency
Display		20140 2011-09-02	Cetter Freq 300000494 Start Freq 010000494 CF Step size

Frequency Offset

Description	The Freq Offset function allows you to add an offset to the Center, Start and Stop frequencies as well as the marker frequencies. The offset value does not affect displaying the trace on the display.	
Operation	Press $(Frequency)$ > <i>Freq Offset</i> [<i>F5</i>] and set the offset value.	
	The Center, Start, Sto are updated accordir	op and Marker frequencies ngly.
	Offset Range:	0Hz~100GHz
Display		Start Free or Stop Free on coccoder accounter Acco Pree or or

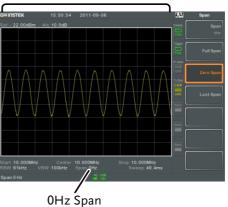
Span Settings

Description	The Span function will set the frequency range of the sweep. The sweep will be centered around the center frequency. Setting the span will alter the start and stop
	frequencies.
Operation	 Press Span > Span [F1] and enter the span frequency range and unit.
	Range: 0kHz~3GHz
	Resolution: 1Hz
	Default Span: 3GHz
Display	Span
	GMUISTER 15:04:39 2011:09:06 Mail 3:0000 GHz 10:83:d8m Hef 10 ² 3d8m Ail: 20:0008 MAIL 9:80 MHz 19:80 d8m Image: Content of the second se
	Set Span

Full Span	
Description	The Full Span function will set the span to the full frequency range. This function will set the start and stop frequencies to 0Hz and 3GHz respectively.
Operation	1. Press $>$ Full Span[F2].
Zero Span	
Description	The Zero Span function will set the frequency range of the sweep to 0Hz and fixes the start and stop frequencies to the center frequency. The Zero Span function measures the time domain characteristics of the input signal at the center frequency. The horizontal axis is displayed in the time domain.
Operation	1. Press Span > Zero Span[F3].
	The span changes accordingly.

Display

Time domain



Example: Amplitude modulation



The measurement functions such as TOI, SEM, CNR, CTB, CSO, ACPR, OCBW, phase, Jitter and NdB are not available with the zero span setting:

Last Span

Description	The last span function returns the spectrum analyzer to the previous span settings.
Operation	1. Press $>$ Last Span[F4].

Amplitude Settings

The vertical display scale is defined by the reference level amplitude, attenuation, scale and external gain/loss.

Reference Level		
Description		el defines the absolute level of the top graticule in voltage or
Operation	 Press Amplitude > Ref reference level am Range: Units: Resolution: 	<i>Level[F1]</i> and enter the aplitude and unit. -120dBm ~ 30dBm dBm, W, V, dBmV, dBuV 1dBm
Display	Ref Level reading	Decommended in the second seco

Attenuation				
Description		The attenuation of the input signal level can set to automatic (Auto) or manual (Man). When the attenuation is set to Man, the input attenuator can be changed manually in 1dB steps.		
Operation	1.	Press Amplitude > Attenuation[F2] and select Auto or Man.		
	2.	If Man was selected, e and unit.	enter the attenuation level	
		Range: Units: Resolution:	0dBm ~ 50dBm dBm 1dB	
Display		Attenuation level		
		Generation 600 49 2011-10-26 Scale 5008 10 YouBin Att 2010 dB	Amplitude See Ref.evel Note: Note: Note: Note: Second Day Second Day Note: Second Day Note: Second Day Note: Second Day Note: Second Day Note: Second Day Second Day Se	

Scale/Div

Description		Sets the logarithmic units for the vertical divisions when the scale is set to Log.		
Operation	1.	Press Amplitude > Scale/Div[F3] repeatedly to select the vertical division units.		
		Unit Range: 10, 5, 2, 1		
Display		Scale		
Note Note		The Scale/Div function is only selectable when the scale is set to Log (logarithmic).		
Scale Type				
Description		Sets the vertical scale in linear or logarithmic units. By default the linear scale is set to volts and the logarithmic scale is set to dBm.		
Operation	1.	Press Amplitude > <i>Scale Type[F4]</i> and set the vertical scale to Log or Lin.		
Note		If the unit scale is changed (i.e. dBm \rightarrow volts), the <i>displayed</i> vertical scale type will remain in the set linear or logarithmic setting.		

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View Scale			
Description		The Scale function turns the vertical scale on/off. The value of each graticule division is displayed with same units used for the Ref Level settings.	
Operation 1. Press $(Amplitude) > S$ off.		Press Amplitude > Scale[F5] to toggle the Scale on or off.	
	2.	Press <i>Scale Pos.</i> [<i>F6</i>] to toggle the position of the scale when on.	
		Scale position: Left, Center, Right	
Display		Scale Left 0.002 But 1042 Weit 2000 United Weiter 2000 Scale 2010 Scale 2010	
		The vertical scale is displayed on the left hand side	

The vertical scale is displayed on the left hand side by default.

Vertical Scale Units

Description	Change the vertical units for both linear or logarithmic scales.	
Operation 1	Press $(Amplitude) > More[F7] > Y Axis[F1] and then choose the desired units.$	
2	2. The units are changed	l accordingly.
	Units:	dBm, dBmV, dBuV, Watts, Volts

Reference Level Offset

Description		The Reference Level Offset function sets an offset value to the reference level to compensate for any loss or gain from an external network or device. The offset value does not affect the input attenuation or the on-screen trace. This setting will change the reference level readout, the scale readout and the marker readout.	
Operation	1.		Amplitude) > More[F7] > RefLvlOffset[F2] and set set level and unit.
	2. To remove the offset level, set the reference offset to 0 dB.		,
		Range:	$0dB \sim 50dB$
Display Icon		AMP	The AMP icon is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Example:



Before reference level offset(offset: 0dB)

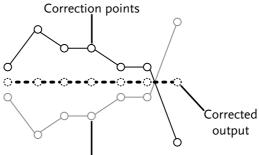


After reference level offset (offset: 10dB)

Amplitude Correction

Description	Amplitude correction adjusts the frequency response of the spectrum analyzer by altering the amplitudes at specified frequencies. This allows the spectrum analyzer to compensate for loss or gain from an external network or device at certain frequencies.		
Range	Correction Sets: Amplitude: Amplitude Resolution: Frequency: Frequency Resolution:	5 sets of 30 points -40dB to +40dB 0.1dB 9kHz to 3GHz 1Hz	

Displ	ay
-------	----



Original waveform

Example: The diagram above shows how amplitude correction is used to compensate for any losses or gains at specific frequencies.

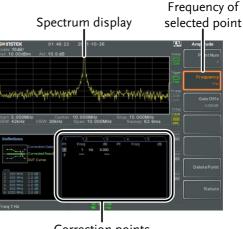
Create a Correction Set

Description	The GSP-930 can create and edit up to 5 sets of correction points. The correction points and associated values are all tabulated for ease of use.
Operation	1. Press Amplitude > More[F7]>Correction[F3]> Correction Set[F1] and choose a correction set to edit/create.

Correction set: $1\sim 5$

2. Press Edit[F3].

The GSP-930 will split into two screens. The top screen will show the waveform and the bottom screen will provide an overview of the correction points.



Correction points

3. Press *Point Num*[*F*1] and choose a point number to edit.

Point Num: 1~30

4. Press *Frequency*[*F2*] and choose the frequency of the selected point.

Press *Gain Offset*[F3] and choose the amplitude of the select point. The units will be the same as those used for the vertical scale.

The frequency of the point values displayed in the correction table on the bottom display.

Correction Table



- 5. Repeat steps 2 to 4 for any other correction points.
- 6. To delete the selected point, press *Delete Point*[*F6*].
- 7. Press *Return*[F7]>*Save Correction*[F5] to save the correction set.

A Note

Note that the correction points are automatically sorted by frequency (low \rightarrow high). The correction set must be saved before it can be turned on.

The frequency values *displayed* in the correction table are rounded down for display purposes only. The actual frequency for each point can be seen in the Frequency soft-key.

Amplitude Correction On/Off

Description		Any one of the 5 correction sets can be turned on.
Activate Correction	1.	Press Amplitude > More[F7]>Correction[F3]> Correction Set[F1] and choose a correction set.
		Correction Set: 1~5
	2.	Press <i>Correction</i> [F2] and toggle correction on.

Deactivate Correction	1. Press Amplitude > More[F7]>Correction[F3]> Correction[F2] to turn correction back off.
Delete Correc	ion Set
Operation	 Press Amplitude > More[F7]>Correction[F3]> Correction Set[F1] and choose the correction set to delete.
	Correction Set: 1~5
	 Press <i>Delete Correction</i>[F6]. The selected correction set will be deleted.
Save Correction	n Set To Memory
Operation	1. Press Save <i>Save To</i> [<i>F1</i>] and choose the save location.
	Location: Register, Local, USB, SD
	2. Press Type[F2]> Correction[F5].
	3. Press <i>Data Source</i> [F3] and choose a correction.
	Correction Set: Correction 1~5
	4. Press Save Now[F7].
	5. The correction set will be saved to the selected location. For more information on Save and Recall, please see page 170.

Recall Correction Set From Memory

Operation	1.	Press Recall[F location:	[1] and choose the recall
		Location:	Register, Local, USB, SD
	2.	Press Type[F2]> Correc	ction[F5].
	3.	Press <i>Destination</i> [F3] a set.	and choose a correction
		Correction Set:	Correction 1~5
	4.	Press Recall Now[F4].	
	5.		n set will be recalled from For more information on se see page 170.

Input Impedance

Description	Sets the input	impedance to 75Ω or 50Ω .
Operation	1. Press Amplitude > the input imp	<i>More</i> [F7]>Input Z[F4] to toggle edance.
	Range:	75 Ω , 50 Ω

Input Impedance Calibration

Description		(option the imp some e Cal fur	nal accessory A pedance of a de external loss car	pedance converter module DP-101) is used to convert evice from 50Ω to 75Ω , n be induced. The Input Z sed to compensate for offset value.
Note			out Z Cal functio npedance is set	on is only available when the to 75Ω .
Operation	1.		Amplitude > More[F pedance offset.	7]>Input Z Cal[F5] and set
		Range: Resolut	tion:	0dB to +10dB 1dB
Display Icon		AMP		is displayed at the bottom ⁄hen Input Z Cal≠0dB.

Using the Built-in Pre-Amplifier

Description	The built-in pre-amplifier boosts weak input signals, such as EMI testing signals, to levels that are easy to handle, over the entire frequency range. The built-in pre-amplifier on the GSP-930 has a nominal gain of 20dB.
	In the Auto setting, the pre-amplifier will be automatically turned on when the reference level is less than -30dBm. When the reference level is greater than -30dBm, the pre-amplifier is turned off.
	The bypass setting turns the pre-amplifier off.

Operation 1. Press Amplitude > More[F7]>Preamp[F6] to toggle the Preamp state.

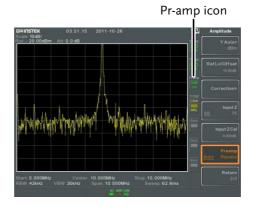
Range:

Auto, Bypass

Display Icon

20dB ON The Pr-amp icon indicates that the pre amplifier is on.

Example:





When the pre-amplifier is on, the attenuator becomes fixed at 0dB (i.e. Attenuation = 0dB).

Autoset

The Autoset function searches the peak signals in two stages (full span & 0Hz - 100MHz limited span), picks the signal peak with the maximum amplitude, and then shows it in the display.

Using Autoset	t	
Operation	1. Press $(Autoset) > A$	utoset[F1].
Autoset Range	Amplitude: Span:	-80dBm ~ +20dBm 100Hz ~ 3GHz
Example:	Bitain 100 days Att: 10 0 day	10000Hz Sweep, 640ms 公司 金 99 reset state
	Gwin9756 04 02 00 2011 Gold 10487 Kel 20 00d8m Att 30 00 d8	-10-20 Autoset Autoset Autoset Autoset Amp.Floor -00.004m Autoset Autoset Autose

op:11.500MHz

Note Note	RBW, VBW and sweep settings are reset to Auto when the Autoset function is used.
	when the Autoset function is used.

Limiting the Autoset Vertical Search Range

Description		You can set the amplitude floor so that the signals lower than the setting will be ignored by the Autoset search.	
Operation	1.	Press Amp.Floor[F2] and switch the range from Auto to Man.	
	2.	Enter the amplitude limit and unit for the Autoset search.	
		Range: -80 to +20dBm	
Note		See page 48 for setting the amplitude units.	
Limiting the A	uto	set Horizontal Search Range	
Description		You can change the frequency span limit in the display to get a better view of the Autoset result. By default, the frequency span after Autoset is set at 3MHz.	
Description Operation	1.	display to get a better view of the Autoset result. By default, the frequency span after	
		display to get a better view of the Autoset result. By default, the frequency span after Autoset is set at 3MHz. Press Autoset > Span[F3] and switch the range	

Bandwidth/Average Settings

BW/Avg key sets the resolution bandwidth (RBW), video bandwidth (VBW) and averaging functions. The resolution, sweep time, and averaging are in a trade-off relationship, so configuration should be done with care.

Resolution Bandwidth Setting (RBW)

Description	RBW (Resolution Bandwidth) defines the width of the IF (intermediate frequency) filter that is used to separate signal peaks from one another. The narrower the RBW, the greater the capability to separate signals at close frequencies. But it also makes the sweep time longer under specific frequency spans (the display is updated less frequently).
Operation	Press (BW/Avg) > RBW[F1] and set the RBW to Auto or Man. Set the resolution bandwidth and unit for Man mode. Mode: Auto, Man Frequency Range(3dB): 10Hz~3kHz (1-3-10 step) 10kHz~1MHz (10% step)
	Frequency Range(6dB): 200Hz, 9kHz, 120kHz
Display Icon	The BW icon is displayed at the bottom of the screen when the RBW is in Man mode.
Note Note	If the RBW settings have an asterisk (*), it indicates that the -6dB filters are used.

Video Bandwidth Settings (VBW)

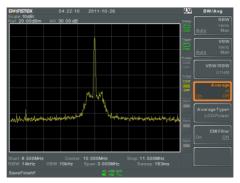
Description		VBW (Video Bandwidth) defines the smoothness of the trace on the display. Combined with RBW, VBW defines the ability to sort out the target signal from surrounding noise or adjacent peaks.
Operation	1.	Press $(WAvg)$ > $VBW[F2]$ and set the VBW to Auto or Man.
	2.	Set the video bandwidth and unit for Man mode.
		Mode: Auto, Man Frequency Range(3dB): 1Hz~1MHz (1-3-10 step)
Display Icon		The BW icon is displayed at the bottom of the screen when the VBW is in Man mode.
VBW/RBW Rat	io	
Description		The VBW/RBW function is used to view the ratio between the video bandwidth and the resolution bandwidth.
		The VBW/RBW ratio is altered by setting the RBW and or VBW settings, see page 61 & 62 respectively.
View VBW/RBW ratio	1.	Press BW/Avg.
	2.	The ratio is displayed on the <i>VBW</i> / <i>RBW</i> [<i>F3</i>] soft key.

Display		ditakina olahi	WW Avg Retio WW Avg WW Avg Avg Avg Avg Avg Avg Avg Avg
Tip		Signals that are masked by the noise floor level should have a ratio of less than 1 to smooth the noise out.	
		•	with strong frequency components should atio equal to or greater than 1.
Average Trace			
Description		user-de display level, b	verage function averages the trace for a efined number of times before it is ved. This feature smoothes the noise out has the drawback of slowing down play update rate.
Operation	1.	Press (W/Avg) > Average[F4] and toggle Average on or off.	
	2.	Set the	number of averages.
		Range: Default	4 ~ 200 20
Display Icon		AVG ^I /N	The AVG icon is displayed at the bottom of the screen when the Average function is on.

Example:



Average:Off



Average: On (20×)

Average Type

Description	The Average Type function determines how the GSP-930 determines the average value.		
	LOG Average: Averages the trace points logarithmic scale.		
	Volt Average: Averages the amplitudes of th trace points on a linear voltage scale.		
	Power Average: Aver logarithmic scale in w	rages the trace points on a vatts.	
Operation 1.	Press BW/Avg > Average Type[F5] and choose the average type.		
	Range:	LOG Power, Volt Average, Power Average	
	Default:	LOG Power	

EMI Filter

Description	The built-in EMI filter is used for specific measurement situations such as EMI average detection, where a higher level of sensitivity is required than the standard configuration. When turned on, the RBW is set to -6dB, indicated by an asterisk (*).
	When any measurement functions are turned on (see page 111 for details), the EMI filter is automatically disabled. Conversely if the EMI filter is turned on, any measurement functions are turned off.
Operation	1. Press (BW/Avg) > EMI Filter[F6] and toggle EMI filter on or off.

Sweep

The GSP-930 has a number of sweep options including setting the sweep time and sweep mode(continuous, single). The GSP-930 also has gated sweep modes.

Sweep Time	
Description	Sweep time defines the length of time the system takes to "sweep" the current frequency span. Note, however, that sweep time and RBW/VBW are in a trade-off. Faster sweep times update the display more frequently but make RBW and VBW wider, reducing the capability to separate signals at close frequencies.

Operation	1.	Press Sweep > Sweep Time[F1] and toggle the Sweep time to Auto or Man.		
	2.	Set the sweep time for the Man mode.		
		Mode: Range: Resolutio	on:	Auto, Man 22ms ~ 1000s (span>0Hz) 50us ~ 1000s (span=0Hz) 10us
Display Icon		d 🖉		con will be displayed at the the screen when in the sweep is
Single Sweep				
Description		single sw	weep. Wh	function is used to perform a en Sweep Single is pressed the orm a single sweep and then
Operation	1.			<i>tep Single[F2]</i> to put the r into single sweep mode.
	2.	Press <i>Sw</i> sweep.	veep Single	[F2] again to perform a single
Display Icon		_ <u>t</u> _ r	right-hand	Single icon is displayed on the side of the screen when the single mode.
Note				he single sweep to finish before Sweep key again.
		If a setting is changed whilst the spectrum analyzer is still sweeping, the single sweep will immediately start over.		

Continuous Sweep

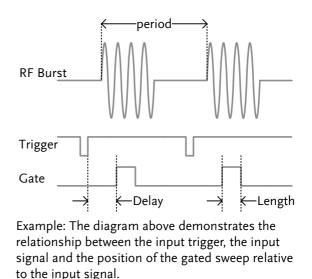
Description	The GSP-930 has two main sweeping modes: single and continuous. Use the continuous mode to have the sweep constantly updated.	
Operation 1.	Press (Sweep > Sweep Cont[F3] to put the spectrum analyzer into continuous sweep mode.	
Display Icon	The Sweep Cont icon is displayed on the right-hand side of the screen when the sweep is in continuous mode.	
Note	The GSP-930 will now continuously sweep unless the mode is changed to single sweep mode or if the system is waiting for a trigger condition.	

Gated Sweep Overview

Description		The Gated Sweep mode allows a trigger signal to dictate when the spectrum analyzer can sweep. This mode is useful for characterizing signals that are pulsed on and off, such as RF burst transmissions or for measuring spurious noise levels between transmission bursts.	
Overview	1.	The trigger signal must be synchronized to the period of the input signal (shown as RF burst below).	
		The start of the gate time is produced from the positive or negative edge of the trigger signal + the delay time.	
	3.	The end of the gate time is determined by the	

set gate length.

4. The gated sweep should not be positioned at either end of the transmission.





Please take into consideration RBW settling time. Setting the delay time too short may not leave enough time for the RBW filter to resolve.

Using the Gated Sweep Mode

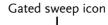
Connection	1.	Connect a trigger signal (3.3v CMOS) to the GATE IN port on the rear panel.		
		Trigger		
Operation	1.	Press Sweep > <i>GateDelay</i> [F5] and set the gate delay time.		
	2.	. Press Sweep > <i>Gated Length</i> [<i>F6</i>] and set the gate time length.		
	3.	Press \bigcirc Sweep $>$ Gated Sweep $[F4]$ and turn the mode on.		
		Gate Delay:0s ~ 1Gate Length:10us	1000s ~ 1000s	
Display Icon		SweepThe Sweep Gated icorfileGated Sweep is turnedGatedGated Sweep is turned		

Example:

The example below shows the spectrum of an FSK modulated signal when gated sweep mode is off.



The example below shows the same signal with the gated sweep timed to sweep when only the desired frequency is output.







Gate Delay and Gate Length must first be set before Gated Sweep is turned on.

Trace

The GSP-930 is able to set the parameters of up to 4 different trances on the display at once. Each trace is represented by a different color and is updated with each sweep.

Selecting a Trace

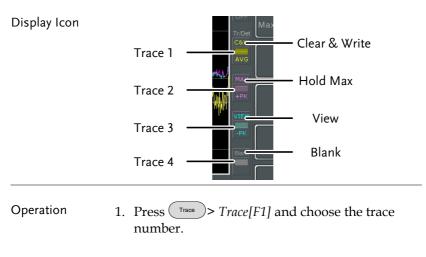
Description	different colo trace color an the display. V	Each trace (1, 2, 3, 4) is represented by a different color. When activated, an icon for each trace color and function is shown to the left of the display. When a trace is selected, parameters can be set/edited from the trace menu.		
	Trace Color:	1: Yellow 2: Pink 3: Blue 4: Red		
Trace Туре	data is stored displayed. Th	The type of trace used determines how the trace data is stored or manipulated before being displayed. The analyzer updates each trace according to the type of trace used.		
	Clear and Write	The GSP-930 continuously updates the display with each sweep.		
	Hold Max/ Hold Min	The maximum or minimum points are maintained for the selected trace. The trace points are updated each sweep if new maximum or minimum points are found.		

View

Blank

View will hold the selected trace and stop updating the trace data for the selected trace. Pressing *View*[F4] will display the trace data that was cleared using the *Blank*[F5] key.

Clears the selected trace from the display and stores trace data. The trace data can be restored by pressing *View*[F4].



Trace: 1, 2, 3, 4

2. Select the trace type:

```
Clear & Write[F2]
Max Hold[F3]
Min Hold[F4]
View[F5]
Blank[F6]
```



Traces, 2, 3 and 4 are set to *Blank* by default.

Trace Math			
Description	and stores	Performs trace math from two traces (TR1, TR2) and stores the result in the currently selected trace. It also performs trace shift.	
Math functions	Power Diff	Subtracts the TR1 amplitude data from the TR2 amplitude data. The TR1 data TR2 data are converted to watts. The result is converted back to dBm.	
	Log Diff	Subtracts the TR1 amplitude data from the TR2 amplitude data and then adds a logarithmic reference. Both the TR1 and TR2 data is in dBm. The resultant trace of the subtraction is in dB. When the result is added to a logarithmic reference the resulting data is in dBm.	
	LOG Offset	Adds a reference to the TR1 trance	
Operation	1. Press Trace	Press Trace More[F1]>Trace Math[F1].	
	2. Press TR1[Press <i>TR1[F1]</i> and select the first trace source:	
	TR1:	Trace 2, Trace 3, Trace 4	
	3. Press TR2[. source:	F2] and select the second trace	
	TR2:	Trace 2, Trace 3, Trace 4	

4. Select the trace math function:

```
PowerDiff[F3]
LogDiff[F4]
LogOffset[F5]
```

5. If LogDiff was selected, set the reference level and unit.

LogDiff ref range:	-120dBm ~ 30dBm
LogDiff ref units:	dBm, W

6. If LogOffset was selected, set the offset level and unit.

LogOffset range: -50dB~+50dB

7. To turn trace math off, press the *OFF*[*F6*].

Display Icon

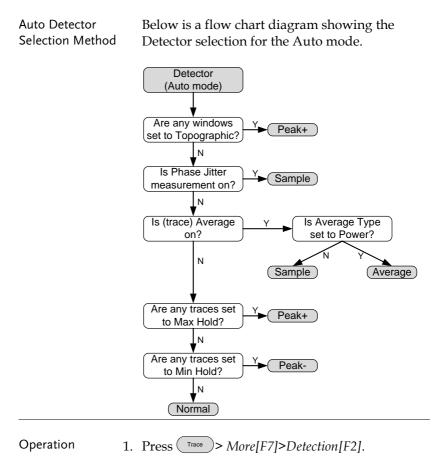


The Math icon is displayed when trace math is turned on.

Trace Detection Mode

Description	Each time the spectrum analyzer samples data for each point on the trace, a number of samples are usually taken for each point, known as a sample bucket. The actual value of each point is determined by the detector from the samples in each bucket.
	Each selected trace, (1, 2, 3, 4), can use a different detection mode.

Detection modes	Auto	Automatically chooses an appropriate mode based on the values of all the samples.
	Normal	While the signal level is constantly increasing or decreasing, the positive peaks are detected. Otherwise, detecting mode switches between positive peak and negative peaks. Useful for picking up burst phenomenon while avoiding excessive noise.
	Peak+	Detects positive peak signals by selecting the maximum peak value for each point from each bucket. This mode is useful for sinusoidal signals.
	Peak-	Detects negative peak signals by selecting the lowest peak value for each point from each bucket. This mode is not recommended for amplitude measurement.
	Sample	Randomly selects a value from the bucket sample. Useful for noise signals.
	Average	Calculates the average of all the samples in the sample bucket.



2. Select the trace detection mode for the selected trace:

Auto[F1] Normal[F2] Peak+[F3] Peak-[F4] Sample[F5] Average[F6] Display Icon

Display Icon
C&W

Normal
C&W

NML
Peak+ icon

MAX
Peak+ icon

Peak
C

Peak
C

Sample icon
C

Normal
C

3. The display will return the Trace menu.

Trigger

The Trigger function sets the signal conditions upon which the spectrum analyzer triggers captured waveforms, including frequency, amplitude, and delay. An external trigger signal, instead of the default internal signal, may be used as required for special conditions.

The sections below can be used to skip to the relevant section:

- Free Run Mode \rightarrow from page 79
- Activate Video Trigger \rightarrow from page 79
- Activate External Trigger \rightarrow from page 81
- Selecting Trigger Mode \rightarrow from page 81
- Set the Trigger Delay Time \rightarrow page 83

Selecting a Trigger Type

Free Run Mode

Description	In free run mode all signals are captured and the trigger conditions are not used.
Free Run Mode	1. Press \bigcirc Free Run[F1] to run in free mode.

Activate Video Trigger

Description	Sets the video trigger level for video signals. When the video signal voltage level exceeds* the video trigger level, a trigger signal will be generated. *for positive video edge

Parameters		Video Edge: Determines the polarity of the video trigger.	
			Positive: The signal voltage exceeds the video level at the trigger frequency.
			Negative: The signal voltage is lower than the video level at the trigger frequency.
		Video Level:	The trigger voltage level.
		Trigger Frequency:	Sets the frequency to start triggering
Operation	1.	 Press Trigger Condition[F2]>Video[F1] Press Video Edge[F1] and choose the edge. 	
	2.		
		Range:	Positive, Negative
	3.	. Press <i>Video Level</i> [F2] and set the video voltage trigger level.	
		Trigger level:	(-120dBm to +30dBm) +Ref Level Offset
	4.	Press <i>Trigger Freq</i> [F3] and choose the frequency at which the spectrum analyzer will check the triggering conditions.	
		Frequency:	0-3GHz+frequency offset
Note		Set the trigge video trigger.	er back to Free Run to disable the

Activate	External	Trigger
----------	----------	---------

Description		The external trigger is used when an external trigger signal is input into the rear panel TRIG IN port. The external trigger signal can be configured as positive or negative edge. Trigger: 3.3V, CMOS	
Operation	1.	Press Trigger Condition[F2]>Ext.Edge[F2] and select the trigger edge:	
		Pos:Positive edgeNega:Negative edge	
	2.	Connect the external trigger signal to the rear panel TRIG IN port.	
		Trigger \longrightarrow $GATE IN$	
:	3.	Press <i>Action Now</i> [F5] to activate the external trigger.	
	4.	The system will now wait the trigger conditions to be matched before starting a sweep.	
Display Icon		The EXT Trigger icon is displayed when the external trigger is activated.	
Note Note		The trigger will revert back to the Free Run mode if any parameter settings are changed, such as the span or amplitude settings.	

Selecting the Trigger Mode

Description		n free run mode all signals are captured and he trigger conditions are not used.	
Modes	Normal:	The spectrum analyzer captures every signal that meets the trigger conditions.	
	Single:	The spectrum analyzer captures the first signal that meets the trigger conditions.	
	Continuous:	The spectrum analyzer captures the first signal that meets the trigger conditions then switches to free run mode thereafter.	
Operation 1	. Press Trigger mod	> <i>Trigger Mode[F3]</i> to toggle the e:	
	Nor.: Sgl.: Cont.:	Normal Single Continuous	
2	. Press Action triggering.	<i>Now</i> [<i>F5</i>] to manually start	

Set the Trigger Delay Time

Description		Sets the delay time between when the analyzer triggers and when the analyzer begins to capture the signal.	
		Delay time range: 1ns	to 1ks
Operation	1.	. Press Trigger Delay[F4] and set the trigger delay time.	
		Delay range:	0~1000s

Marker

A Marker shows the frequency and amplitude of a waveform point. The GSP-930 can activate up to 6 markers or marker pairs simultaneously as well as up to 10 peak markers in the marker table.

The marker table helps editing and viewing multiple markers in a single display.

A delta marker shows the frequency and amplitude differences between the reference marker.

The GSP-930 can automatically move a marker to various locations including the peak signal, center frequency, and start/stop frequency. Other marker operations regarding signal peaks are available in the Peak Search function.

- Activating a Marker \rightarrow from page 85
- Move Marker Manually \rightarrow from page 86
- Move Marker to Preset Locations \rightarrow from page 86
- Activate Delta Marker \rightarrow from page 87
- Move Delta Marker(s)Manually \rightarrow from page 88
- Marker Functions \rightarrow from page 89
- Move Marker to Trace \rightarrow from page 91
- Show Markers in Table \rightarrow from page 92
- Peak Search \rightarrow from page 93
- Peak Configuration \rightarrow from page 95
- Peak Table \rightarrow from page 96

Activating a Marker

There are two basic marker types, normal markers and delta markers. Normal markers are used to measure the frequency/time or amplitude of a point on the trace. Delta markers are used to measure the difference between a reference point and a selected point on the trace.

Activate a Normal Marker

Operation 1.	Press Marker > Select Marker [F1] and select a marker number.	
	Marker:	1~6
2.	Press [F2] to turn the	selected marker on.
3.	Press <i>Normal</i> [F3] to se the Normal type.	t the selected marker to
4.	The display will show (centered by default) measurement at the to	
	Maker	ID, Frequency, Amplitude
	Marker	Matt: 10.00 MHz: 9.47 dBm Marker

20.000MHz

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Move Marker Manually

Operation Press Marker > Select Marker[F1] and select a marker number. Use the left/right arrow keys to move the marker one grid division. 3. Use the scroll wheel to move the marker in fine increments. Alternatively, the numeric keypad can be used to directly enter the

frequency of the marker position.

Move Marker to Preset Locations

Description		The $(Marker-)$ key is used to move the selected marker to a number of preset positions.		
Functions	Mkr>Center: Mkr>Start: Mkr>Stop: Mkr>CF Step: Mkr>Ref Lvl:	Move to center frequency. Move to start frequency. Move to stop frequency. Move to step frequency. Move to reference level amplitude.		
Note Note		key is used, the span and other eautomatically changed.		
Operation	1. Press Marker >> marker numb	<i>Select Marker[F1]</i> and select a per.		
	2. Press Marker-> a	nd select a marker position:		

```
Mkr>Center[F1]
Mkr>Start [F2]
Mkr>Stop[F3]
Mkr>CF Step[F4]
Mkr>Ref Lvl[F5]
```

Activate Delta Marker

Description		Delta markers are marker pairs that measure the difference in frequency/time and amplitude between a reference marker and a delta marker.		
		When delta markers are activated, the reference and delta marker appear at the position of the selected marker, or in the center of the display if the selected marker has not yet be activated.		
		The marker measurement is located at the top of the display, under the "normal marker" measurement.		
Delta Markers		Ref:	Reference marker, designated as $\frac{1}{2}$.	
		Delta:	Delta marker, designated as $\Delta 1$.	
Operation	1.	Press Marker marker nu	> <i>Select Marker</i> [F1] and select a mber.	
	2. Press [F2] to turn the selected marker or		to turn the selected marker on.	
	3.		[F4]>Delta[F1] to set the selected the Delta type.	

Move Delta Marker(s)Manually

Move Delta or Reference Marker	1.	Press $(Marker)$ > $Delta[F4]$ > $Move[F2]$ > $Move Ref[F2]$ to move the reference marker.		
	2.	Press $(Marker)$ > $Delta[F4]$ > $Move[F2]$ > $Move$ Delta[F3] to move the Delta marker.		
	3.	Move the selected ma as a normal marker, s	rker in the same fashion ee page 86	
Move Both reference and delta marker	1.		<i>Span</i> [F4] or <i>Move Pair</i> oth markers at the same	
		Move Pair Span:	Sets the frequency span between both markers. The span can be positive or negative:	
			ļ	
			$\Delta_{\stackrel{1}{\circ}}^{1} \leftarrow -\text{span} \rightarrow_{\stackrel{1}{\circ}}^{1}$	
		Move Pair Center:	Moves both markers at the same time, keeping the span between both markers even throughout.	

2. Move both markers in the same fashion as a normal marker, see page 86

Marker Functions

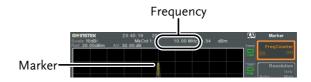
Marker Noise

Description	The noise marker function calculates the average noise level over a bandwidth of 1Hz, referenced from the marker position.
Operation	 Press Marker > Select Marker [F1] and select a marker number.
	2. Press [F2] to turn the selected marker on.
	3. Press <i>Normal</i> [<i>F3</i>] and then position the marker to the desired location.
	 Press Function[F5]>Marker Noise and turn Marker Noise on.
	 The display will show the noise level measurement at the top of the screen in dBm/Hz.
	Marker ID, Frequency, dBm/Hz
	Grein Steelen 10.000/m Arr: 30.00 Mit: 15.10 Mitz - 96.19 dBm/Hz Freq Counters Freq Counters F

Frequency Counter

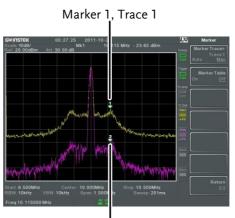
Description		The frequency counter accurate frequency me	r function is used to make easurements.
Operation	1.	Press Marker > Select Marker number.	arker[F1] and select a
2.		Press [F2] to turn the s	selected marker on.
	3. Press <i>Normal[F3]</i> and to the desired location		1
	4.	Press <i>Function</i> [F5]>Free turn the counter funct	equency Counter[F1] and ion on.
	5.	Press Resolution[F2] ar	nd set the resolution:
		Auto:	Automatically chooses the best resolution.
		Man:	Allows the resolution to be manually set.
		Man Range:	1Hz, 10Hz, 100Hz, 1kHz

6. The display will show the frequency measurement at the top of the screen at the selected resolution.



Move Marker to Trace

Description		The Marker Trace function moves the selected marker to any of the currently active traces.
Operation	1.	Press Marker > Select Marker [F1] and select a marker number.
	2.	Press [F2] to turn the selected marker on.
	3.	Press <i>More 1/2[F7]>Marker Trace[F1]</i> and choose a trace to move the current marker to. Only active traces can be selected.
		Auto[F1] Trace1[F2] Trace2[F3] Trace3[F4] Trace4[F5]
	4.	In the example below, marker 1 is set to Trace1 and marker 2 is set to Trace2.

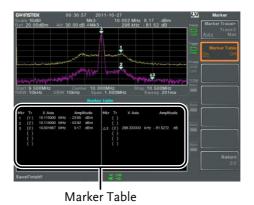


Marker 2, Trace 2

Show Markers in Table

Description		The GSP-930 has a Marker Table function to show all the active markers and measurements at once.
Operation	1.	Press $(Marker)$ > More 1/2[F7]>Marker Table[F2] and turn the marker table on.

2. The display will split into two screens. The bottom half will show the Marker Table with the marker ID(normal, reference or delta), trace, x-axis position (frequency/time) and the amplitude of the marker.



Peak Search

Move Marker to Peak

Description	The $(\underline{Peak}_{\text{search}})$ key is used to find trace peaks.	
Operation	1. Press Marker > Select Marker [F1] and select a marker number.	
	 Press Peak Search[F1]. The marker will move to the highest signal peak. 	
	3. To continually search for the peak each sweep, press, Peak Search > More 1/2[F7]>Peak Track[F1] and set Peak Track to on.	,

Move Marker and Peak to Center

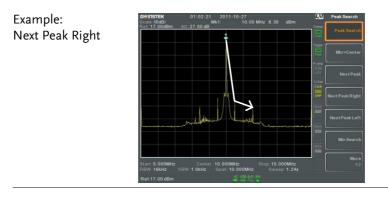
Description	The Center function moves the marker to the highest signal peak and moves the center frequency to that peak.
Operation	1. Press (Marker) > Select Marker[F1] and select a marker number.
	2. Press (Search) > Mkr>Center[F2].
Note	The span will not be changed.

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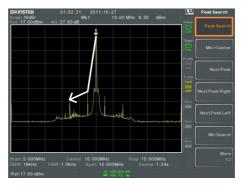
Search for Peaks

Description		The search key can number of different	n be used to search for a ent peaks.
Peak Search		Next Peak:	Searches for next highest peak visible on the display.
		Next Peak Right:	Searches for the next peak to the right of the marker.
		Next Peak Left:	Searches for the next peak to the left of the marker.
		Min Search:	Searches for the lowest peak.
Operation	1.	Press Marker > Sele marker number.	ct Marker[F1] and select a
	2.	Press (Search) and s wish to find.	select the type of peak you
Example: Next Peak		Gwinstek 01.02.21 2011-01 Techni t0480 1941 17.0008m Att 27.00.48 Mt.	P-27 10.00 MHz: 0.30 dBm Peak Search Peak Search Peak Search Micr>Conter Next Peak Right Next Peak Left Min Search

Start 5.000 MHz Center 10.000 MHz Stop 15.000 MHz BRW 16844 VSW 1.04Hz Span.10.000 MHz Sweep.1.24s Ref.17.00 dBm 소설 내라운데 8V



Example: Next Peak Left



Peak Configuration

Description	-	ak search configuration cursion and Peak Threshold.
	Peak Excursion:	Peak Excursion sets the minimum value above the peak threshold for which peaks will be detected.

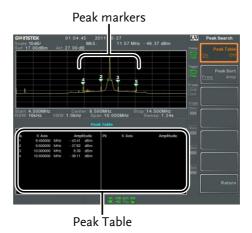
	Peak Threshold: Peak threshold sets the minimum threshold level for the analyzer to detect peaks. Any value above the Peak Threshold + Peak Excursion will be detected as a peak.
	Peak Peak Peak Threshold
Operation	1. Press $\binom{\text{Peak}}{\text{Search}}$ > More 1/2[F7].
	2. Press <i>Peak Excursion</i> [F2] to set the excursion level.
	3. Press <i>Peak Threshold</i> [<i>F3</i>] to set the peak threshold.
	Peak Excursion:0~100dBPeak Threshold:-120dB~+30dB
Peak Table	
Description	The Peak Table function will display all peaks (up to 10) that meet the peak configuration settings. The amplitude and frequency for each peak is listed.
Orenetiere	Peak A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

Operation 1. Press Peak Search >More 1/2[F7]>Peak Table[F5].

2. Press *Peak Sort*[F2] and set the sorting type:

Freq:	Sort by frequency in
	ascending order.
Amp:	Sort by amplitude in
	ascending order.

- 3. Press *Peak Table*[F1] to turn the peak table on.
- 4. The display splits in two. The bottom screen shows the peak table with the peak marker ID, X-axis position and amplitude.



Display

The Display key configures the basic display settings as well as setting up the display mode (spectrum, spectrographic, topographic) and the split screen modes.

Adjusting the	LCD	Brightness
---------------	-----	------------

Description		The LCD brightness le three pre-set levels.	evels can be adjusted to
Operation	1.	Press Display > LCD Br display brightness:	<i>ightness[F2]</i> to toggle the
		Hi: Mid: Lo:	High brightness Medium brightness Low brightness

Turning the LCD Backlight Off

Description		The LCD backlight can be turned off to preserve power or to prolong the lifetime of the LCD display when not in use.
Operation	1.	Press Display > LCD Backlight[F3] and turn the LCD backlight off.
	2.	When the backlight is off, press any function key to turn the LCD backlight back on.

Setting a Display Line (Reference Level Line)

Description		The Display Line function is used to super- impose a reference level line over the traces.	
Operation	1.	Press Display Line[F4] to turn the display line on.	
	2.	Set the display line level and unit.	
Example:		Display line But 5 000Miz Display line But 5 000Miz Display line But 5 000Miz Conter 10 000Miz Span 10 000Miz Span 10 000Miz Span 10 000Miz Span 10 000Miz Span 0 000Miz Span	

Display line set at -50dBm

Using the Video Out Port

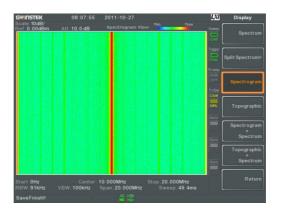
Description		The GSP-930 has a dedicated DVI terminal to output the display to an external monitor. The video output is always on.	
		Output resolution	800 x 600 (fixed)
Operation	1.	Connect an external n DVI terminal.	monitor to the rear panel



Setting the Display Mode

Description	The GSP-930 has three different display modes for viewing: spectrum, spectrograph and topographic. It is also possible to view the spectrum with the spectrographic or topographic views using a split screen.	
	Spectrum	Default display mode.
	Spectrogram	Useful for viewing frequency or power in the time domain.
	Topographic	Useful for observing the frequency of events with a trace.
Operation 1.	. Press Vindow Setup[F1] and select the display mode:	
	<i>Spectrum[F1]: Spectrogram[F3]: Topographic[F4]: Spectrogram+Spectrur Topographic+Spectrun</i>	
<u>∕</u> ! Note	The same trace is used on the top and bottom for the Spectrogram+Spectrum and Topographic+Spectrum modes.	

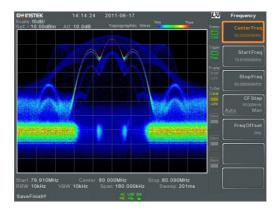
Example: Spectrogram



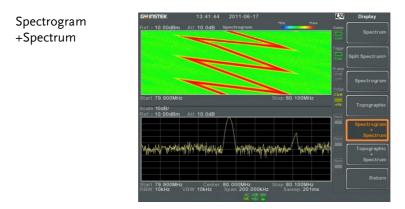
The Spectrogram view shows signals in both the frequency and time domain. The X-axis represents frequency, the Y-axis represents time and the color of each point represents the amplitude at a particular frequency & time (Red = high \rightarrow dark blue = low).

Each new trace is shown at the bottom of the display and older traces are pushed up toward the top of the display until they are removed.

Topographic

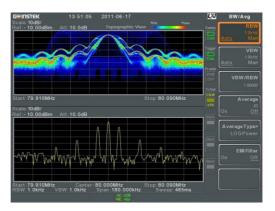


The topographic view shows the frequency of events. The topographic view is useful for observing smaller signals that have been overpowered by stronger signals or to easily observe intermittent events. Color is used to represent the frequency of an event. Red represents a high frequency of occurrence, while blue represents events that occur rarely.



Displays both spectrographic and spectrum views of the signal.





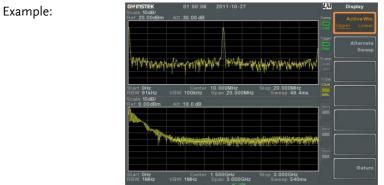
Displays both topographic and spectrum views of the signal.

Split Spectrum View

Description		The split spectrum view is able to view two different sweep ranges on the display at the same time using a split screen view. The top and bottom view can have independent sweep ranges, amplitudes, spans and other settings. However only one split screen (top or bottom) can be swept each time.
Operation	1.	Press Display >Window Setup[F1]>Split Spectrum[F2]>Active Win[F1] to activate the upper split screen.
	2.	Pressing <i>Active Win.[F1]</i> will toggle the sweep between the upper and lower screen.
	3.	Press <i>Alternate Sweep</i> [F2] for the analyzer to alternate the sweep between the upper and lower screen at the end of each sweep.

No operations can be performed in alternate Note sweep mode.

> After exiting the split spectrum view, the analyzer will use the settings from the active window. The settings for the inactive screen will be retained for the next time that split spectrum view is used.



System Settings

System Information

Description	escription The System Information disp	
	Serial Number Version: Software Firmware File sys RF TG DSP Wordlist Core	Installed Options Calibration Date: LOI RF TG DNS Hostname MAC Address
Operation	. Press (System > System Information[F1] to bring up a list of the system information.	
Error Messages		
Description	by message number errors from the syste when operating the	s that are in the error queue c, description and time. All em error queue are logged analyzer. For a list of the ase see the programming
Operation	1. Press (System) > Error message table.	<i>uessage</i> [F2] to bring up the
	 Press Prev Page[F2] a navigate through ea 	and <i>Next Page[F3]</i> to ch page of the error list.

3. Press *Clear Error Queue*[*F6*] to clear the error messages from the list.

Set the System Language

Description		The GSP-930 supports a number of languages. The system language sets the soft menu keys to the selected language.
Operation	1.	Press (System)>Language[F3] and choose the system language.

Set the Date and Time

Operation 1	Press (System) > Date/Time[F4]. Press Set Date[F1] to set the date:	
2		
	Year[F1]	Sets the year.
	Month[F2]	Sets the month.
	Day[F3]	Sets the day.
3	. Press Set Time[F2] to	set the system time:
	Hour[F1]	Sets the hour (24hr).
	Minute[F2]	Sets the minute.
	Second[F3]	Sets the second.
4	. The system time and top of the display.	date will be shown at the
	Time, Date	
	GWINSTEK Scale 10dB/ Scale 10dB/	LXI System

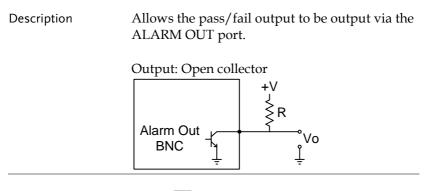
Using the Wake-Up Clock

Description		The GSP-930 has a wake-up clock to allow the spectrum analyzer to automatically turn on at a set time.		
Operation		Press (System) > Date/Time[F4] > Wake-Up Clock[F3] and set the following parameters:		
	Clock[F1]	Choose a wake-up clock (1~7).		
	<i>State[F2]</i>	Turns the selected clock on/off.		
	Hour[F3]	Set the wake-up hour		
	Minute [F4]	Set the wake-up minute.		
	Rept. Single[F5	7 Set the wake-up clock to repeat or single.		



Only single days can be configured for the wake-up clock.

Alarm Output



Operation 1. Press System > Alarm Output[F6] and toggle the ALARM OUT port on or off.

Preset

The Preset function loads either factory default states or the userdefined states – depending on the Preset configuration settings.

- Using the Preset Key \rightarrow from page 109
- Save the User Preset Settings \rightarrow from page 109
- Preset Type Settings \rightarrow from page 110
- Power on Preset Settings \rightarrow from page 110

Using the Preset Key

Description	The Preset key loads the factory default state or user-defined preset settings. See the Preset Type Settings on page 109 to set the type of preset settings that are loaded.
Factory Preset	The factory default settings are listed on page 209
Operation	Press Preset to load the preset settings.

Save the User Preset Settings

Description	The user-defined preset settings can be created by saving the current state as the user-defined preset settings.
Operation	Press System > Pwr On/Preset[F5] > Save User Preset[F3] to save the current state as the User Preset settings.

Preset Type Settings

Description	Each time the Preset key is pressed, a set of preset configuration settings are loaded. The preset configuration settings can be either the factory default settings or the user-defined settings.
Operation 1	 Press System > Pwr On/Preset[F5]>Preset Type[2] and choose the preset type: User Preset[F1] Factory Preset[F2]
Power on Preset	Settings
Description	When the spectrum analyzer is turned on, either the preset configuration settings are loaded (default) or the configuration settings that were used before the instrument was turned off.
Operation 1	. Press (System) > Pwr On/Preset[F5] > Power On[F1] and choose the power on settings:

	Power On:	Last, Preset
Note	See Preset Type S the preset condit	Settings on page 209 for details on ions.
	instrument was r	onditions cannot be loaded if the not powered down correctly the used. Please see page 27 for

Advanced operation

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Measurement

This section describes how to use the automatic measurement modes. The GSP-930 includes the following measurements:

- ACPR \rightarrow from page 114
- OCBW \rightarrow from page 117
- AM demodulation \rightarrow from page 119
- FM demodulation \rightarrow from page 123
- N dB measurement \rightarrow page 128
- Phase Jitter \rightarrow page 129
- SEM measurement \rightarrow from page 132
- TOI measurement \rightarrow from page 150
- CNR/CSO/CTB measurement \rightarrow from page 152

Channel Analysis Overview

Description	Channel analysis measurement includes ACPR (adjacent channel power) and OCBW (occupied bandwidth) measurements.	
Parameters	Channel bandwidth	The frequency bandwidth the target channel occupies. Range: Between 0Hz~3GHz (0Hz excepted)
	Channel Space	The frequency distance between each main channel. Range: Between 0Hz~3GHz

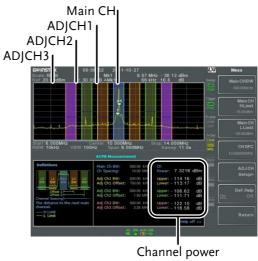
GWINSTEK

Adjacent channel bandwidth 1 & 2	The frequency bandwidth the adjacent channels occupy. Range: Between 0Hz~3GHz (0Hz excepted)
Adjacent channel offset 1 ~ 3	The frequency distance between the adjacent channels and main channel. Range: 1 Between 0Hz~3GHz (0Hz excepted)
OCBW%	The ratio of occupied bandwidth to the amount of power consumed. Range: 0% to 100%, 0.1% resolution.

ACPR Adjacent channel power refers to the amount of Description power leaked to the adjacent channel from the main channel. This measurement is a ratio of the main channel power to power in the adjacent channel. Example ADJ ADJ ADJ Main ADI ADI ADI CH3 CH2 CH1 CHBW CH1 CH2 CH3 Offset 1 K Offset 2 ₭ Offset 3 < Channel spacing -To next maiń channel

Operation: Setting up the main channel

- 1. Press <a>> Channel Analysis[F1]>ACPR[F2] and turn ACPR on.
- Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
- 2. The display splits into two screens. The top screen shows the main channel, adjacent channels and their corresponding limits. The bottom screen shows the ACPR measurement results in real time.



results

3. Press <a>> Channel Analysis[F1]>ACPR Setup[F1]> and set the following:

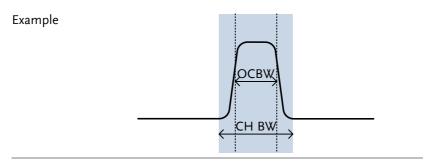
Main CHBW[F1]	Set the bandwidth of the main channel.
Main CH H Limit[F2]	Set the low limit for the main channel.
Main CH Limit[F3]	Set the high limit for the
CH SPC[F4]	main channel Specify the channel
	spacing

Operation: Setting up the adjacent	1.	Press <i>ADJCH</i> channels:	Setup[F5	i] to setup the adjacent
channel(s)		ADJCH[F1]		Choose an adjacent channel number: 1, 2, 3
		[F2]		Toggle the selected channel on/off.
		ADJCHBW[F3]		Choose the bandwidth of the selected channel.

		ADJCH Offset[F4]	Set the adjacent channel offset.
		ADJCH HLimit[F5]	Set the adjacent channel high limit.
		ADJCH LLimit[F5]	Set the adjacent channel low limit.
	2.	Repeat the above step channels, if needed.	ps for the other adjacent
Move Channels Up/Down	1.	Press (Meas) > Channe the following to move	l Analysis[F1] and press e to another channel:
		Channel Move Up[F5] Channel Move	Next main channel.
		Down[F6]	Previous main channel.
Note		The channel space (C determines where the located.	H SPC) parameter e next main channel is

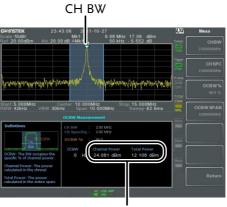
OCBW

Description Occupied bandwidth measurements are used to measure the power of the occupied channel as a percentage to the power of the channel.



Operation: Setting up the main channel

- 1. Press Meas > Channel Analysis[F1]>OCBW[F4] and turn OCBW on.
- Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
- 2. The display splits into two screens. The top shows the channel bandwidth. The bottom screen shows the OCBW measurement results in real time.



Channel power and total power results

3. Press *OCBW Setup*[F3] to enter the OCBW setup:

CHBW[F1]	Set the channel
	bandwidth.
CH SPC[F2]	Set the channel space
	between main channels.
OCBW%[F3]	Set the % of the OCBW
	to CHBW.

Move Channels 1. Press <a>> Channel Analysis[F1] and select: Up/Down Channel Move Up[F5] Next main channel. Channel Move

Down[F6] Previous main channel.

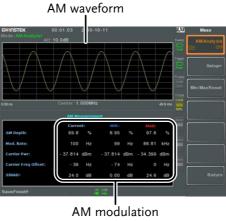
Note The channel space (CH SPC) parameter determines where the next main channel is located.

The CH SPC parameters from the ACPR and OCBW setups are independent.

AM/FM Analysis

AM Analysis

Description	input signal is cente	When amplitude modulation is turned on, the input signal is centered on the center frequency and the span is automatically set to zero-span.	
Measurement items	AM Depth:	Current, Min, Max	
iteriis	Mod. Rate:	Current, Min, Max	
	Carrier Pwr:	Current, Min, Max	
	Carrier Freq Offset:	Current, Min, Max	
	SINAD:	Current, Min, Max	
Operation: configuration	(page 39). 2. Press (Meas) > Demo	ency to the carrier frequency od[F2]>AM Analysis[F1]>AM	
	Analysis[F1] and tu:Any other measureme disabled.	rn AM analysis on. ent mode will automatically be	
	1 7 1	nto two screens. The top reform in the time domain. shows the AM	



measurements

- 4. Press *Setup*[F2]>*IF Bandwidth*[F1] and set the Intermediate frequency bandwidth.
- Set with adequate bandwidth to accommodate spectrum contained in the carrier.
- 5. Press *LPF[F2]* to set the low pass filter frequency, alternatively the frequency can be set to bypass:

AM Signal Frequency (Hz)						
livi oigita		Selectable bandwidth of LPF (Hz)				
				(/	
≥78,125	156,250	78,125	52,083	39,063	31,250	
≥39,063	78,125	39,063	26,042	19,531	15,625	
≥19,531	39,063	19,531	13,021	9,766	7,813	
≥7,813	15,625	7,813	5,208	3,906	3,125	
≥3,906	7,813	3,906	2,604	1,953	1,563	
≥1,953	3,906	1,953	1,302	977	781	
≥781	1,563	781	521	391	313	
≥391	781	391	260	195	156	
≥195	391	195	130	98	78	
≥78	156	78	52	39	31	
≥39	78	39	26	20	16	
≥20	39	20	13	10	8	
≥8	16	8	5	4	3	

6. Press *Time Axis* [F3] to set horizontal axis parameters:

Ref. Value[F1]	Sets the starting time on the time axis.
Ref. Pos[F2]	Shifts the waveform X number of grid subdivisions.
Scale/Div[F3]	Sets the grid division scale when Auto Scale is Off.
Auto Scale[F4]	Toggles auto-scaling on/off.

7. Press *Depth Axis*[F4] to set depth (vertical) parameters:

Ref.Value[F1]	Offsets the reference position as a percentage of the vertical scale/div.
Ref.Pos[F2]	Sets the reference position of the waveform on a horizontal grid subdivision (1:10).
Scale/Div[F3]	Sets the horizontal grid division scale when Auto Scale is Off.
Auto Scale[F4]	Toggles auto-scaling on/off.

Operation: trigger configuration

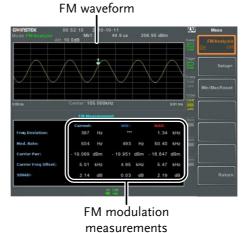
8. Press *AF Trigger*[*F5*] to set the triggering conditions:

FreeRun[F1]	Disables the trigger, this is the default setting.
Edge Slope[F2]	Sets the trigger to rising or falling edge.

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	Trigger Mode[F3]	Sets the triggering mode: Nor.: Normal trigger Sgl.: Single trigger Cont.: Continuously trigger
	Trigger Level[F4]	Sets the trigger level as a percentage of the depth.
	Trigger Delay[F5]	Sets the trigger delay time: 0 to 1ks
	Run Now[F6]	Turns FreeRun mode off and uses the user- defined trigger settings.
Note	The MAX and MIN measurements are held until higher or lower values are found. To reset the MAX and MIN measurements, press <i>Demod[F2]>AM Analysis[F1]>Min/Max Reset[F3]</i> .	

FM Analysis				
Description	input signal is cente	When frequency modulation is turned on, the input signal is centered on the carrier frequency and the span is automatically set to zero-span.		
Measurement items	Freq. Deviation:	Current, Min, Max		
licitis	Mod. Rate:	Current, Min, Max		
	Carrier Pwr:	Current, Min, Max		
	Carrier Freq Offset:	Current, Min, Max		
	SINAD:	Current, Min, Max		
Operation: configuration	1. Set the center freque (page 39).	1. Set the center frequency to the carrier frequency (page 39).		
	 Press Demod[F2]>FM Analysis[F2]>FN Analysis[F1] and turn FM analysis on. Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled. 			
3. The display splits into two screens. The shows the FM waveform in the time do The bottom screen shows the FM meas		eform in the time domain.		



- 4. Press *Setup*[F2]>*IF Bandwidth*[F1] and set the
- Intermediate frequency bandwidth. (10kHz, 30kHz, 100kHz, 300kHz, 1MHz,)
- Set with adequate bandwidth to accommodate spectrum contained in the carrier.
- 5. Press *LPF[F2]* to set the low pass filter frequency, alternatively the frequency can be set to bypass:

FM Signal Frequency (Hz)					
			andwidth	of LPF (H	z)
≥78,125	156,250	78,125	52,083	39,063	31,250
≥39,063	78,125	39,063	26,042	19,531	15,625
≥19,531	39,063	19,531	13,021	9,766	7,813
≥7,813	15,625	7,813	5,208	3,906	3,125
≥3,906	7,813	3,906	2,604	1,953	1,563
≥1,953	3,906	1,953	1,302	977	781
≥781	1,563	781	521	391	313
≥391	781	391	260	195	156
≥195	391	195	130	98	78
≥78	156	78	52	39	31
≥39	78	39	26	20	16
≥20	39	20	13	10	8
≥8	16	8	5	4	3

6. Press *Time Axis*[*F3*] to set horizontal axis parameters:

Ref. Value[F1]	Sets the starting time on the time axis.
Ref. Pos[F2]	Shifts the waveform X number of grid subdivisions.
Scale/Div[F3]	Sets the grid division scale when Auto Scale is Off.
Auto Scale[F4]	Toggles auto-scaling on/off.

7. Press *Deviation Axis*[F4] to set depth (vertical) parameters:

Ref.Value[F1]	Offsets the reference
	position (in frequency).
Ref.Pos[F2]	Sets the reference
	position of the waveform
	on a horizontal grid
	subdivision (1:10).
Scale/Div[F3]	Sets the horizontal grid
	division scale.
Auto Scale[F4]	Toggles auto-scaling
	on/off.

Operation: trigger configuration 8. Press *AF Trigger*[*F5*] to set the triggering conditions:

FreeRun[F1]	Disables the trigger, this
	is the default setting.
Edge Slope[F2]	Sets the trigger to rising
	or falling edge.

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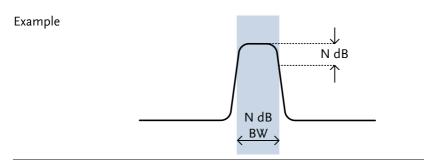
	Trigger Mode[F3]	Sets the triggering mode: Nor.: Normal trigger Sgl.: Single trigger Cont.: Continuously trigger
	Trigger Level[F4]	Sets the trigger level as a frequency.
	Trigger Delay[F5]	Sets the trigger delay time: 0 to 1ks
	Run Now[F6]	Turns FreeRun mode off and uses the user- defined trigger settings.
Note	The MAX and MIN measurements are held until higher or lower values are found. To reset the MAX and MIN measurements, press Meas Demod[F2]>FM Analysis[F1]>Min/Max Reset[F3] .	

AM/FM Demodulation

Description		The GSP-930 has a convenient AM/FM demodulation function to tune into AM or FM broadcast signals and listen to the demodulated baseband signals using the ear phone out socket.	
Operation: Setup	1.	Set the center frequency to the desired FM/AM carrier frequency. See page 39 for details.	
	2.	Set the span to zero. See page 44 for details.	
	3.	Set the Preamp to Auto. See page 57.	
Connection		Connect headphones or a speaker Ω to the phone output port. \bigcirc	
Operation	4.	Press → Demod[F2]>Sound[F3]>Ear Phone Out[F1] and turn the ear phone out on.	
	5.	Press <i>Volume</i> [F2] to set the volume output:	
		Volume: 0~15, default 7	
	6.	Press <i>Digital Gain Control</i> [F3] to change the gain:	
		Gain: 0~18dB, 6dB step	
	7.	Press <i>Demod Type</i> [F4] to choose AM or FM demodulation.	

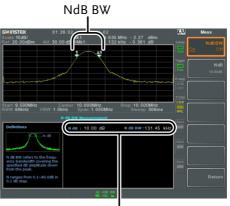
N dB Bandwidth

Description N dB bandwidth measurements are used to measure the frequency bandwidth that covers a specified amplitude (N dB) from the top of the peak.



Operation 1. Press NdB Bandwidth[F3]>NdB BW[F1] and turn N dB BW on.

- Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
- 2. The display splits into two screens. The top shows the trace with markers for NdB and NdB BW. The bottom screen shows the N dB measurement results in real time.



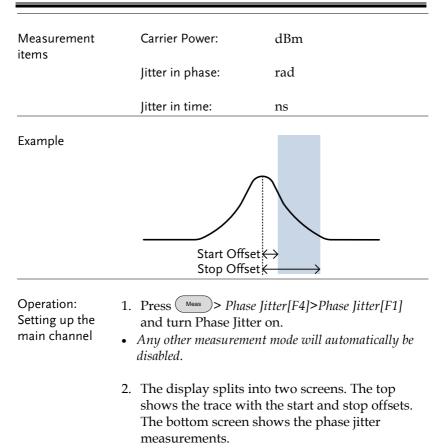
N dB BW Measurement

3. Press *NdB*[*F*2] to set the NdB amplitude:

	Amplitude:	0.1dB ~ 80.0 dB
Note Note	The NdB bandwid tied to the RBW a	lth measurements are strongly nd VBW.

Phase Jitter Measurement

Description	Phase Jitter refers to the amount of phase fluctuation and can be used to evaluate stability of a signal in the time domain.		
Parameters	Start Offset:	The start frequency with respect to the center frequency.	
	Stop Offset:	The stop frequency with respect to the center frequency.	





Phase jitter measurements

3. Press *Start Offset*[F2] to set the start offset:

Offset: $(0Hz \sim \frac{1}{2} \text{ span freq})$

4. Press *Stop Offset*[F3] to set the stop offset:

	Offset:	(0Hz ~ $\frac{1}{2}$ span freq)
Note	The phase jitter meas the RBW and VBW.	urements are strongly tied to

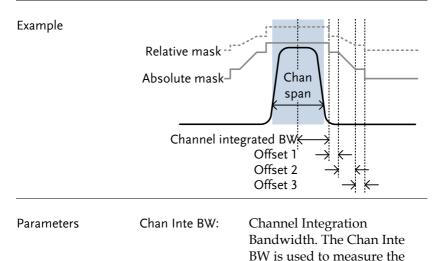
Spectrum Emission Mask Overview

Description	SEM measurements are used to measure the out-of-channel emissions relative to the in- channel power. SEM measurements are usually calculated for specified power bands at a number of different offsets to the carrier frequency. SEM measurements are often carried out for a number of different wireless standards.

For 3GPP, the GSP-930 supports BS (base station) and UE (user equipment) testing standards for both FDD (frequency-division duplexing) and TDD (time-division duplexing) modes.

The GSP-930 also supports SEM testing for 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n and 802.16 as well as user defined emission mask testing

in-channel power.



Chan Span:	Used to define the span of the main channel when measuring the channel power.
RBW:	Sets the resolution bandwidth for the main channel when measuring the in-channel power.
Total Power Reference:	The total power of the carrier that is used as the reference for calculating the offset power.
PSD Ref:	The mean power spectral density of the carrier that is used as the reference for calculating the offset power.
Select Offset:	Selects the offset pairs $(1 \sim 5)$ used for configuration.
Start Freq:	Sets the start frequency offset for the selected offset number.
Stop Freq:	Sets the stop frequency offset for the selected offset number.
RBW:	Sets the resolution bandwidth of the selected offset number.
Abs Start:	Sets the absolute level limit at the Start Freq for selected offset number.

	Abs Stop:	Sets the absolute level limit at the Stop Freq for the selected offset number. The Abs Stop level limit can be set to Couple or Man. Man allows Abs Stop to be user- defined, while Couple will lock Abs Stop to the Abs Start level limit.
	Rel Start:	Sets the relative level limit at the Start Freq for the selected offset number.
	Rel Stop:	Sets the relative level limit at the Stop Freq for the selected offset number. Rel Stop can be set to Coulple or Man. Man allows Rel Stop to be user-defined, while Couple will lock Rel Stop to the Rel Start level limit.
	Fail Mask:	Sets the fail conditions for measurement with regards to the level limits: Absolute, Relative, Absolute & Relative, Absolute or Relative.
Measurement items	Main Channel Bandwidth:	Unit: Hz
	Total Power:	Unit: dBm
	PSD (Power Spectral Density):	Unit: dBm/Hz

Offset 1~5:

Lower dBm, Upper dBm

3GPP Operating Bands*

Operating Band	UL Frequencies UE transmit, Node B receive	DL Frequencies UE receive, Node B transmit
L	1920~1980MHz	2110~2170MHz
П	1850~1910MHz	1930~1990 MHz
П	1710~1785MHz	1805~1880MHz
IV	1710~1755MHz	2110~2155MHz
V	824~849MHz	869~894MHz
VI	830~840MHz	875~885MHz
VII	2500~2570MHz	2620~2690MHz
VIII	880~915MHz	925~960MHz
IX	1749.9~1784.9MHz	1844.9~1879.9MHz
Х	1710~1770MHz	2110~2170MHz
XI	1427.9~1452.9MHz	1475.9~1500.9MHz
XII	698~716MHz	728~746MHz
XIII	777~787MHz	746~756MHz
XIV	788~796MHz	758~768MHz
XV	Reserved	Reserved
XVI	Reserved	Reserved
XVII	Reserved	Reserved
XVIII	Reserved	Reserved
XIX	830~845MHz	875~890MHz
XX	832~862MHz	791~821MHz
XXI	1447.9~1462.9MHz	1495.9~1510.9MHz
XXV	1850~1915MHz	1930~1995MHz

*for FDD, referenced from ETSI:

3GPP TS 25.101 version 10.2.0 Release 10

3GPP TS 25.104 version 10.2.0 Release 10

3GPP-FDD BS For the FDD configuration, different limits can by chosen based on the total channel power, P.

The default value for $\Delta fmax$ is 12.5MHz. $\Delta fmax$ can be user-defined.

The channel span is set to 5MHz.

Note: A, B, C	Note: A, B, C, D, E denote offsets 1 to 5, respectively.			
D: 13	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
P≥43	2.5 ≤A<2.7	-14dBm	30kHz	
	2.7≤B<3.5	-14 ~ -26dBm	30kHz	
	3.5≤C<∆fmax	-13dBm	1MHz	
20 < 0 < 42	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
39≤P<43	2.5 ≤A<2.7	-15dBm	30kHz	
	2.7≤B<3.5	-14 ~ -26dBm	30kHz	
	3.5≤C<7.5	-13dBm	1MHz	
	7.5≤D<∆fmax	P-56dB	1MHz	
31≤P<39	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	2.5 ≤A<2.7	P-53dB	30kHz	
	2.7≤B<3.5	P-53dB~ P-56dB	30kHz	
	3.5≤C<7.5	P-52dB	1MHz	
	7.5≤D<∆fmax	P-56dB	1MHz	
D .31	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
P<31	2.5 ≤A<2.7	-22dBm	30kHz	
	2.7≤B<3.5	-22 ~ -34dBm	30kHz	
	3.5≤C<7.5	-21dBM	1MHz	
	7.5≤D<∆fmax	-25dBm	1MHz	

Note: A, B, C, D, E denote offsets 1 to 5, respectively.

For P<31, two additional power limits (shown below) can be selected via the *Additional Max Out. Pwr* option for Home BS applications:

(The default value for Δ fmax is 14.5 MHz. Δ fmax can be user-defined)

	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW
6≤P≤20	12.5 ≤E< ∆fmax	P- 56dB	1MHz
	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW
P<6	12.5 ≤E< Δ fmax	-50dBm	1MHz

3GPP-FDD BS Additional Requirements For operation in bands II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV and XXV, additional requirements (listed below) apply in addition to the minimum requirements listed above.

D I	Unit: MHz	Additional ^[3]	RBW
Bands: II, IV, X	2.5 ≤A<3.5	-15dBm	30kHz
, , 	$3.5 \le B < \Delta fmax$	-13dBm	1MHz
Devider M	Unit: MHz	Additional ^[3]	RBW
Bands: V	2.5 ≤A<3.5	-15dBm	30kHz
	$3.5 \le B < \Delta fmax$	-13dBm	100kHz
	Unit: MHz	Additional ^[3]	RBW
Bands: XII, XIII, XIV	2.5 ≤A<3.5	-13dBm	30kHz
, , ,	3.5≤B< ∆fmax	-13dBm	100kHz

3GPP-FDD UE The channel span is set to 5MHz.

Note: A, B, C, D, E denote offsets 1 to 5, respectively.				
Unit: MHz	Rel	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
2.5 ≤A<3.5	-35~-50dBc	-71.1dBm	30kHz	
3.5 ≤B<7.5	-35~-39dBc	-55.8dBm	1MHz	
7.5 ≤C<8.5	-39~-49dBc	-55.8dBm	1MHz	
8.5 ≤D<12.5	-49~-49dBc	-55.8dBm	1MHz	

3GPP-FDD UE	Additional requirements for 3GPP-FDD UE.				
Additional Requirements	Davida	Unit: MHz	Additional ^[3]	RBW	
Requirements	Bands II, IV, X	2.5 ≤A<3.5	-15dBm	30kHz	
	· ·	3.5≤B<12.5	-15dBm	1MHz	
	Band V	Unit: MHz	Additional ^[3]	RBW	
		2.5 ≤A<3.5	-15dBm	30kHz	
		3.5≤B<12.5	-13dBm	100kHz	
	Bands XII, XIII, XIV	Unit: MHz	Additional ^[3]	RBW	
		2.5 ≤A<3.5	-13dBm	30kHz	
		3.5≤B<12.5	-13dBm	100kHz	

3GPP-TDD BSFor the TDD configuration, different limits can by3.84Mcps*chosen based on the total channel power,

The channel span: 3.84Mcps: 5MHz.

Note: A, B, C,	D, E denote offsets	1 to 5, respectively.

P≥43	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW
	2.5 ≤A<2.7	-14dBm	30kHz
	2.7≤B<3.5	-14 ~ -26dBm	30kHz
	3.5≤C<12	-13dBm	1MHz
39≤P<43	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW
	2.5 ≤A<2.7	-14dBm	30kHz
	2.7≤B<3.5	-14 ~ -26dBm	30kHz
	3.5≤C<7.5	-13dBm	1MHz
	7.5≤D<12	P-56dB	1MHz

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	21 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	31≤P<39	2.5 ≤A<2.7	P-53dBm	30kHz	
		2.7≤B<3.5	P-53~P-65dBm	30kHz	
		3.5≤C<7.5	P-52dBm	1MHz	
		7.5≤C<12	P-56dBm	1MHz	
	D <31	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	P≤31	2.5 <u>≤</u> A<2.7	-22dBm	30kHz	
		2.7≤B<3.5	-22 ~ -34dBm	30kHz	
		3.5≤C<7.5	-21dBm	1MHz	
		7.5≤D<12	-25dBm	1MHz	
*referenced from ETSI:					
3GPP TS 25.102 version 10.2.0 Release 10					
3GPP TS 25.105 version 10.3.0 Release 10					

3GPP-TDD BS 1.28Mcps	The channel span: 1.28Mcps: 1.6MHz.				
	D: 24	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	P≥34	0.8 ≤A<1	-20dBm	30kHz	
		1≤B<1.8	-20 ~ -28dBm	30kHz	
		1.8≤C<3.5	-13dBm	1MHz	
	26≤P<34	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
		0.8 ≤A<1	P-54dB	30kHz	
		1≤B<1.8	P-54~P-62dB	30kHz	
		1.8≤C<3.5	P-47dB	1MHz	
	D -2C	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	P<26	0.8 ≤A<1	-28dBm	30kHz	
		1≤B<1.8	-28~-36dBm	30kHz	
		1.8≤C<3.5	-21dBm	1MHz	

3GPP-TDD BS 7.68 Mcps	The channel span: 7.68Mcps: 10MHz.				
	D: (2	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	P≥43	5 ≤A<5.2	-17dBm	30kHz	
		5.2≤B<6	-17 ~ -29dBm	30kHz	
		6 <u>≤</u> C<24.5	-16dBm	1MHz	
	20 <0 .42	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	39 <u>≤</u> P<43	5 <u>≤</u> A<5.2	-17dBm	30kHz	
		5.2≤B<6	-17 ~ -29dBm	30kHz	
		6≤C<15	-16dBm	1MHz	
		15≤D≤24.5	P-59dB	1MHz	
	31≤P<39	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
		5 <u>≤</u> A<5.2	P-56dB	30kHz	
		5.2≤B<6	P-56~P-68dB	30kHz	
		6≤C<15	P-55dB	1MHz	
		15≤D≤24.5	P-59dB	1MHz	
	D -21	Unit: MHz	Abs ^[1]	RBW	
	P<31	5≤A<5.2	-25dBm	30kHz	
		5.2≤B<6	-25~-37dBm	30kHz	
		6≤C<15	-24dBm	1MHz	
		15≤D≤24.5	-28dBm	1MHz	

3GPP-TDD UE The channel span: 3.84Mcps: 5MHz. 1.28Mcps: 1.6MHz. 7.68Mcps: 10MHz.

Note: A, B,	C, D,	E denote offsets	1 to 5,	respectively.
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3.84Mcps	Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
	2.5 ≤A<3.5	-35~-50dBc	30kHz
	3.5≤B<7.5	-35 ~ -39dBc	1MHz
	7.5≤C<8.5	-39~-49dBc	1MHz
	8.5≤D<12.5	-49dBc	1MHz
1 2014	Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
1.28Mcps	0.8 ≤A<1.8	-35~-49dBc	30kHz
	1.8≤B<2.4	-49~-59.2dBc	30kHz
	2.4≤C<4	-44dBc	1MHz
	Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
7.68Mcps	5 ≤A<5.75	-38~-46dBc	30kHz
	5.75≤B<7	-46 ~ -53dBc	30kHz
	7≤C<15	-38~-42dBc	1MHz
	15≤D<17	-42~-52dBc	1MHz
	17≤E<25	-53dBc	1MHz

802.11b* The channel span: 22MHz

Note: A, B denotes offsets 1 and offset 2. Here the default value of "f" is 24MHz. This can be user-defined.

11≤A<22	Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
22≤B <f -50dbc="" 100khz<="" th=""><th>11≤A<22</th><th>-30dBc</th><th>100kHz</th></f>	11≤A<22	-30dBc	100kHz
	22 ≤B <f< td=""><td>-50dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-50dBc	100kHz

*reference: IEEE Std 802.11b-1999

802.11g The channel span: ERP-OFDM/DSSS-OFDM : 18MHz ERP-DSSS/ERP-PBCC/ERP-CCK: 22MHz

> Note: A, B, C, D denote offsets 1 to 4, respectively. Here the default value of "f" is 40MHz (ERP-OFDM/ DSSS-OFDM) or 25MHz (ERP-DSSS/ ERP-PBCC/ ERP-CCK). This can be user-defined.

Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
9 <i>≤</i> A<11	-0~-20dBc	100kHz
11≤B<20	-20~-28dBc	100kHz
20≤C<30	-28~-40dBc	100kHz
3 0 ≤D <f< td=""><td>-40dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-40dBc	100kHz
Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
11 ≤A<22	-30dBc	100kHz
22≤B <f< td=""><td>-50dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-50dBc	100kHz
	9 ≤A<11 11≤B<20 20≤C<30 30≤D <f Unit: MHz 11 ≤A<22</f 	$9 \le A < 11$ $-0 \sim -20 dBc$ $11 \le B < 20$ $-20 \sim -28 dBc$ $20 \le C < 30$ $-28 \sim -40 dBc$ $30 \le D < f$ $-40 dBc$ Unit: MHz Rel ^[2] $11 \le A < 22$ $-30 dBc$

*reference: IEEE Std 802.11a-1999

802.11n The channel span: CH BW 20MHz: 18MHz CH BW 40MHz: 38MHz

> Note: A, B, C, D denote offsets 1 to 4, respectively. Here the default value of "f" is 40MHz(CHBW 20MHz) or 70MHz(CHBW 40MHz). This can be userdefined.

CH BW 20MHz	Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
	9 <i>≤</i> A<11	-0~-20dBc	100kHz
	11≤B<20	-20~-28dBc	100kHz
	20≤C<30	-28~-45dBc	100kHz
	30≤D <f< td=""><td>-45dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-45dBc	100kHz

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ADVANCED OPERATION

	CH BW 40MHz	Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
		19 <i>≤</i> A<21	0~-20dBc	100kHz
		21≤B<40	-20~-28dBc	100kHz
		40≤C<60	-28~-45dBc	100kHz
		60≤D <f< td=""><td>-45dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-45dBc	100kHz
*reference: IEEE S	Std 802.1n-200)9		
	The channel span: CH BW 20MHz: 19MHz CH BW 10MHz: 9.5MHz Note: A, B, C, D denote offsets 1 to 4, respectively. Here the default value of "f" is 16.75MHz(CHBW 20MHz) or 31.5MHz(CHBW 10MHz). This can be user-defined.			
		Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
	CH BW 20MHz	9.5 ≤A<10.9	0~-25dBc	100kHz
		10.9≤B<19.5	-25~-32dBc	100kHz
		19.5≤C<29.5	-32~-50dBc	100kHz
		29.5≤D <f< td=""><td>-50dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-50dBc	100kHz
		Unit: MHz	Rel ^[2]	RBW
	CH BW 10MHz	4.75 ≤A<5.45	0~-25dBc	100kHz
		5.45≤B<9.75	-25~-32dBc	100kHz
		9.75≤C<14.75	-32~-50dBc	100kHz
		14.75≤D <f< td=""><td>-50dBc</td><td>100kHz</td></f<>	-50dBc	100kHz
****	Std 802.16-200)9		

Note	^[1] Abs: Absolute limit ^[2] Rel: Relative limit(to the total power or the
	power spectral density, depending on the
	compliance of the main channel)
	^[3] Additional: Additional absolute limit
	Pass Fail Criteria:
	Case 1: When both Abs and Rel are used, the

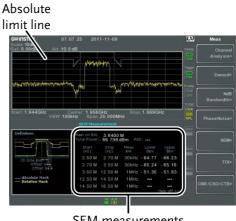
highest value (Abs or Rel) is used as the Pass/Fail judgment. The trace points under the limit indicate a pass. Case2: If the additional limit is used, the higher value from case1 is compared to the additional limit. The lowest one is used as the pass/fail judgment.

Spectrum Emission Mask Testing

Description	For spectrum emission mask testing, the GSP- 930 has pre-defined testing parameters for 3GPP, 802.11x and 802.16. The GSP-930 also allows you to perform user-defined SEM testing.
Operation:	 Press Meas > SEM[F5]>SEM[F2] and turn SEM on. Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
	2. The display splits into two screens. The top shows the trace with the absolute and or relative masks. The bottom screen shows the SEM measurement results.

User Defined

Parameters



SEM measurements

- 1. Press *Setup*[F1]>*User Define*[F6]to set SEM measurement to user defined parameters.
 - 2. Press *Meas Type*[F1] choose between *TotalPwrRef*[F1] or *PSDRef*[F2].
 - 3. Press *Ref. Channel*[F2] and set the following:

ChanIntegBW[F1]	Sets the channel
	integration bandwidth.
Chan Span[F2]	Sets the channel span
RBW[F3]	Sets the resolution
	bandwidth.
TotalPwrRef[F4]/	Sets the total
PSDRef[F4]	power/PSD reference
	level.

4. Press *Return*[F7] to return the previous menu.

5. Press *Offset/Limit*[*F3*] to set the offset parameters:

SelectOffset[F1]	Select which offset to edit.
[F2]	Toggles the selected offset on/off.
StartFreq[F3]	Sets the start frequency of the selected offset.
StopFreq[F4]	Sets the Stop Frequency of the selected offset.
RBW[F5]	Sets the RBW of the selected offset.

6. Press *More* 1/2[*F6*] to set absolute and relative level limits and conditions:

Abs Start[F2]	Sets the absolute start level limit for the selected offset.
Abs Stop[F3]	Sets the absolute stop level limit for the selected offset.
	Man: Allows a user- defined Abs Stop level
	Couple: Sets the Abs Stop level to the Abs Start level.
Rel Start[F4]	Sets the relative start level limit for the selected offset.

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ADVANCED OPERATION

Rel Stop[F5]

Sets the relative stop level for the selected offset.

Man: Allows a userdefined Abs Stop level.

Couple: Sets the Rel Stop level to the Rel Start level.

7. Press *Fail Mask*[*F6*] to set the Fail Mask conditions:

Absolute[F1]	Sets the fail condition to the Absolute level limit.
Relative[F2]	Sets the fail condition to the relative level limit.
	the relative level limit.
Abs AND Rel[F3]	Sets the fail condition as
	both the absolute and
	relative level limits.
Abs OR Rel[F4]	Sets the fail condition to
	either the absolute or
	relative level limits.

8. Press *Select Offset*[*F*1] and repeat the above steps for any other offsets.

	Offset:	1~5	
Pre-Set Test Parameters: 3GPP		3GPP SEM test parameter SEM overview on page 13	
	1. Press <i>Setup</i> [F1 measurement.	1]>3GPP[F1] to choose 3GI	PP

2. Press *Ref. Channel*[F2] and set the following:

RBW[F3]

Sets the resolution bandwidth.

- 3. All other reference channel settings are predefined.
- 4. Press *Return*[*F7*] to return the previous menu.
- 5. Press *Offset/Limit*[F3]>*Duplexing Mode*[F1] and choose FDD or TDD duplexing:
- 6. For FDD, press *FDD Setup*[*F2*] set the FDD parameters, for TDD, press *TDD Setup*[*F3*]:

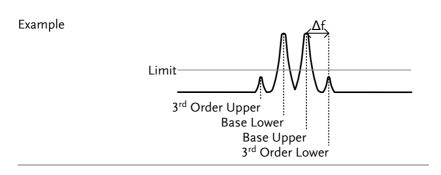
Transmission[F1]	Toggles between BS and UE testing
<i>Chip Rate[F2]</i>	Selects the bandwidth of the RRC filter that is used to measure the in- channel power for TDD duplexing: 3.84MHz, 1.28MHz, 7.68MHz
Max Out Pwr[F2/F3]	Sets the maximum output power for BS tests: P>=43 39<=P<=43 31<=P<=39 P<31

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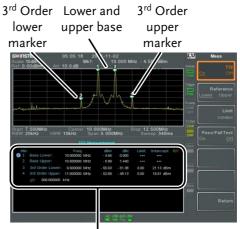
	Ada	l.limits[F4]	Selects the operating bands for FDD duplexing: None BandII BandIV BandV BandX
		Offset/ it Value[F5]	BandX11 BandXIII BandXIV Allows you to view the parameters of each of the offsets, including start/stop frequency, RBW, Abs Start/Stop and Rel Start/Stop.
Pre-Set Test Parameters: 802.XX	para		.11x and 802.16 SEM test e see the SEM overview on
	802. 802. 802.	ss Setup[F1]>as 11b[F2] 11g[F3] 11n[F4] 16[F5]	nd choose a 802.XX test:
	sett	ings for chann	[F2] to view the predefined el integrated bandwidth, N and PSD ref.
	valı	ies of each of t	F3] to view the parameter he offsets, including Start and RBW, Rel Start and Stop

Third Order Intermodulation Distortion (TOI)

Description	Third order intermodulation distortion measurement is used to calculate the TOI products caused by two signals that are close together in frequency in a non-linear system. Both the upper and lower third order intercept points (IP3) are calculated. Markers are placed at the frequencies of the TOI products and their respective base signals.		
	TOI products for	ced on the upper and lower limit testing.	
Parameters	Reference Lower	Sets the reference level to lowest base signal.	
	Reference Upper	Set the reference level to the highest base signal.	
	Limit	Sets the limit in dBm for pass/fail testing	
	Pass/Fail Test	Enables/disables pass/fail testing.	
Measurement items	Base Upper	Frequency, dBm, dBc.	
	Base Lower	Frequency, dBm, dBc	
	3 rd Order Lower	Frequency, dBm, dBc, limit, Intercept point	
	3 rd Order Upper	Frequency, dBm, dBc, limit, Intercept point	
	Δf	Frequency	



- Operation: 1. Press Meas > TOI[F6]>TOI[F1] and turn TOI on.
 - Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
 - 2. The display splits into two screens. The top shows the trace with markers in the upper and lower base frequencies and the upper and lower 3rd order intermodulation products. The bottom screen shows the TOI measurements and pass/fail results.



TOI measurement and results

- 3. Press *Reference*[*F2*] to set the reference to the upper or lower base frequencies.
- 4. Press *Limit*[*F3*] and set the limit for the upper and lower 3rd order intermodulation product amplitude.
- 5. Press *Pass/Fail Test*[F4] to toggle pass/fail testing on/off.

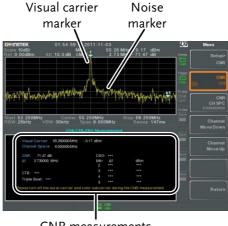
CNR/CSO/CTB Measurement

Carrier to Noise Ratio (CNR)

Description	Carrier to noise ratio calculates the difference in amplitude between the carrier signal and the noise level present in the transmission. CNR measurements are used for both analog and digital CATV.	
Parameters	Noise Marking	Sets the position of the delta marker ($\Delta 1$) using two options:
		MIN: The delta marker will search for the minimum between the carrier frequency and the carrier frequency + 4MHz.
		∆Marker: User defined delta marker position.

Measurement items	Visual Carrier	frequency, amplitude	
	CNR	amplitude difference	
	Δf	frequency difference between visual carrier and noise marker.	
Example	CNR dB Channel spacing	Lal carrier marker Δ1 Noise marker Aural, audio carrier To next main channel	
	 CNR[F1] to choose Press Noise Mark marker type betw If Min was select to the previous n If ΔMarker was se Delta[F4]>Delta[h position. See page 86 for deta 	Selected, press Marker > F1] and set the delta marker ails on moving markers.	

- 5. Press CNR[F2] and turn CNR on.
- Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
- Ensure the aural and color subcarriers are disabled before CNR is turned on.
- 6. The display splits into two screens. The top shows the trace with the visual carrier marker and the noise marker. The bottom screen shows the CNR measurements.



CNR measurements

7. Press CNR CH SP[F2] to set the channel space.

Range:

0~3GHz

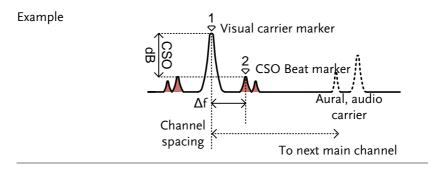
8. Press *Channel Move Down*[F4] or *Channel Move Up* [F5] to move to the next or previous channel.

Note

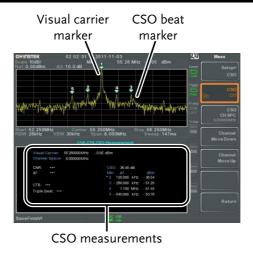
Ensure the aural and color subcarriers are turned off when making CNR measurements.

Composite Second Order (CSO)

Description	Composite Second Order measurement calculates the difference in amplitude between the carrier signal and the composite second order beat.
Parameters	CSO CH SP: The channel space.
Measurement items	Visual Carrier: frequency, amplitude Channel Space: frequency CSO: amplitude difference



- Operation: 1. Press > CNR/CSO/CTB[F7]>Setup[F1]> CSO[F2] and choose CSO.
 - 2. Press CSO[F2] and toggle CSO on.
 - Any other measurement mode will automatically be disabled.
 - 3. The display splits into two screens. The top shows the trace with the visual carrier marker and the CSO beat marker. The bottom screen shows the CSO measurements.



4. Press CSO CH SP[F2] to set the channel space.

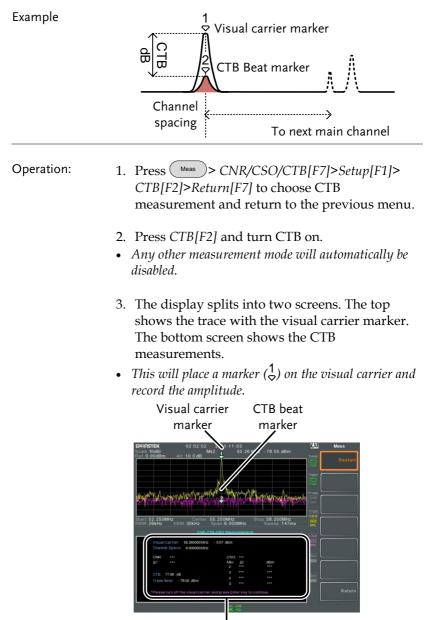
Range:

0~3GHz

5. Press *Channel Move Down*[F4] or *Channel Move Up* [F5] to move to next or previous channel.

Composite Triple Beat (CTB)

Description	Composite triple beat measurement calculates the difference in amplitude between the visual carrier and the composite triple beat amplitude.
Measurement items	Visual Carrier: frequency, amplitude CTB: amplitude difference from the visual carrier and the triple beat Triple Beat: amplitude



CTB measurements

- 4. Turn off the visual carrier signal from the input and press the key on the front panel.
- 5. A second trace will appear to mark the CTB amplitude.
- This will place a marker (²_∇) on the second trace and calculate the difference (¹_∇-²_∇).
- 6. Press CTB CH SP[F2] to set the channel space.

Range: 0~3GHz

7. Press *Channel Move Down*[F4] or *Channel Move Up* [F5] to move to next or previous channel.



To perform the CTB measurement again, press *Setup[F1]>CTB[F3]> Restart[F1].*

Limit Line Testing

The limit line is used to set the upper or lower amplitude limits over the entire frequency range. The limit lines can be used to detect whether the input signal is above, below or within the limit lines.

The limit lines can be manually or automatically created. The limit lines can be manually edited by frequency or from the trace data or marker points.

- Creating a Limit (Point by Point) \rightarrow from page 159.
- Creating a Limit (from Trace Data) \rightarrow from page 161.
- Creating a Limit (from marker data) \rightarrow from page 162.
- Creating a Limit (from marker data) \rightarrow from page 162
- Delete Limit Line \rightarrow from page 163
- Pass Fail Testing \rightarrow from page 163

Creating a Limit (Point by Point)

Description		Create a limit manually, point by point. A maximum of ten points can be used.
Operation	1.	Press Limit > Edit Limit Lines[F1]>Limit Line [F1] and choose a limit line.
		Limit line: 1~5
	2.	Press Point by Point[F2].
		The GSP-930 is split into two screens. The top screen shows the trace and limit lines and the bottom screen shows the limit line table.

LXI 10.000MHz Span 10.000MHz p.15.000MHz Sweep 2.63s Limit Line Table

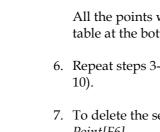
- 3. Press *Point Num*[F1] and choose a point number to edit (must start at #1).
- 4. Press *Frequency*[*F*2] and set the frequency of the first point.
- 5. Press *Limit*[F3] and set the amplitude level of the point.

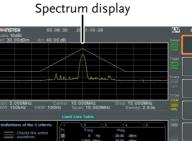
All the points will be displayed in a limit line table at the bottom of the display.

- 6. Repeat steps 3-5 for the remaining points (max 10).
- 7. To delete the selected point, press Delete Point[F6].
- 8. Press Return[F7]>Save Save Limit Line[F5] to save the currently selected limit line.

Note that the limit lines are automatically sorted by frequency (low \rightarrow high).

Note





Creating a Limit (from Trace Data)

Description	Trace data can be used to create limit lines. A 10 point limit line is created from the trace data at each grid division as well as the start and stop frequencies.
Operation	 Press Limit Line Edit Limit Lines [F1]>Limit Line [F1] and choose a limit line. (limit line 1~5).
	Limit line: 1~52. Press <i>Trace Data to Limit Line</i>[F3].
	The GSP-930 is split into two screens. The top screen shows the trace and limit lines and the bottom screen shows the limit line table. Spectrum display
	Green Instreek, 05 09:42 20 1-10-28 Limet Line Rel 30 00dBm Att: 40 00 dB Rel 30 00dBm Att: 40 00 dB Start E 000MHz Verw 1000Hz Span 10 000MHz Sweep 2 836 United To and the state
	Christian of the 3 offering 1 2 3 4 5 Christian of the 3 offering Fring Mag. 1 6 1
	Limit Line Table

- 3. Press *Limit Offset*[F2] and set an offset level.
- 4. Press Create Limit Line Now[F1].
- A limit line will automatically be created based on the trace and offset level.

- A limit line can be created any number of times.
- 5. Press *Return*[F7]>*Save Save Limit Line*[F5] to save the currently selected limit line.

Creating a Limit (from marker data)

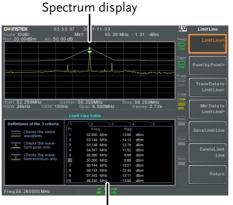
Description	Marker data can be used to create limit lines.
	Please see the marker chapter on page 83 for
	details on markers. A maximum of 10 points
	can be created.

Operation 1. Press Limit Line > Edit Limit Lines[F1]>Limit Line [F1] and choose a limit line.

Limit line: 1~5

2. Press Mkr Data to Limit Line[F4].

The GSP-930 is split into two screens. The top screen shows the trace and limit lines and the bottom screen shows the limit line table.



Limit Line Table

3. Press Point Num[F1] and choose a point number

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to edit (must start at #1).

- 4. Press *Limit Offset*[F3] and set offset level for the point.
- 5. Press *Mkr Data to Point[F2]*. This adds the currently active marker's position to the selected point.
- 6. The marker position can be moved at this point using the scroll wheel. Press the Enter key to set the position.
- 7. Repeat steps 3-5 for any other points (max 10).
- 8. Press *Return*[F7]>*Save Limit Line*[F5] to save the currently selected limit line.



Using this function will also change the position of marker 1 outside of the limit function.

Delete Limit Line

Description	Any one of the 5 limit lines can be deleted.
Activate Correction	1. Press Limit > Edit Limt Lines[F1]>Limit Line[F1] and choose a limit line (limit line 1~5) to delete.
	2. Press <i>Delete Limit Line[F6]</i> . The data from the chosen limit line will be deleted.

Pass Fail Testing

Description	Before pass/fail testing can begin, limit lines for
	the upper and lower limits must first be saved.
	See the page 116.

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Operation	1.	Press Limit >Pass/Fail Test.		
	2.	To set a high limit, press <i>High Limit</i> [F1] and choose one of the limit lines as the upper (high) limit.		
	3.		-	press <i>Low Limit</i> [F2] and lines as the lower limit.
	4.	Press P criteria	-	3] and select the pass
		Criteria	:	All-In, Max-In, Min-In
	5.	Press P	Pass/Fail Test an	d turn the testing on.
	6.	The tes display		s in the bottom of the
		Pass:		PASS
		Fail:		FAIL
Display Icon		ALM (X)		is shown at the bottom of enever testing is turned on.
Note		At least one limit line (high or low) must be turned on to enable testing.		
		maximı	um or minimum	limit is turned off, the 1* display level is set gh or low limit, respectively.
		* +30dI offset	Bm+Ref level of	fset or -120dBm+Ref level

Sequence

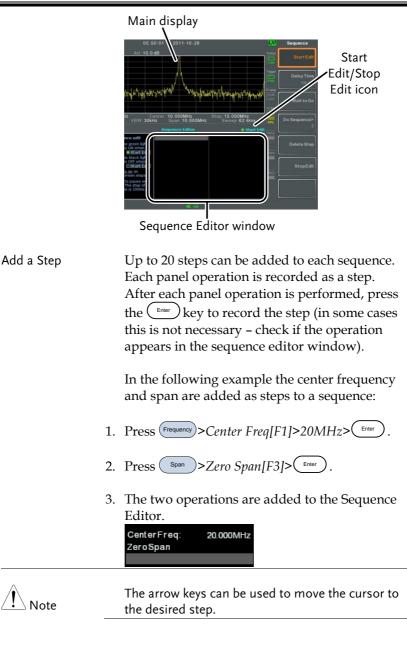
The Sequence function records and plays back user-defined macros, up to 5 sequences are available in repeat or single running mode, each with up to 20 steps. Delays and pauses can also be introduced into a sequence to view measurement results during a sequence. Sequences can also call other sequences to create longer sequences.

The sections below can be used to skip to the relevant section:

- Edit Sequence \rightarrow from page 165
- Run Sequence \rightarrow from page 169

Editing a Sequence

Edit a Sequence	7.	Press (Sequence) > Sequence sequence to edit/creat	
		Sequence:	1~5
	8.	Press <i>Edit</i> [F2]>Start Ed selected sequence.	<i>lit</i> [F1] to start editing the
	•	The display splits into screen shows the main screen shows the Sequ sequence steps. The O Start Edit icon editor window.	screen. The bottom ence Editor with the



Add Delay to Sequence	1	,	ds a delay between steps. and enter the delay time.
	1.	Range:	100ms ~ 10s
	2. •	Press Enter to add the sequence editor. The delay time will be ins Center Freq: 20.000M Zero Span Delay Time: 500	serted as a step.
Note		The arrow keys can be ι the desired step.	used to move the cursor to
Pause Sequence		The Wait to Go function sequence until Continuuseful for observing m moving onto the next	ue[F1] is pressed. This is neasurements before
	1. •	Press Wait to Go[F3]>(Wait to Go will be insert	
		CenterFreq: 20.000MHz ZeroSpan Waittogo	
	2.	When a sequence is ru to resume running the	unning, Press <i>Continue</i> [F1] e sequence.

Insert Sequence	Inserts another sequence into the current sequence.
	 Press <i>Do Sequence</i>[F4]> and select a sequence to insert into the current sequence. <i>The selected sequence will be inserted as a step.</i>
	CenterFreq: 20.000MHz Sequence: 2 ZeroSpan
Note	The current sequence cannot be inserted into itself.
Delete Step	Any step in the Sequence Editor can be deleted.
	1. Use the arrow keys on the front panel to highlight the step you wish to delete.
	CenterFreq: 20.000MHz Span: 10.000MHz RefLevel: 0.00dBm
	 2. Press Delete Step[F5] > to delete the step. The selected step will be removed from the Sequence editor.
	Center Freq: 20.000 MHz Ref Level: 0.00 dBm
Stop Editing	1. Press Stop Edit[F6].

2. The • Start Edit icon turns off.

Save Current Sequence		After a sequence has been edited (and stopped) it can be saved.		
	1.	Press Sequence >Save Sec sequence.	quence[F4] > to save the	
	2.	The selected sequence	e will be saved.	
Delete Current Sequence	1.	Press Sequence [F5] > to delete the current sequence.		
Running a Sequ	enc	e		
Run Mode	1.	Press Sequence > Sequence [F1] and choose a sequence.		
	2.	Press Run Mode[F6] ar	nd toggle the run mode:	
		Single	Runs the sequence once only.	
		Cont.	Runs the sequence continually until Stop Running Sequence[F7] is pressed (Note: the Stop Running Sequence[F7] option only appears when the sequence is running)	

- Run Sequence
 3. Press Run Now[F7] to start running the selected sequence.
 - 4. Press *Stop Running Sequence*[F7] to stop the sequence.
 - In single mode the sequence will stop running when all steps have finished.

Tracking Generator

The tracking generator is a factory installed option that generates a sweep signal with its sweep time and frequency range matching the GSP-930. The amplitude is maintained at a constant value over the entire frequency range. This is useful for testing the frequency response of the DUT.

- Activate the Tracking Generator \rightarrow from page 170
- Normalize the Tracking Generator \rightarrow from page 171

Activate Tracking Generator

Operation

- 1. Press (system) > More 1/2[F7] > Option[F1] > Tracking Generator[F1] > TG[F1] and toggle the tracking generator on.
- The TG OUTPUT will be activated.
- 2. Press *TG Level*[*F2*] to set the output level of the tracking generator.

Range: -50 to 0dBm

3. Press *TG Lvl Offset*[*F3*] to set the offset level of the tracking generator to compensate for system gain/loss.

Range: -10dB to10dB

4. Press *TG Lvl Step*[*F4*] to set the step resolution of the TG level.

Range: 0.5 to 50dB, 0.5dB step

5. Press Power Sweep[F5] to vary the output power of the TG to the rate of the sweep. At the beginning of the sweep, the output power is at the set TG Level and increases/decreases linearly to the set Power Sweep level at the end of the sweep.

Range: -5dB to +5dB

Normalize the Tracking Generator

Background		each sweep with a ref	on subtracts the trace after erence trace. The resultant rmalized reference level.	
Operation	1.		Press System > More 1/2[F7]>Option[F1]>Tracking Generator[F1]>TG[F1] and toggle the tracking generator on.	
		Press <i>Normalize[F6]</i> to menu.	enter the Normalization	
	3.	Press Norm. Ref. Level of the normalized refe	[F2] to set the vertical level erence.	
		Range:	0dB~100dB	
	4.	Press <i>Norm. Ref. Position</i> [F3] offsets the normalized trace on the screen.		
		Range:	10~0 grid divisions. (top to bottom)	

	5. Press <i>Norm.</i> [<i>F5</i>] to toggle the normalized data on/off.	
	Alternatively, press Exe. Norm.[F1] to perform the normalization again.	۱
Note	The normalized data will be turned off automatically if any X-axis related parameters are changed or if the TG output level is changed.	
	The warning message, "Execute Normalization	

The warning message, "Execute Normalization again!" will appear under these circumstances.

Power Meter

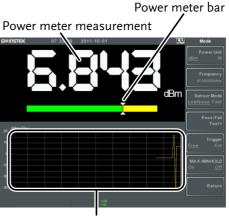
When using the optional power meter, the GSP can measure and log the average signal power level of a DUT from -32dBm ~ +20dBm over an operating frequency range of 1Mhz to 6.2GHz.

- Activating Power Meter Mode \rightarrow from page 173
- Data Logging Power Meter Measurements \rightarrow from page 175

Activating Power Meter Mode

Operation

- Press Mode > Power Meter[F2] to enter the power meter mode.
- 2. The display splits into two screens. The top screen shows the power measurement in dBm or W. The bottom screen shows a graph of the measurements.



Data log of power measurements

3. Press *Power Unit*[F1] and choose the unit:

	Unit	dBm, W
4.	Press <i>Frequency</i> [F2] choose measurement frequency:	
	Frequency Resolution:	1MHz~6200MHz 1MHz
5.		to choose measurement racy) of the power meter:
	Low Noise: Fast:	100ms/sample, typical 30ms/sample, typical
6.	To create pass fail test and set the following	s, press <i>Pass/Fail Test[F4]</i> parameters:
	<i>High Limit[F1]: Low Limit[F2]: Pass/Fail Test[F3]: Pass Icon: Fail Icon:</i>	-100dBm~20dBm -100dBm~20dBm On, Off PASS FAIL
7.	Press <i>Trigger</i> [F5] to to (internal) trigger and	ggle between a free run an external trigger.
	Triggor	Eroo Ext

Trigger:

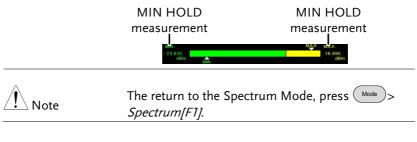
Free, Ext

Ext trigger input:

3.3V CMOS



- 8. Press *MAX/MIN HOLD[F6]* to toggle the MAX/MIN hold measurements on/off in the power meter bar.
- The MIN/MAX measurements will be displayed in the power bar meter in the center of the screen.



Data Logging Power Meter Measurements

Description		analyzer is able t	Meter mode, the spectrum to log the power meter ver a user-defined time period ntervals.
Operation	1.	Press Save to en	nter the save menu.
	2.	Press Type[F2] an	nd select <i>Power Meter</i> [F7].
:	3.	Press Data Source	e[F3] and select Power State[F1].
4		Press <i>PMET Record Option</i> [F4] and set the recording options:	
		Record Stop[F1]:	Sets the recording time for automatic data logging: 00 :00 :00 (continuous) or $00 :00 :01 \sim 23 : 59: 59$
		Record Step[F2]:	1sec ~ 999sec
	5.	Press <i>Save To</i> [<i>F</i> 1] source:	and select a destination
		Register 1~6:	Internal memory registers, these internal registers are not part of local memory
		Local:	Internal memory

	SD Card:	External micro SD card	
<u>∕</u> Note	The micro SD c	ard option will only be available D card is inserted into the front	
	6. After a destina options appear	tion has been selected, recording	
	using the F1~F	The selected file $(3, 0, 0)$ $(3, 0, 0)$ The numeric keypad $(3, 0, 0)$	
	Limitations:No spacesOnly 1~9, A~Z,		
	Name>	J E D C Lowercase d T Y Return Return	
	8. The filename a screen as it is c	ppears on the bottom of the reated.	

 .sol
 .col

 toost
 .col

 Filename

	Press (to confirm setting the filename.
Note Note	If the file name is not user-defined, a file name will be automatically created in the following format:	
	File nam extensio	ne: type_data source_file number.file n
		number parameter is incremented each same file type is created.
ç	9. To start recording power meter measurements press <i>Record Now[F3]</i> .	
		age "SaveFinish!!" will be displayed at the of the screen when the recording has .
Stop Recording	To man Stop[F2]	ually stop the recording, press <i>Record</i>



File Overview

The File function is used for basic file related operations including navigation, sorting coping and deleting. The GSP-930 has a number of different file formats for trace data, limit lines, amplitude correction, sequences and other panel operations. File source and destination locations (local, USB or micro SD) can also be chose with the file function.

- File Type Overview \rightarrow from page 179
- File Types \rightarrow from page 180
- Using the File Explorer \rightarrow from page 181
- Copy Files \rightarrow from page 183
- Move Files \rightarrow from page 183
- Delete Files \rightarrow from page 184
- Rename Files \rightarrow from page 185
- Save Files \rightarrow from page 187
- Recall Files \rightarrow from page 190
- Quick Save \rightarrow from page 192

File Type Overview

Local	The GSP-930 has 16M data to.	B of local memory to save
USB	The GSP-930 can save memory drive.	to an external USB flash
	USB Type:	1.1/2.0
Micro SD	The GSP-930 can save	to a micro SD card.
	Format:	SDSC, SDHC

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File Types

Overview	The file types a file	are listed in order as shown in the
State	State data cont panel operation	ains the state of the each of the ns:
	Frequency	Sequence
	• Span	Trigger
	Amplitude	Marker
	 BW/Avg 	• Marker->
	• Sweep	• Peak Search
	• Trace	• Preset
	• Display	• Mode
	Meas	• System
	• Limit Line	5
	separated valu Center frequency Span Resolution Band Video Bandwidth Reference Level Sweep Time Point number (tr	width 1
Screen	Contains the JI	PEG file of the display (800X600)
Limit Line	The limit line c comma separa • <i>Point number</i>	lata contains the following in ted values:
	• Frequency value	of point
	Magnitude of po	
	Magnitude unit	

Correction	 Correction data contains the following correction (line) data: Point number Frequency value of point Gain offset of point Unit
Sequence	The sequence files contain the sequence number and step operations for that sequence. This data is not designed to be user editable.
Power Meter	 The power meter data contains: Date Time Power in dBm

Using the File Explorer

Connect External Memory			B flash drive or micro SD priate device into the front
Selecting files	1.	Press File Expl	lorer.
	2.	Select memory location	on:
		Local[F1]: USB[F2]: SD Card[F3]:	Internal memory Front panel USB memory. Micro SD card.
	3.	The up/down arrow scroll wheel can be us up/down the file list.	sed to move

	4.		arrow keys can be o the next/previous the file list.
View Files by Type		The file explorer can be configured to only view files of a certain type. For details on file types, please see page 179.	
	1.	Press Type[F2]	and select a file type to view:
		0	All file types can be viewed View state files only View trace files only View screen shots only View limit lines only View correction data only View sequence files only View power meter files only a file type, only those types of ted by the file explorer.
Sort Files	1	name or by dat name.	rted in ascending order by either te. By default, files are sorted by
	1.	Name: Date	3] and choose the sorting type: Sort by alphabetical order Sort by file creation date
Note			icro SD card options will only be a flash drive/SD card is inserted anel ports.

Copy Files		
Description		Files from local memory can be copied to external memory such as USB or micro SD card and vice versa.
Connect External Memory		Insert either a USB flash drive or micro SD card into the front panel connectors.
Selecting files	1.	Press File Explorer.
	2.	Select a file from local or external memory.
	3.	Press <i>Copy to</i> [F4].
	4.	Press <i>Media</i> [F1] and select the destination to copy to (local, USB, SD card).
	5.	Press Copy Now [F2].
	6.	The file is copied to the destination directory.
Note Note		The USB and micro SD card options will only be available when a flash drive/SD card is inserted into the front panel ports.
Move Files		
Description		Files from local memory can be moved to external memory such as USB or micro SD card and vice versa.
Connect External Memory		Insert either a USB flash drive or micro SD card into the front panel connectors.

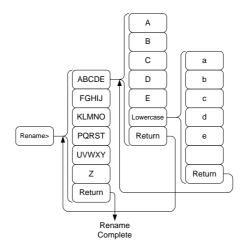
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Selecting files	1.	Press File Explorer.
	2.	Select a file from local or external memory.
	3.	Press Move to[F4].
	4.	Press <i>Media</i> [F1] and select the destination to move to (local, USB, SD card).
	5.	Press Move Now [F2].
	6.	The file is moved to the destination.
Note Note		The USB and micro SD card options will only be available when a flash drive/SD card is inserted into the front panel ports.
Delete Files		
Description		Any files in local memory or external memory such as USB or micro SD card can be deleted.
Connect External Memory		To delete files on a USB flash drive or micro SD card, insert the appropriate device into the front panel port.
Delete File	1.	Press File Explorer.
	2.	Select a file from local or external memory.
	3.	Press Delete[F5].
	4.	Press Delete Now[F1].
	5.	The file will be deleted after <i>Delete Now</i> is pressed.

Delete Warning	1.	To enable a prompt to confirm the deletion of a file, press <i>Delete Warning</i> [F2] and select an option:	
		Don't Ask	No confirmation dialog box will appear when a file is deleted.
		Ask	Will prompt for the user to confirm whether to delete the file or not.
Note			cro SD card options will only be flash drive/SD card is inserted nel ports.
Rename Files			
Description			al memory or external memory micro SD card can be renamed.
Connect External Memory		To rename files on a USB flash drive or micro SD card, insert the appropriate device into the front panel ports.	
Rename File	1.	Press File >File	e Explorer.
	2.	Select a file from	n local or external memory.
	3.	Press Rename[F6	6].
	4.		ected file using the shown below or use $7 \oplus 9 \oplus 10^{\circ}$ (1) $9 \oplus 10^{\circ}$ (2) $9 \oplus 10^{\circ}$

Limitations:

- No spaces
- Only 1~9, A~Z, a~z characters allowed



5. The filename appears in the list as it is renamed.



6. Press $(\underline{}_{\text{Enter}})$ to confirm the renaming of the file.



The USB and micro SD card options will only be available when a flash drive/SD card is inserted into the front panel ports.

Save	Fil	les
Suve		

Description		Any function settings or configurations that have been applied to the spectrum analyzer can be saved using the save key.	
Connect External Memory			a USB flash drive or micro SD ppropriate device into the front
Save File	1.	Press Save to en	nter the Save menu.
	2.	Press <i>Type</i> [F2] an page 179 for deta	nd select a file type to save. See ails on file types:
	3.		State data Trace data Screen shots Limit line data Correction data Sequence files Power meter data e[F3] to select a data source for
		the file type if ne For state data: For trace data: For screen shots: For limit line: For correction: For sequence:	eeded: Local state data Trace1~4 Normal: Screen shot is saved as is Save Toner: inverts the image file color to reduce ink when printing. Limit line 1~5 Correction data 1~5 Sequence 1~5

For power meter: Power meter 1 \sim 5

4. For trace data, press Format[F4] to select the format type to save:

Trace:Save trace data onlyTrace+State:Save trace and state data

5. Press *Save To*[*F1*] and select a destination source:

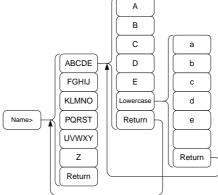
Register 1~6:	Internal memory registers,
	these internal registers are not
	part of local memory
Local:	Internal memory
USB:	External memory
SD Card:	External micro SD card

- 6. After a destination has been selected, the file can be named or saved immediately.
- 7. To name the selected file, press Name[F5]. Name the selected file using the F1~F7 keys, as shown below or use the numeric keypad to enter numbers.:



Limitations:

- No spaces
- Only 1~9, A~Z, a~z characters allowed



8. The filename appears on the bottom of the screen as it is created.



9. Press (Enter) to confirm the naming of the file.

Note Note	If the file name is not user-defined, a default naming scheme will be used. See the note below for details.
	10. To save the selected file type, press <i>Save Now</i> [<i>F3</i>].
	A message "SaveFinish!!" will be displayed at the bottom of the screen when the save is successful.

Note Note		If the file name is not user-defined, a file name will be automatically created in the following format for data files:		
		File name: Typ	e_data source_XX.file extension	
		The image file in the following	e file names will be automatically created owing format:	
		File name: NowPicture_XX.jpg		
		The XX parameter is incremented each time t same file type is created.		
Note Note		The USB and micro SD card options will only be available when a flash drive/SD card is inserted into the front panel ports.		
Recall Files				
Description		Any file that l recalled using	has previously been saved can be g the recall key.	
Connect External Memory			from a USB flash drive or micro t the appropriate device into the orts.	
	1.	Press Recall to	o enter the Recall menu.	
	2.] and select a file type to save. See letails on file types:	
		State:	State data	
		Trace:	Trace data	
		Limit Line:	Limit line data	
		Correction:	Correction data	
		Sequence:	Sequence files	

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	·		1166
		Power meter	Power meter data
	3.	Press <i>Destination</i> the file type:	<i>[F3]</i> to select the destination for
		For State data:	Local state data
		For Trace data:	Trace1~4
		For Limit Lines:	Limit line 1~5
		For Correction:	Correction data 1~5
		For Sequence:	Sequence 1~5
		For Power Meter:	Power meter 1 ~5
Recall File	1.	Press <i>Recall Fron</i> location:	1[F1] and select a source
		Register 1~6:	Internal memory registers, these internal registers are not part of local memory
		Local:	Internal memory
		USB	External USB memory
		SD Card:	External micro SD card
	2.	To Recall the set <i>Now[F1]</i> .	lected file type, press <i>Recall</i>
	3.	U	sh!!" will be displayed at the recall is
Note Note			rro SD card options will only be flash drive/SD card is inserted rel ports.

Quick Save

Description		The $(Save)$ key is a hot key to save files with a single press.		
		The type of file that is saved is pre-configured with the $save$ key.		
		By default, the $\binom{Quick}{Save}$ the key will save screen shots to the local memory or to an external flash drive (if inserted).		
Supported File Types		Screen, trace, state, limit line, correction, sequence.		
Connect External Memory		To save files a USB flash drive or micro SD card, insert the appropriate device into the front panel ports.		
Quick Save Setup	1.	Press the save key and configure the file Type, Data Source and Format. See page 187 for details.		
Using the Quick Save key	1.	Press $\binom{Quick}{Save}$ at any time to save the selected file type using the settings above.		
	2.	A "Save Finish!!" message will shown at the bottom of the screen when the save has been completed.		

Note	The file name will be automatically created in the following format for data files:		
	File name: Type_data source_XX.file extension		
	The image file names will be automatically created in the following format:		
	File name: QuickJpg_XX.jpg		
	The XX parameter is incremented each time the same file type is created.		
Note	The USB and micro SD card options will only be available when a flash drive/SD card is inserted into the front panel ports.		



This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual, downloadable from GW Instek website, www.gwinstek.com

Interface Configuration	
Configure to USB Remote Interface	
Configure GPIB Interface	
Configure the LAN and LXI Interface	
Configure RS232C	
RS232C Remote Control Function Check	
LXI Browser Interface and Function Check	

Interface Configuration

Configure to USB Remote Interface

USB configuration		PC side connector	Type A, host
		GSP side connector	Rear panel Type B, slave
		Speed	1.1/2.0 (full speed/high speed)
		USB Class	USB TMC (USB T&M class)
Panel operation	1.	Connect the USB cable to the rear and panel USB B port.	
	2.		<i>Nore 1/2[F7]>RmtInterface</i> <i>B Mode</i> and toggle the USB mode
Note		It may take a fe	w moments to switch USB modes.

Configure GPIB Interface

To use GPIB, the optional GPIB port must be installed.

Configure GPIB		Ensure the spectrum anlayzer is off before proceeding.
	2.	Connect a GPIB cable from a GPIB controller to the GPIB port on the spectrum analyzer.
	3.	Turn the spectrum analyzer on.

	4.	Press (system) > More 1/2[F7] > RmtInterface Config[F2] > GPIB Addr and set the GPIB address.
		GPIB address 0~30
GPIB constraints		Maximum 15 devices altogether, 20m cable length, 2m between each device Unique address assigned to each device

- At least 2/3 of the devices turned On
- No loop or parallel connection

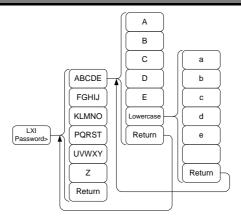
Configure the LAN and LXI Interface

The GSP-930 is a class C LXI compliant instrument. The LXI specification allows instrumentation to be configured for basic remote control or monitoring over a LAN.

For details on the LXI specification and compliance classes, please see the LXI website @ http://www.lxistandard.org.

Background	The LAN interface is used for remote control over a network. The spectrum analyzer supports DHCP connections so the instrument can be automatically connected to an existing network. Alternatively, network settings can also be manually configured.		
LAN configuration Settings	IP Address Subnet Mask DHCP on/off	Default Gateway DNS Server	
Connection	Connect an Ethernet c the network to the rea port.		

Settings	1.	. Press System > More 1/2[F7]>RmtInterface> LAN[F2]>LAN Config[F1] to set the LAN settings:		
			Sets the IP addres Sets the subnet ma	
			Sets the default ga	•
		1 1	Sets the DNS serv Toggles the LAN	er address
			configuration betw and manual settin	
	2.	Press <i>Apply</i> [F6] to configuration set	o confirm the LAN tings.	1
Display Icon		to a LAN a	con turns green whe and will flash if the ation" setting is on,	
Set Password			n the LXI webpage m analyzer. The pa tem information.	
		By default the pa	assword is set to: b	kiWNpwd
	1.		re 1/2[F7]>RmtInt I[F2]>LXIPassword	
	2.	Enter the passwo F1~F7 keys, as sh use the numeric l numbers:	nown below, or	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (
	•	Limitations: No spaces Only 1~9, A~Z, a~	~z characters allowe	d



Menu tree to enter the password

3. The password appears on the bottom of the screen as it is created.



- 4. Press Enter to confirm setting the password.
- Reset LAN It may be necessary to reset the LAN configuration settings before the LAN can be used.
 - 1. Press System >More 1/2[F7]>RmtInterface Config[F2]>LAN Reset[F3] to reset the LAN.
 - 2. The GSP-930 will now automatically reboot.



Each time the LAN is reset, the default password is restored.

Default password: lxiWNpwd

Configure RS232C

Background	The RS232C in with a PC.	terface is used f	or remote control
RS232C	Baud Rate	Stop bit	:: 1 (fixed)
Configuration settings	Parity: none (fix	ed) Data bit	t: 8 (fixed)
Connection		5232C cable from ear panel RS232	
	 Press System > M Config>RS232 I 300 2400 19200 115200 		tInterface set the baud rate. 1200 9600 57600
RS232C Remote	Control Functio	on Check	
Functionality check	(Multi-Threade To check the C	ed TTY). OM port No, se 2 PC. For WinXI	such as MTTTY ee the Device ?; Control panel
	Run this query	command via t has been config	the terminal after gured for RS232

*idn?

This should return the Manufacturer, Model

	number, Serial number, and Firmware version in the following format.
	• GW-INSTEK,GSP-930, XXXXXXXXXXX, V.X.X.X.X
	Manufacturer: GW-INSTEK
	Model number : GSP-930
	Serial number : XXXXXXXXXXXXX
	Firmware version : V.X.X.X
Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

LXI Browser Interface and Function Check

LXI

Functionality check	Enter the IP address of the spectrum analyzer in a web browser after the instrument has been configured and connected to the LAN (page 196).		
	http:// XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX		
	The web browser interface appears:		
Welcome Page	The Welcome Page lists all the LXI and LAN configuration settings as well as the instrument identification. The instrument identification can be disabled from this page.		
	сшилатек.		
	Wekome Page Instrument Welcome Page		
	View & Modify Configuration	Identification	CON © OFF
	SCPI Command	LXI Device Mode	GSP930
	Get Image	Manufacturer	GWINSTEK
		Serial Number	012345678912
		Description	CUURICITER CODO20 679010

G ^W INSTEK.		
Welcome Page	Instrument Welcome Page	
View & Modify Configuration		
	Identification	C ON @ OFF
SCPI Command	LXI Device Mode	GSP930
Get Image	Manufacturer	GWINSTEK
	Serial Number	012345678912
	Description	GWINSTEK-GSP930-678912
	LXI Class	С
	LXI Version	1.3
	Fireware Revision	T.1.0.0.0
	DNS hostname	GSP930-678912
	mDNS hostname	GSP930-678912.local
	MAC Address	00:0E:99:02:51:46
	TCP/IP Address	172.16.20.78
	Instrument Address String	TCPIP0::172.16.20.78::inst0::INSTR



The LXI icon in the GSP-930 display will flash when the Identification setting is turned on.

View & Modify The View & Modify Configuration allows you Configuration to modify the LAN settings from the browser. A password must be entered to alter the settings. Password: lxiWNpwd [Note: password is case sensitive.] LXI INSTEK Apply Undo Change Factory Defaults TCP/IP Configuration Mode
C Manual 172.16.20.78 IP Address Subnet Mask 255 255 128 Gateway • • DNS Server DNS hostname GSP930-678912 GNINSTEK-GSP930-678912 Description Password Change Password (Enter Old Password) (Enter New Password) (Confirm New Password)



If the "Factory Defaults" option is chosen, the password will be reset back to the default password

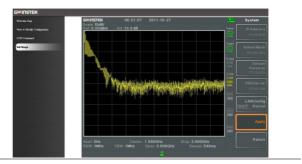
It will also be necessary to manually reset the spectrum analyzer when a message prompts you to do so on the web browser. SCPI Command The SCPI Command page allows you to enter SCPI commands directly from the browser for full remote control. Please see the programming manual for details. A password must be entered before remote commands can be used.

> Password: lxiWNpwd [Note: password is case sensitive.]

GWINSTEK	LXI
Welcome Page	SCPI Command
View & Modify Configuration SCPI Command	Clear Window *RST > *1097 > GMIISTER, GSP30,012345578912,1.0.0.0 *IDN? SYSTERR?
Oet image	STSUERKY
	Enter SCPI command or query
	Write Read Write & Read

Get Image

The Get Image page allows the browser to remotely capture a screenshot of the GSP-930 display.





For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

GPIB/LAN Control Function Check

Functionality check	Please use the National Instruments Measurement & Automation Controller software to confirm GPIB/LAN functionality.	
	See the National Instrument website, http://www.ni.com for details.	
Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.	

Faq

- I connected the signal but it does not appear on screen.
- I want to see which optional items are installed.
- The performance does not match the specification

I connected the signal but it does not appear on screen.

Run Autoset and let the GSP-930 find the best display scale for your target signal. Press the Autoset key, then press Autoset[F1]. For details, see page 59.

I want to see which optional items are installed.

Check the optional items in the system information window. Press the System key \rightarrow System Information[F1]. For details, see page 105.

The performance does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within $+20^{\circ}C^{+}30^{\circ}C$. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

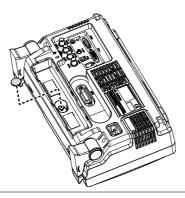
For more information, contact your local dealer or GWInstek at www.gwinstek.com / marketing@goodwill.com.



Replace the Clock Battery

Background	The system clock and wake-up clock keep time using a button battery.	
	Battery type:	CR2032, 3V, 210mAh
Connection 1.	Turn off the GSP-930 a remove the battery co battery (if connected).	ver and

2. Replace the battery with the same type and specification.



Glossary of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
3GPP	3 rd Generation Partnership Project
ACPR	Adjacent Channel Power Ratio
BS	Base Station
CF	Center Frequency
CH BW	Channel Bandwidth
CH SPC	Channel Space
CNR	Carrier to Noise Ratio
CSO	Composite Second Order
СТВ	Composite Triple Beat
DANL	Displayed Average Noise Level
Def.	Default
DL	Down Link
DSSS-OFDM	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum- Orthogonal
	Frequency Division Multiplexing
EMI	Electromagnetic Interference
ERP-CCK	Extended Rate Physical layer- Complimentary Code
	Keying
ERP-DSSS	Extended Rate Physical layer- Direct Sequence
	Spread Spectrum
ERP-OFDM	Extended Rate Physical layer- Orthogonal Frequency
	Division Multiplexing
ERP-PBCC	Extended Rate Physical layer- Packet Binary
	Convolutional Code
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
FDD	Frequency-Division Duplexing
IF	Intermediate Frequency
LOI	Local Oscillator
LPF	Low Pass Filter
LXI	LAN eXtensions for Instrumentation
OCBW	Occupied Channel Bandwidth
PSD	Power Spectral Density
RBW	Resolution Bandwidth
REF	Reference
SEM	Spectrum Emission Mask
SINAD	Signal to Noise and Distortion Ratio
TDD	Time-Division Duplexing

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TG	Tracking Generator
TOI	Third Order Intercept
UE	User Equipment
UP	Up Link
VBW	Video Bandwidth

GSP-930 Default Settings

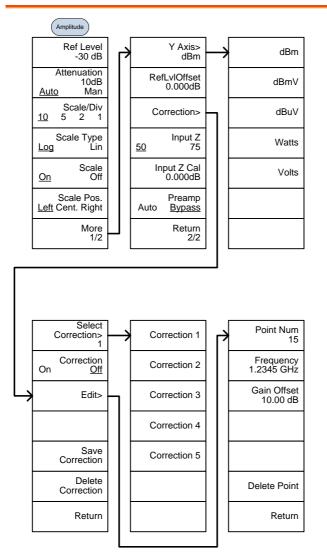
The following default settings are the factory configuration settings for the spectrum analyzer (Function settings/Test settings).

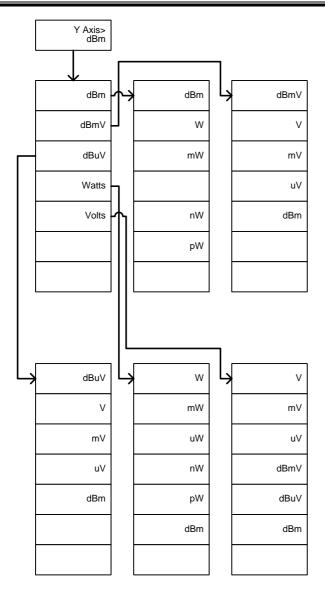
Frequency		
	Center Frequency: 1.5GHz	Start Frequency: 0Hz
	Stop Frequency: 3GHz	CF Step: Auto
	Frequency Offset: 0Hz	
Span		
	Span: 3GHz	
Amplitude		
	Reference level: 0.00dBm	Attenuation: Auto
	Scale Div: 10	Scale Type: Log
	Scale: Off	Y Axis: dBm
	Reference level offset: 0.00dBm	Correction: Off
	Input Z: 50Ω	Input Z calibration: 0.000dB
	Preamp: Bypass	
Autoset		
	Amp.Floor: Auto	Span: Auto
BW/Avg		
	RBW: Auto	VBW: Auto
	VBW/RBW: N/A	Average: Off
	Average Power: Log Power	EMI Filter: Off
Sweep		
	Sweep Time: Auto	Sweep: Continuous
	Gated Sweep: Off	Gate Delay: 50ms
	Gate Length: 540ms	
Trace		
	Activated traces: trace 1	Trace Type: Clear and Write
	Trace Math: Off	Detection: Auto, Normal
Display		
	Window Setup: Spectrum	LCD Brightness: Hi
	LCD Backlight: On	Display Line, -50.0dBm, Off
	~	• •

Meas		
	ACPR: Off	OCBW: Off
	AM Analysis: Off	FM Analysis: Off
	Ear phone Out: Off	NdB BW: Off
	Phase Jitter: Off	SEM: Off
	TOI: Off	CNR/CSO/CTB: Off
Limit Line		
	Limit lines: Off	Pass/Fail Test: Off
Sequence		
	Sequence Off	
Trigger		
	Free Run	
File		
	Type: All	Sort by: Name
Quick Save		
	Type: Screen	Data Source:Normal
Save		
	Type: Screen	Data Source:Normal
Recall		
	Type: State	Destination: Local State
Marker		
	Marker: Off	Data Source:Normal
Marker->		
	N/A	
Peak Search		
	Peak Track: Off	Peak Excursion: 10dB
	Peak Threshold: 50dBm	Peak Table: Off
Mode		
	Mode: Spectrum	
System		
	Language: region dependent	Power On: Preset
	Preset Type: Factory Preset	Alarm Output: Off
		Remote Interface Config
	Option	GPIB Address: 2
	Tracking generator: Off	LAN: DHCP
	macking generator. Off	RS232 BaudRate: 115200
		USB Mode: Host

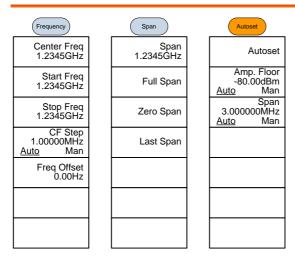
Menu Tree

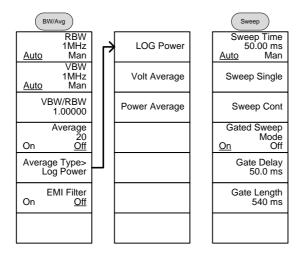
Amplitude



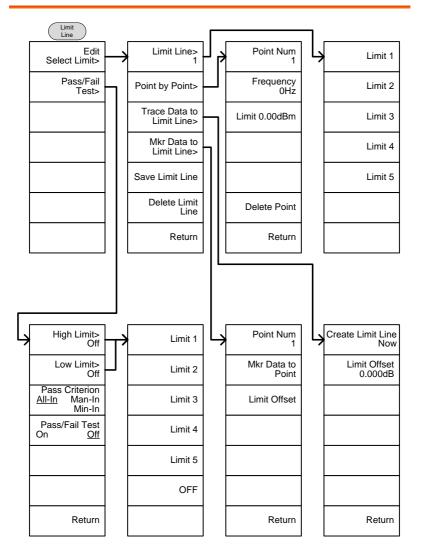


Frequency, Span, Autoset, BW Avg, Sweep

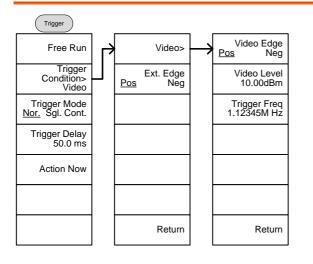


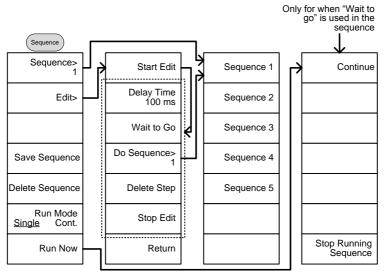


Limit Line

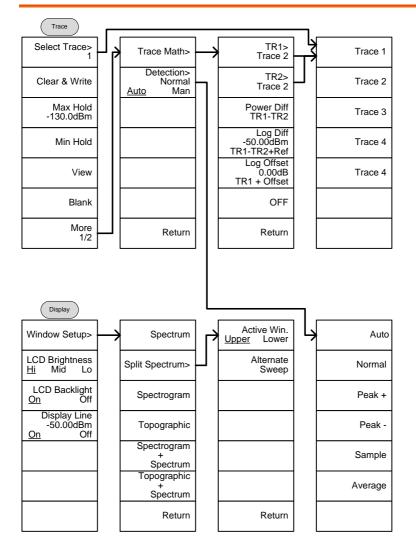


Trigger, Sequence

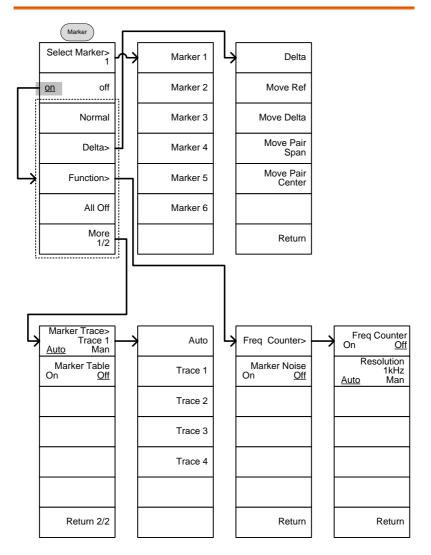




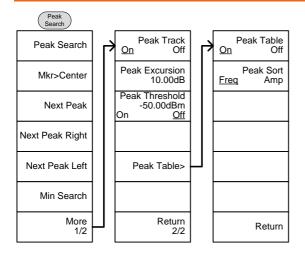
Trace, Display

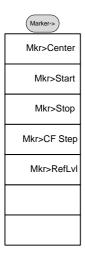


Marker

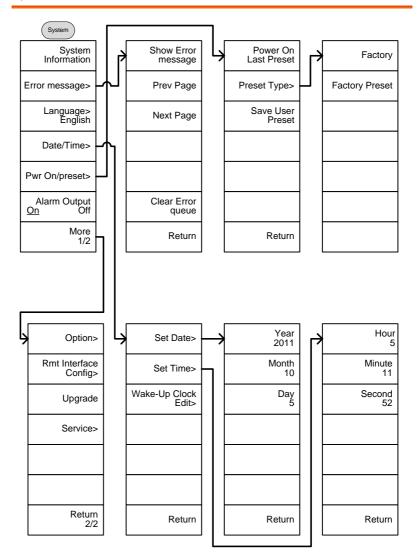


Peak Search, Marker->

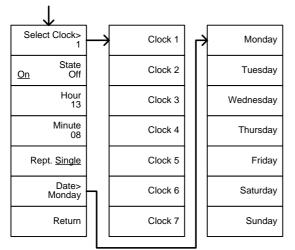




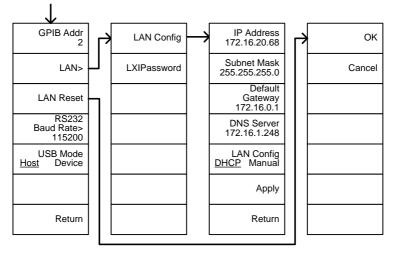
System



From: System>Date/ Time>Wake-Up Clock Edit>

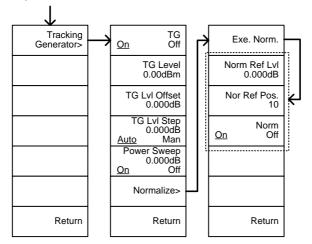


From: System>More 1/2> Rmt Interface Config>

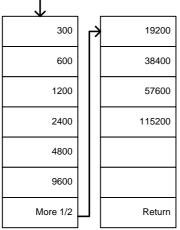


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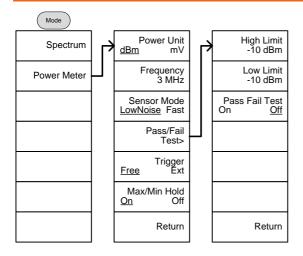
From: System> More 1/2 >Option

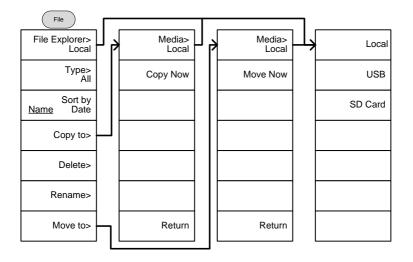


From: System>More 1/2> Rmt Interface Config> RS232 Baud Rate

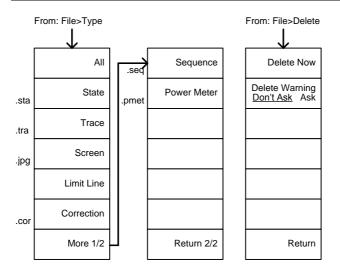


Mode, File

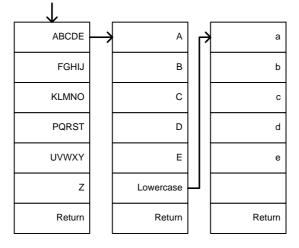




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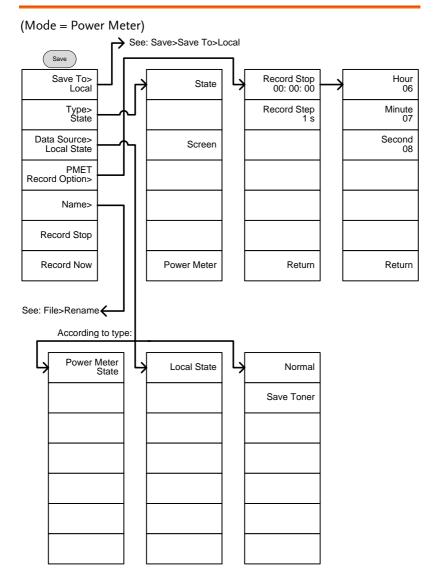




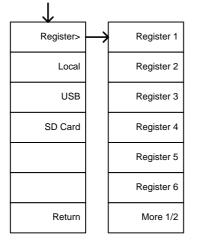


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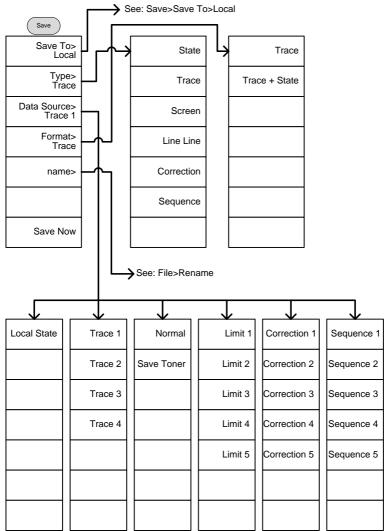
Save



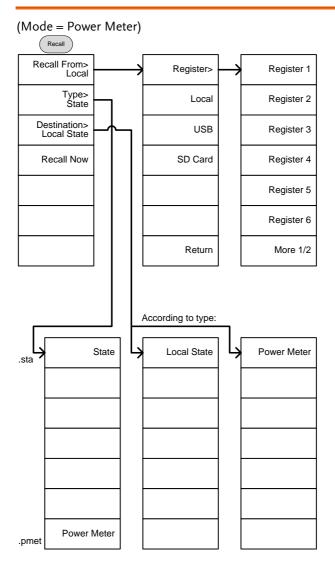
From: Save>Save To>Local



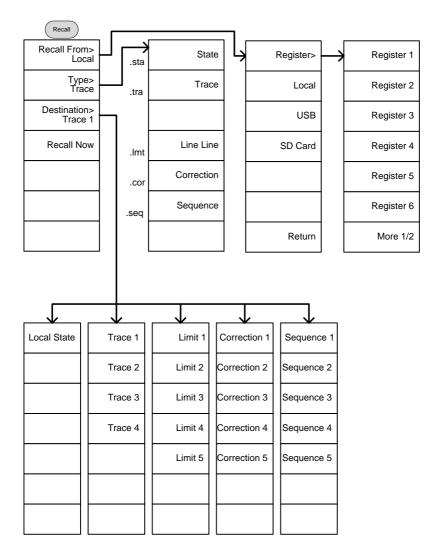
(Mode = Spectrum)



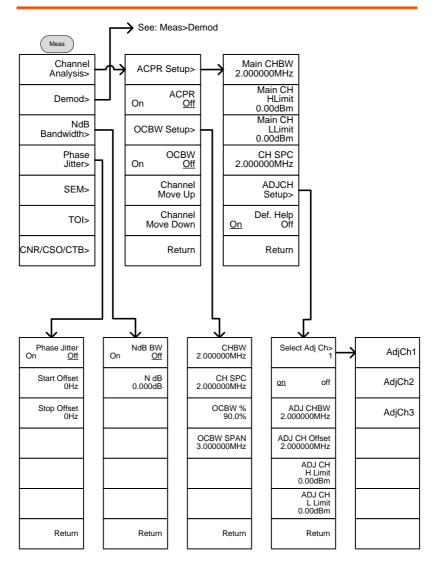
Recall

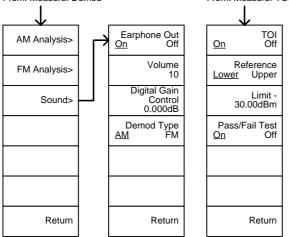


(Mode = Spectrum)



Measure

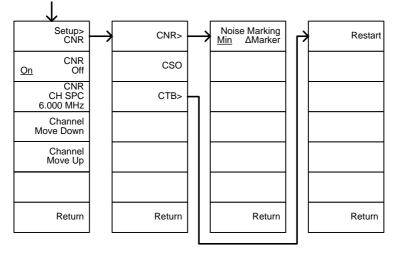




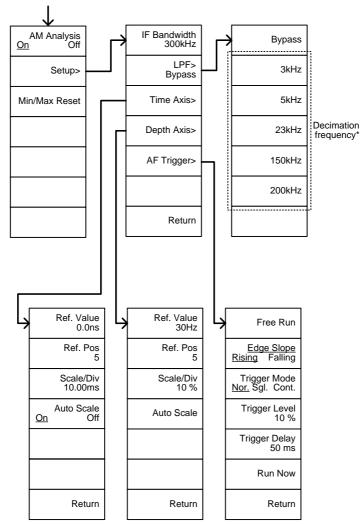
From: Measure>Demod

From: Measure>TOI

From: Measure>CNR/CSO/CTB

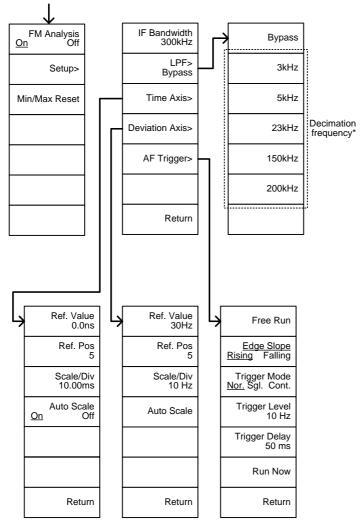


From: Measure>Demod>AM Analysis

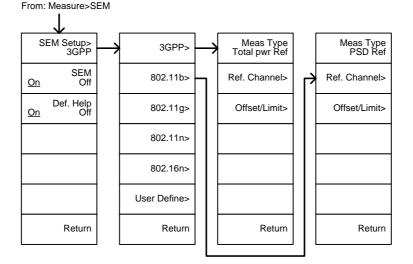


* see page 120 for the selectable LPF filter bandwidths.

From: Measure>Demod>FM Analysis



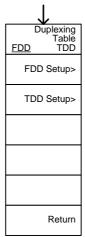
* see page 124 for the selectable LPF filter bandwidths.

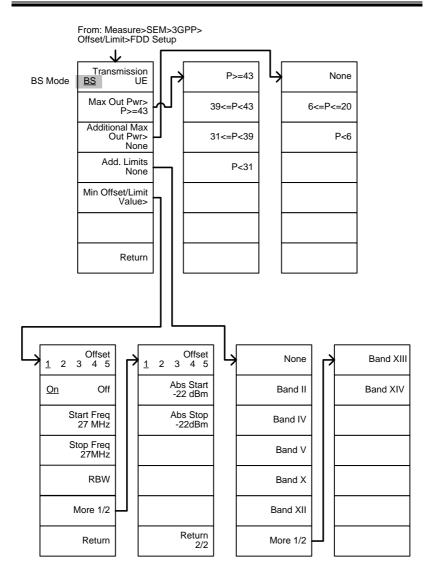


From: Measure>SEM>3GPP> REF. Channel

\downarrow		
Chan Integ BW 3.84 MHz		
Chan Span 3.96 MHz		
RBW 10kHz <u>Auto</u> Man		
Total Pwr Ref -74.3dBm <u>Auto</u> Man		
Return		

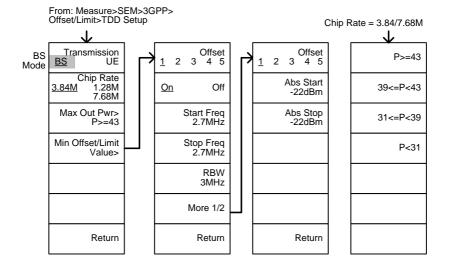
From: Measure>SEM>3GPP> Offset/Limit

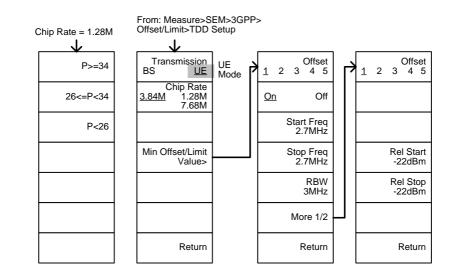




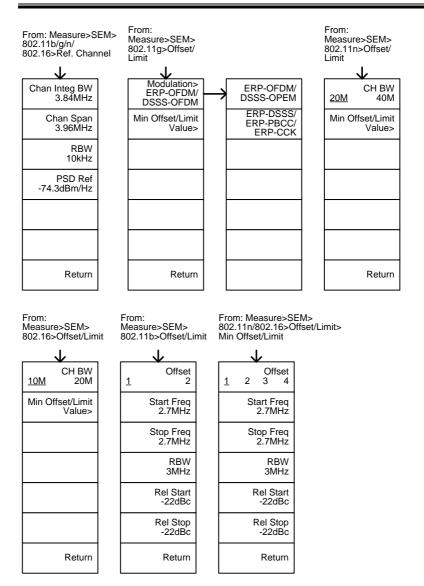
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From: Measure>SEM>3GPP> Offset/Limit>FDD Setup $\mathbf{1}$ Transmission Band XIII None UE Mode BS <u>UE</u> Band II Band XIV Band IV Add. Limits Band V None Min Offset/Limit Value> Band X Band XII Return More 1/2 Offset Offset 2 3 4 5 2 3 4 5 <u>1</u> 7 <u>1</u> Abs Start -22 dBm Start Freq 27 MHz Abs Stop -22dBm Stop Freq Rel Start 27MHz -35dBc Rel Stop -50dBc RBW More 1/2 Return Return





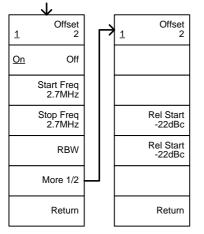
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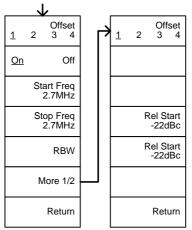
From: Measure>SEM>802.11g> Offset/Limit>Min Offset/Limit

802.11g modulation=DSSS



From: Measure>SEM>802.11g> Offset/Limit>Min Offset/Limit

802.11g modulation=OFDM



From: Measure>SEM> User Define> \mathbf{v} Meas Type> Total Pwr Ref Chan Integ BW 3.84MHz Total Pwr Ref Chan Span 3.96MHz Ref. Channel> PSD Ref RBW Offset/Limit> 10kHz Auto Man Total Pwr Ref -74.3dBm Auto Man Return Return Offset Offset Absolute 23 23 1 4 5 1 4 5 Abs Start On Off Relative -22dBm Start Freq Abs Stop Abs AND Rel 2.7MHz -22dBm Stop Freq Rel Start Abs OR Rel 2.7MHz -22dBc RBW Rel Stop -22dBc 10kHz Man Man <u>Auto</u> Couple Fail Mask> More 1/2 Absolute Return Return

GSP-930 Specifications

The specifications apply when the GSP is powered on for at least 30 minutes to warm-up to a temperature of 20°C to 30°C, unless specified otherwise.

Frequency

Frequency			
	Range	9 kHz to 3.0 GHz	
	Resolution	1 Hz	
Frequency F	Reference		
	Accuracy	±[(period since last adjustment X aging rate) + stability over temperature + supply voltage stability	
	Aging Rage	±2 ppm max.	1 year after last adjustment
	Frequency Stability over Temperature	±0.025 ppm	0 to 50 °C
	Supply Voltage Stability	±0.02 ppm	
Frequency F	Readout Accuracy		
	Start, Stop, Center, Marker	±(marker frequency indication X frequency reference accuracy + 10% x RBW + frequency resolution ¹)	
	Sweep points	601	Span > 0
		6 to 601	Span = 0
Marker Free	quency Counter		
	Resolution	1 Hz, 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kH	lz
	Accuracy	±(marker frequency indication X frequency reference accuracy + counter resolution)	RBW/Span >=0.02 ; Mkr level to DNL>30 dB
Frequency S	Span		
	Range	0 Hz (zero span), 100 Hz to 3 GHz	
	Resolution	1 Hz	
	Accuracy	± frequency resolution ¹	

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Phase Noise	Phase Noise				
	Offset from Carrier		Fc =1 GHz; RBW = 1 kHz, VBW = 10 Hz; Average \geq 40		
	10 kHz	<-88 dBc/Hz	Typical		
	100 kHz	<-95 dBc/Hz	Typical		
	1 MHz	<-113 dBc/Hz	Typical		
Resolution Ba	andwidth (RBW) Fil	ter			
	Filter Bandwidth	10 Hz to 3 kHz in 1-3-10 sequence	-3dB bandwidth subtotal: 6 filters		
		10 kHz to 1 MHz, increment in 10% step	-3dB bandwidth; min. RBW = 10 kHz @ zero span		
		200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz	Subtotal: 49 filters -6dB bandwidth		
	Accuracy	± 8%, RBW ≥ 750 kHz	Nominal ³		
		± 5%, RBW < 750 kHz	Nominal		
	Shape Factor	< 4.5:1	Normal Bandwidth ratio: -60dB:-3dB		
Video Bandw	idth (VBW) Filter				
	Filter Bandwidth	1 Hz to 1 MHz in 1-3-10 sequence	-3dB bandwidt		
 Frequency Resolution = Span/(Sweep points - 1) Typical specifications in this datasheet mean that the performance can be 					

exhibited in 80% of the units with a 95% confidence level over the temperature range 20 to 30 °C. They are not covered by the product warranty.

[3] Nominal values indicate expected performance. They are not covered by the product warranty.

Amplitude

Amplitude Range				
Mea	asurement	100 kHz to 1 MHz	Displayed Average	
Ran	ge		Noise Level (DANL)	
			to 18 dBm	
		1 MHz to 10 MHz	DANL to 21 dBm	
		10 MHz to 3 GHz	DANL to 30 dBm	
Attenuator				
Inp	ut Attenuator	0 to 50 dB, in 1 dB step	Auto or manual	
Ran	ge		setup	
Maximum Safe Inp	out Level			
Ave	rage Total	\geq +33 dBm	Input attenuator	
Ром	/er		≥10 dB	
DC	Voltage	± 50 V		

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1 dB Gain Cor	npression		
	Total Power at 1st Mixer	> 0 dBm	<i>Typical</i> ; Fc \geq 50 MHz; preamp. off
	Total Power at the	> -22 dBm	<i>Typical</i> ; Fc \geq 50 MHz;
	Preamp		preamp. on
	'		mixer power level (dBm)= input power (dBm)-attenuation (dB)
Displayed Ave	rage Noise Level (E		
	Preamp off	0 dB attenuation; RBW 10 H 500 Hz; reference level = -42 \geq 40	
	9 kHz to 100 kHz	< -93 dBm,	
	100 kHz to 1	< -90 dBm - 3 x (f/100	-
	MHz	kHz) dB	Nominal
	1 MHz to 10 MHz	< -122 dBm	_
	10 MHz to 3 GHz	< -122 dBm	
	Preamp on	0 dB attenuation; RBW 10 H 500 Hz; reference level = -240	•
	100 kHz to 1	< -108 dBm - 3 x (f/100	
	MHz	kHz) dB	
	1 MHz to 10 MHz	< -142 dBm	Nominal
	10 MHz to 3 GHz	< -145 dBm + 3 x (f/1 GHz) dB	-
Level Display	Range	,	
	Scales	Log, Linear	
	Units	dBm, dBmV, dBuV, V, W	
	Marker Level Readout	0.01 dB	Log scale
		0.01 % of reference level	Linear scale
	Level Display	Trace, Topographic,	Single / split
	Modes	Spectrogram	Windows
	Number of Traces	4	
	Detector	Positive-peak, negative- peak, sample, normal, RMS(not Video)	Can be setup for each trace separately
	Trace Functions	Clear & Write, Max/Min Hold, View, Blank, Average	

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Absolute Amp	litude Accuracy			
	Absolute Point	span 100 kH	0 MHz ; RBW 10 kHz; VBW 1 kHz; Hz; log scale; 1 dB/div; peak 0 to 30°C; signal 0 dBm	
	Preamp off	± 0.3 dB		Ref level 0 dBm; 10 dB RF attenuation
	Preamp on	± 0.4 dB		Ref level -30 dBm; 0 dB RF attenuation
Frequency Res	sponse			
	Preamp off	Attenuation: 30°C	10 dB; Referen	ce: 160 MHz; 20 to
	100 kHz to 2.0 GHz	± 0.5 dB		
	2.0GHz to 3.0 GHz	± 0.7 dB		
	Preamp on	Attenuation: 30°C	0 dB; Referenc	e: 160 MHz; 20 to
	1 MHz to 2.0 GHz	± 0.6 dB		
	2.0GHz to 3.0 GHz	± 0.8 dB		
Attenuation S	witching Uncertaint	у		
	Attenuator setting	0 to 50 dB ir	1 dB step	
	Uncertainty	± 0.15 dB	·	reference: 160 MHz, 10dB attenuation
RBW Filter Sw	itching Uncertainty			
	10 Hz to 1 MHz	± 0.15 dB		reference : 10 kHz RBW
Level Measure	ement Uncertainty			
	Overall Amplitude	± 1.5 dB	20 to 30°C; fre	quency > 1 MHz;
	Accuracy		Signal input 0 Reference leve Input attenuat RBW 1 kHz;	to -50 dBm; I 0 to -50 dBm;
		± 0.5 dB	Typical	

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Spurious Response

501150			
Second Harmonic		Preamp off; signal input -30dBm; 0	
Intercept		dB attenuation	
	+35 dBm	<i>Typical</i> ; 10 MHz < fc < 775 MHz	
	+60 dBm	<i>Typical</i> ; 775 MHz ≤ fc < 1.5 GHz	
Third-order		Preamp off; signal input -30dBm; 0	
Intercept		dB attenuation	
	> 1dBm	300 MHz to 3 GHz	
Input Related	< -60 dBc	Signal level -30 dBm at 1st mixer; 20	
Spurious		to 30°C	
Residual	<-90 dBm	Input terminated; 0 dB attenuation;	
Response		Preamp off	
(inherent)			

Sweep

Sweep Time			
	Range	22 ms to 1000 s	Span > 0 Hz
		50 us to 1000 s	Span = 0 Hz; Min
			Resolution = 10 us
	Sweep Mode	Continuous; Single	
	Trigger Source	Free run; Video; External	
	Trigger Slope	Positive or negative edge	

RF Preamplifier

Frequency Range	1 MHz to 3 GHz	
Gain	18 dB	Nominal
		(installed as
		standard)

Front Panel Input/Output

RF Input

Connector Type	N-type female	
Impedance	50 ohm, nominal	
VSWR	<1.6 :1	300 kHz to 3 GHz;
		Input attenuator ≥ 10 dB

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Power for Option				
	Connector Type	SMB male		
	Voltage/Current	DC +7V / 500 mA max	With short-circuit protection	
USB Host				
	Connector Type	A plug		
	Protocol	Version 2.0	Supports Full/High/Low speed	
MicroSD Sock	ket			
	Protocol	SD 1.1		
	Supported Cards	microSD, microSDHC	Up to 32GB capacity	
Rear Panel Input/Output				
Reference Output				

Reference Out	tput		
	Connector Type	BNC female	
	Output Frequency	10 MHz	
	Output	3.3V CMOS	
	Amplitude		
	Output	50 ohm	
	Impedance		
Reference Inp	ut		
	Connector Type	BNC female	
	Input Reference	10 MHz	
	Frequency		
	Input Amplitude	-5 dBm to +10 dBm	
	Frequency Lock	Within \pm 5 ppm of the	
	Range	input reference frequency	
Alarm Output	:		
	Connector Type	BNC female; Open- collector	
Trigger Input/	Gated Sweep Input	t	
	Connector Type	BNC female	
	Input Amplitude	3.3V CMOS	
	Switch	Auto selection by function	
LAN TCP/IP I	nterface		
	Connector Type	RJ-45	
	Base	10Base-T; 100Base-Tx; Auto	o-MDIX
USB Device			
	Connector Type	B plug	For remote control only; supports USB TMC
	Protocol	Version 2.0	Supports Full/High speed

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IF Output			
	Connector Type	SMA female	
	Impedance	50 ohm	Nominal
	IF Frequency	886 MHz	Nominal
	Output level	-25 dBm	10 dB attenuation; RF input: 0 dBm @ 1 GHz;
Earphone Out	put		
	Connector Type	3.5mm stereo jack, wired for mono operation	
Video Output			
	Connector Type	DVI-I (integrated analog and digital) , Single Link	Compatible with VGA or HDMI standard through adapter
RS232 Interfac	ce		
	Connector Type	D-sub 9-pin female	Tx,Rx,RTS,CTS
GPIB Interface (Optional)			
	Connector Type	IEEE-488 bus connector	
AC Power Input			
	Power Source	AC 100 V to 240 V, 50 / 60 Hz	Auto range selection
Battery Pack (Optional)			
	Battery pack	6 cells, Li-Ion rechargeable, 3S2P	With UN38.3 Certification
	Voltage	DC 10.8 V	
	Capacity	5200 mAh / 56Wh	

General

Internal Data	16 MB nominal	
storage		
Power	<65 W	
Consumption		
Warm-up Time	< 30 minutes	
Temperature Range	+5 °C to +45 °C	Operating
	-20 °C to + 70 °C	Storage
Weight	4.5 kg (9.9 lb)	Inc. all options
-		(Basic+TG+GPIB+Battery)
Dimensions	210 x 350 x 100 (mm)	Approximately
	8.3 x 13.8 x 3.9 (in)	

Tracking Generator (Optional)

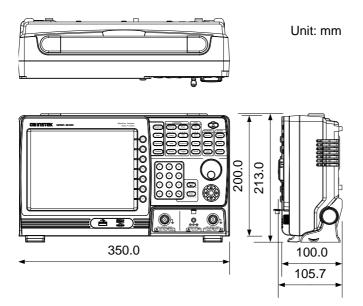
Frequency Range	100 kHz to 3 GHz	
Output Power	-50 dBm to 0 dBm in 0.5 dB steps	
Absolute Accuracy	± 0.5 dB	@160 MHz, -10 dBm,
		Source attenuation 10 dB,
		20 to 30°C
Output Flatness	Referenced to 160 MI	Hz, -10 dBm
	100 kHz to 2 GHz	± 1.5 dB
	2 GHz to 3 GHz	± 2 dB
Output Level	± 0.8 dB	Referenced to -10 dBm
Switching		
Uncertainty		
Harmonics	< -30 dBc	Typical, output level = -10
		dBm
Reverse Power	+30 dBm max.	
Connector type	N-type female	
Impedance	50 ohm	Nominal
Output VSWR	< 1.6:1	300 kHz to 3 GHz, source
		attenuation \geq 12 dB

USB Power Sensor (Optional)

Туре	Average power sens	sor Model: PWS-06
Interface to Meter	USB cable to GSP930 Front-Panel USB Host	
Connector Type	N-type male, 50 ohm nominal	
Input VSWR	1.1:1	Typical
	1.3: 1	Max
Input Frequency	1 to 6200 MHz	
Sensing Level	-32 to +20 dBm	
Max. Input Damage ≥ 27 dBm		
Power		

Power	-30 dBm to +5 dBm:	
Measurement	1 MHz to 3GHz: ±0.10 dB	
Uncertainty	typical	±0.30 dB max.
@ 25 °C	3 GHz to 6 GHz: ±0.15 dB	
	typical	±0.30 dB max.
	+5 dBm to +12 dBm:	
	1 MHz to 3GHz: ±0.15 dB	
	typical	±0.30 dB max.
	3 GHz to 6 GHz: ±0.15 dB	
	typical	±0.30 dB max.
	+12 dBm to +20 dBm:	
	1 MHz to 3GHz: ±0.20 dB	
	typical	±0.40 dB max.
	3 GHz to 6 GHz: ±0.20 dB	
	typical	±0.40 dB max.
Power	-30 dBm to +5 dBm:	
Measurement	1 MHz to 3GHz: ±0.25 dB	
Uncertainty	typical	
@ 0 to 25 °C	3 GHz to 6 GHz: ±0.25 dB	
	typical	
	+5 dBm to +12 dBm:	
	1 MHz to 3GHz: ±0.20 dB	
	typical	
	3 GHz to 6 GHz: ±0.20 dB	
	typical	
	+12 dBm to +20 dBm:	
	1 MHz to 3GHz: ±0.35 dB	
	typical	
	3 GHz to 6 GHz: ±0.30 dB	
	typical	
Linearity @ 25 °C	±3 %	
Measurement	100 ms for Low Noise Typica	
Speed	Mode	
	30 ms for Fast Mode	

GSP-930 Dimensions



Declaration of Conformity

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

No. 7-1, Jhongsing Rd, Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City 236, Taiwan

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT (SUZHOU) CO., LTD.

No. 69 Lushan Road, Suzhou New District Jiangsu, China.

declare that the below mentioned product

Type of Product: Spectrum Analyzer

Model Number: GSP-930

is herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Laws of the Member States relating to the Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (2004/108/EC).

For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive, the following standards were applied:

EN 61326-1 : EN 61326-2-1:	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements (2006)	
EN 61326-2-2:	aboratory use Enterrequirements (2000)	
Conducted and Radiat EN 55011: 2009+A1		Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2: 2009
Current Harmonic EN 61000-3-2: 2006	+A1: 2009+A2: 2009	Radiated Immunity EN 61000-4-3: 2006+A1: 2008+A2 :2010
Voltage Fluctuation EN 61000-3-3: 2008		Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-4-4: 2004+A1: 2010
		Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5: 2006
		Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6: 2009
		Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-8: 2010
		Voltage Dips/ Interrupts EN 61000-4-11: 2004

O EMC

Low Voltage Equipment Directive 2006/95/EC		
Safety Requirements	EN 61010-1: 2010	
	EN 61010-2-030: 2010	

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