Monitoring Relays 3-Phase Load Guard Types DWB01, PWB01







- TRMS load guard relays for three phase balanced applications
- Measuring if the power factor is within set limits
- Measure voltage on own power supply
- Measuring ranges: 5A, 10A, MI current transformers
- Power ON delay 1 to 30 s knob adjustable
- Separately adjustable upper/lower level on absolute scale
- Programmable latching or inhibit at set level
- Automatic and manual start and stop of the system
- Output: 8 A SPDT relay N.D. or N.E. selectable
- For mounting on DIN-rail in accordance with DIN/EN 50 022 (DWB01) or plug-in module (PWB01)
- 45 mm Euronorm housing (DWB01) or 36 mm plug-in module (PWB01)
- LED indication for relay, alarm and power supply ON

Product Description

DWB01 and PWB01 are precise TRMS power factor monitoring relays for 3phase balanced systems. They can be used for monitoring the actual load of asynchronous motors and other symmetrical loads, where the power factor is almost proportional to the

The relay measures the power factor ($\cos \varphi$), that is the ratio between the active and the apparent power of a motor.

Start/stop input allows to use a manual switch to start and stop the motor, without the need of an auxiliary device.

The advantage of using the latch function is that the relay can be kept energized even after the end of the alarm condition. Inhibit function can be used to avoid relay operation when not desired (maintenance, transients).

The LED's indicate the state of the alarm and the output

Ordering key DWB 01 C M48 10A

Housing ————Function ———		T	\Box	T
Type — — — — — — — — Output — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				
Power Supply ———— Range ————				

Type Selection

Mounting	Output	Supply: 208 to 240 VAC	Supply: 380 to 415 VAC	Supply: 380 to 480 VAC	Supply: 600 to 690 VAC
DIN-rail Plug-in	SPDT SPDT	DWB 01 C M23 10A PWB 01 C M23 10A	PWB 01 C M48 10A	DWB 01 C M48 10A	DWB01 C M69 10A

Input Specifications

Input Voltage (Ov	vn power supply):		Measuring ranges Power factor (cos φ)	0.1 to 0.99	Lower level 0.1 to 0.99
3 - phase	DWB01: PWB01:	L1, L2, L3 5, 6, 7		AACrms	Max. curr. (30 s)
	M23: DWB01CM48: PWB01CM48:	208 to 240 VAC ± 15% 380 to 480 VAC ± 15% 380 to 415 VAC ± 15%	Direct input: Standard CT (examples)	0.5 to 5A 1 to 10A	30A 50A
4	DWB01CM69:	600 to 690 VAC ± 15%	TADK2 50 A/5 A TAD2 150 A/5 A	5 to 50 A 15 to 150 A	60 A 180 A
1- phase	DWB01CM23: PWB01CM23:	L1, L2 (connect pins L2, L3) 5, 6 (connect pins 6, 7) 208 to 240 VAC ± 15%	TAD6 400 A/5 A TAD12 1000 A/5 A TACO200 6000 A/5 A	40 to 400 A 100 to 1000 A 600 to 6000 A	480 A 1200 A
Current:	DWB01:	5A, 10A: I1, I2 Ml: U1, U2	MI CT ranges		
	PWB01:	5A, 10A: 11, 10 Ml: 9, 8	MI 100 MI 500	10 to 100 A 50 to 500 A	325 AAC 1000 AAC



Input Specifications (cont.)

Note: The input voltage cannot raise over 300 VAC with respect to ground (PWB01 only)	
Contact input DWB01 PWB01 Disabled Enabled Pulse width	Terminals Z1, U1 Terminals 2, 9 $> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $< 500 \Omega$ $> 500 \text{ ms}$
Hysteresis	PF approx 0.1

Output Specifications

Output	SPDT relay
Rated insulation voltage	250 VAC
Contact ratings (AgSnO ₂) Resistive loads AC 1 DC 12	μ 8 A @ 250 VAC 5 A @ 24 VDC
Small inductive loads AC 15 DC 13	2.5 A @ 250 VAC 2.5 A @ 24 VDC
Mechanical life	≥ 30 x 10 ⁶ operations
Electrical life	\geq 10 ⁵ operations (at 8 A, 250 V, cos ϕ = 1)
Operating frequency	≤ 7200 operations/h
Dielectric strength Dielectric voltage Rated impulse withstand volt.	According to EN 60947-1 ≥ 2 kVAC (RMS) 4 kV (1.2/50 µs)

General Specifications

General Specifican	OHS
Power ON delay	1 to 30 s ± 0.5 s
Reaction time Alarm ON delay Alarm OFF delay	(input signal variation from -20% to +20% or from +20% to -20% of set value) < 200 ms < 200 ms
Accuracy Temperature drift Delay ON alarm Repeatability	(15 min warm-up time) \pm 1000 ppm/°C \pm 10% on set value \pm 50 ms \pm 0.5% on full-scale
Indication for Power supply ON Alarm ON Output relay ON	LED, green LED, red (flashing 2 Hz during delay time) LED, yellow
Environment Degree of protection Pollution degree Operating temperature @ Max. voltage, 50 Hz @ Max. voltage, 60 Hz Storage temperature Housing dimensions DIN-rail version Plug-in version	IP 20 3 (DWB01), 2 (PWB01) -20 to 60°C, R.H. < 95% -20 to 50°C, R.H. < 95% -30 to 80°C, R.H. < 95% 45 x 80 x 99.5 mm 36 x 80 x 94 mm
Screw terminals Tightening torque Approvals	Approx. 250 g Max. 0.5 Nm acc. to IEC 60947 UL, CSA
CE-Marking	Yes
EMC Immunity Emissions	Electromagnetic Compatibility According to EN 61000-6-2 According to EN 61000-6-3

Supply Specifications

Power supply	Overvoltage cat. III	
Rated operational voltage	(IEC 60664, IEC 60038)	
Through terminals:		
DWB01:	L1, L2, L3	
PWB01:	5, 6, 7	
M23	177 to 276 VAC 45 to 65 Hz	
DWB01CM48	323 to 552 VAC45 to 65 Hz	
PWB01CM48	323 to 477 VAC 45 to 65 Hz	
DWB01CM69	510 to 793 VAC 45 to 65 Hz	
Dielectric voltage	None	
Dielectric voltage		
supply to output	4 kV	
Rated operational power		
M23:	9 VA @ 230 VAC, 50 Hz	
M48:	13 VA @ 400 VAC, 50 Hz	
M69:	21 VA @ 600 VAC, 50 Hz	
Supplied by	L1 and L2	

Mode of Operation

DWB01 and PWB01 can be used for monitoring the actual load of asynchronous motors.

The relay measures the absolute value for the power factor of the system PF= Active Power/Apparent Power that is for balanced system with sinus waveforms the cosine of the angle between motor current and motor voltage ($\cos \phi$).

As $\cos \varphi$ varies with the load of the motor, underload and overload can be indirectly detected by DWB01 and PWB01.

The relation between the load and $\cos \phi$ depends on the type of motor. As a

guideline to ensure correct working conditions for a motor, the upper level could be set above the cos φ marking on the motor, and the lower level under this value. It is anyway recommended to make the adjustment in connection with a practical test. The relay has an adjustable power ON delay in order to avoid overload detection during motor start.

Example 1

Latching mode, relay NE In this application DWB01 or PWB01 are connected to an external current metering transformer, type MI..., (connected between U1 & U2) as



Mode of Operation (cont.)

well as to a 3-phase asynchronous motor. The relay energizes as soon as the power supply is applied. After the power ON delay, the unit starts measuring cos ϕ . If $\cos \phi$ is within the setpoints the relay is energized. As soon as the power factor drops below the lower setpoint or exceeds the upper setpoint the output relay releases and the red LED turns on after the set time has expired. To restart the $cos \phi$ measurement, connect Z1 and U1 (2 and 9) or interrupt the power supply for at least 1 s.

Example 2

Non-latching mode, relay NE DWB01 and PWB01 react as described in the previous example 1 except for the automatic reactivation of the relay as soon as $\cos \phi$ is back within the two setpoints. When the measured $\cos \phi$ exceeds the set upper level, the red LED starts flashing. The output relay releases after the set time period. When the measured cos φ drops below the set lower level, the red LED starts flashing, and the output relay releases after the set time period. When the output relay releases there will be no LED indication.

Example 3

1-Phase load monitoring

DWB01CM2310A and PWB01CM2310A can be used for monitoring the power factor of a 1-Phase load with 208 to 240 V AC mains voltage. In this case the power supply has to be connected between L1, L2 (or 5, 6), L2 and L3 (or 6 and 7) have to be connected.

Example 4

Start/stop mode, relay NE In this application DWB01 or PWB01 are directly connected to a 3-phase asynchronous motor. The relav energizes as soon as the power supply is applied and the start/stop contact is closed. After the power ON delay, the unit starts measuring $\cos \varphi$. If $\cos \varphi$ is within the setpoints the relay energizes. As soon as the power factor drops below the lower setpoint or exceeds the upper setpoint the output relay releases and the red LED turns ON after the set time has expired. When the

start/stop contact is opened the relay de-energizes immediately. To restart the system just connect the start/stop contact.

Note 1: to use the start/stop function the output relay has to command a contactor connected in series to the load (see last two wiring diagrams).

Note 2: in case of current below the minimum level the alarm is conventionally ON.

Note 3: (3-phase voltage): connect the 3-phase power supply to the terminals L1, L2 and L3 (DWB01) - 5, 6 and 7 (PWB01) taking care of the sequence.

Function/Range/Level/Time Setting

Select the desired function setting the DIP-switches 1 to 4 as shown on the right. To access the DIP-switches open the plastic cover using a screwdriver as shown on the right.

If DIP switch 3 is set to ON (start/stop) the position of DIP-switch 4 does not affect the products working mode.

Centre knobs:

DWB01

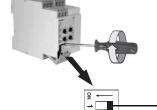
Setting of upper and lower level of $\cos \phi$ 0.1 to 0.99.

COS (

Lower left knob: Setting of delay on absolute scale: 0.1 to 30 s.

Lower right knob:

Setting of power ON delay on absolute scale: 1 to 30 s.



Input current range (terminals I1, I2 or 10, 11)

ON: OFF: 5A/MI input

ON: Relay de-energized in normal condition OFF: Relay energized in normal condition

Relay status

ON: Contact input for start/stop functions Contact input for latch/inhibit functions OFF:

Contact input (SW4 does not affect the working mode if SW3 is ON)

Latch function enable OFF: Inhibit function enable

- 1.DIP-switch 3 set ON enables the start/stop function that is managed by the closingopening of the contact input.
- 2.DIP-switch 3 set OFF enables the input contact for the latch/inhibit functions: the selection between these is allows by the DIP switch 4.

The following table shows how the input contact manages the mode of operation:

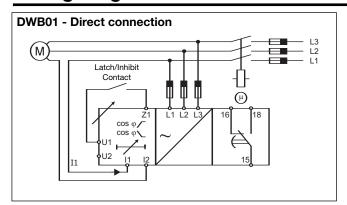
PWB01	
Contact input	
2 5 6 7 cos φ (γ 8 11 10	3

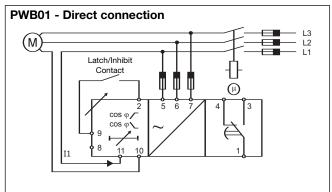
Contact input

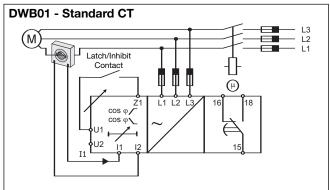
Contact input working mode				
	CLOSED	OPEN		
LATCH	NOT ACTIVE	ACTIVE		
INHIBIT	ACTIVE	NOT ACTIVE		
START/STOP	START	STOP		

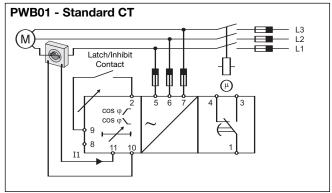


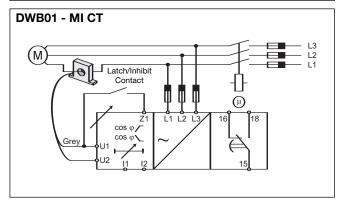
Wiring Diagrams

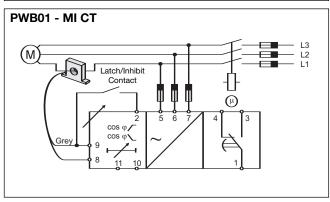


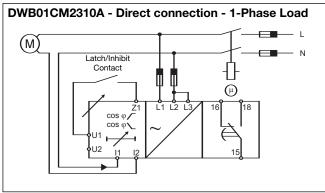


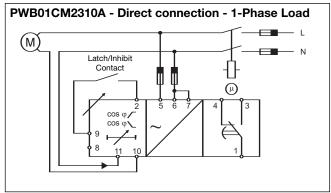








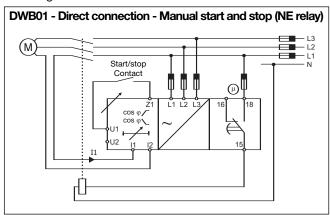


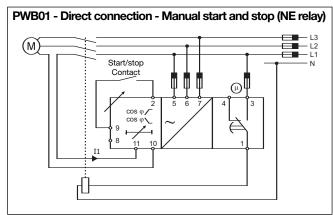




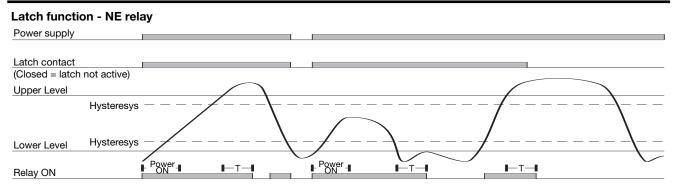
Wiring Diagrams (cont.)

With the start/stop function enabled, it's necessary to use the following wiring diagrams (which are two examples among many others). It is possible for both 3-phase loads and 1-phase loads, either through direct connection or external current metering transformer.

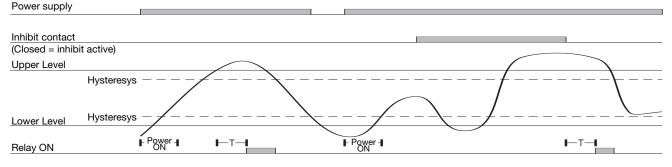




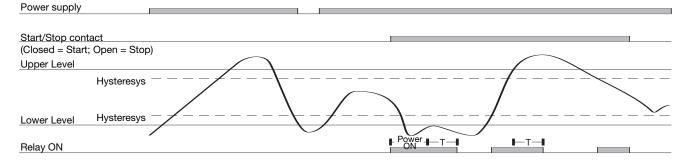
Operation Diagrams



Inhibit function - ND relay



Start and stop function - NE relay





Dimensions

